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(54) Title: DERIVATIVES OF DOLASTATIN			
$  \begin{array}{c}  \text{X} \\    \\  \text{R1} \diagdown \text{N} - \text{CH} - \text{CO} - \text{A} - \text{B} - (\text{D})\text{t} - (\text{E})\text{u} - (\text{F})\text{v} - (\text{G})\text{w} - \text{K} \quad (\text{I}) \\  \text{R2} \diagup  \end{array}  $			
(57) Abstract			
<p>Novel derivatives of dolastatin of formula (I) in which R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, A, B, D, E, F, G, K, X, t, u, v, and w have the meanings stated in the description, and the preparation thereof are described. The novel substances have an antineoplastic effect.</p>			

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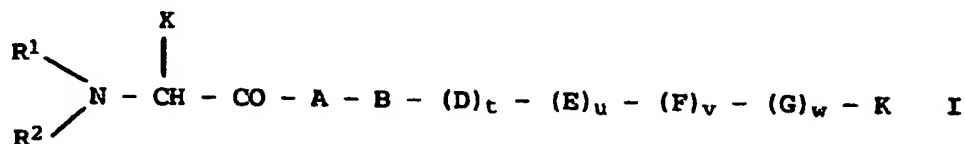
## DERIVATIVES OF DOLASTATIN.

## Description

5 The invention described herein provides novel peptides and derivatives thereof which offer potentially improved therapeutic utilities for the treatment of neoplastic diseases as compared to Dolastatin-10 and -15 (US Patent No 4,879,278, Nov. 7, 1989; US  
 10 Patent No 4,816,444, Mar. 28, 1989). Furthermore, unlike dolastatin-10 and -15 which must be laboriously purified from scarce natural sources, the compounds of this invention may be conveniently synthesized as described in detail below. In addition, Dolastatin-10 is unstable to acid. It was described that even minor  
 15 changes in the structure can cause complete loss of activity (Biochemical Pharmacology, vol. 40, no. 8, 1985-86, 1990).

Compounds of this invention include novel peptides of the formula  
 I

20



25

where

30  $\text{R}^1$  is alkoxy, preferably  $\text{C}_{1-4}$ ; alkyl, preferably  $\text{C}_{1-7}$ ; cycloalkyl, preferably  $\text{C}_{3-6}$ ; alkylsulfonyl, preferably  $\text{C}_{1-6}$ ; fluoroalkyl, preferably fluoroethyl, difluoroethyl, trifluoroethyl, fluoroisopropyl, trifluoroisopropyl; trifluoroacetyl; amidino; ureyl; piperidinosulfonyl; morpholinosulfonyl; benzyloxycarbonyl; alkyloxycarbonyl, preferably  $\text{C}_{1-4}$ ; aminosulfonyl which may be substituted by alkyl, preferably  $\text{C}_{1-5}$ ; hydroxy; arylsulfonyl which may be substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from alkyl (preferably  $\text{C}_{1-4}$ ),  $-\text{N}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ , nitro, halogen and  $\text{CF}_3$ ; benzyl which may be substituted by up to three substituents independently selected from alkyl (preferably  $\text{C}_{1-4}$ ), alkoxy (preferably  $\text{C}_{1-4}$ ), nitro, halogen and  $\text{CF}_3$ ; or  $\text{NR}^3\text{R}^4$  where  $\text{R}^3$  and  $\text{R}^4$  may each be  
 45 either hydrogen or alkyl, preferably  $\text{C}_{1-4}$ ;

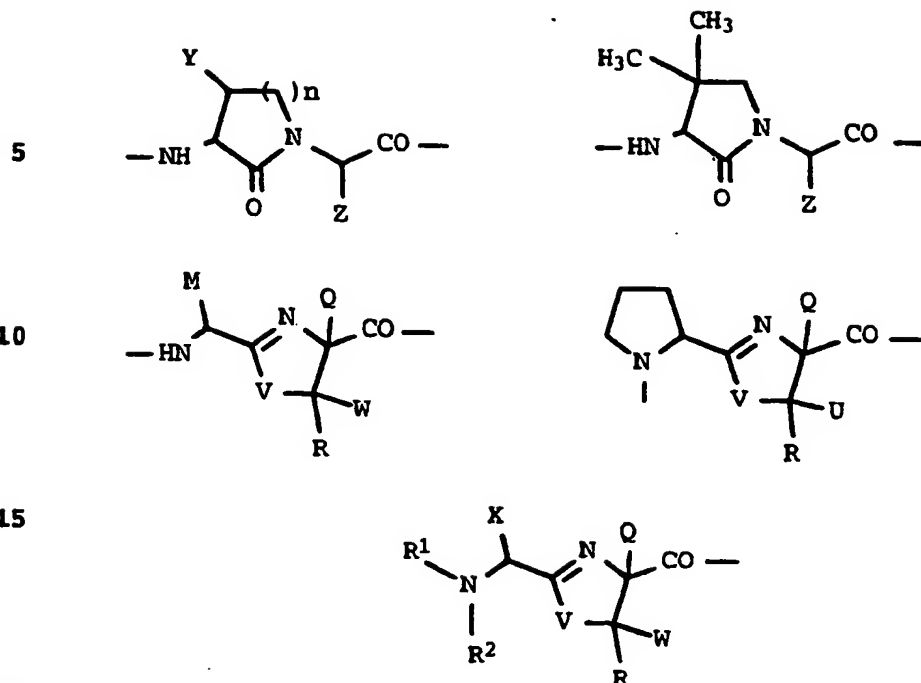
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- R<sup>2</sup>** is hydrogen; alkyl, preferably C<sub>1-4</sub>; fluoroalkyl, preferably fluoroethyl, difluoroethyl, trifluoroethyl, fluoroisopropyl, trifluoroisopropyl; cycloalkyl, preferably C<sub>3-7</sub>; acyl, preferably C<sub>1-8</sub>; benzoyl or benzyl both of which may be substituted by up to three substituents independently selected from nitro, halogen, CF<sub>3</sub>, alkyl (preferably C<sub>1-4</sub>) and alkoxy (preferably C<sub>1-4</sub>)
- 5**
- 10 R<sup>1</sup>-N-R<sup>2</sup>** together may be phthalimido, a 5- or 6-membered heterocycle which may be unsubstituted or substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from phenyl, benzyl, alkyl (preferably C<sub>1-4</sub>), N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, nitro, thienyl, CONH<sub>2</sub> and COOEt;
- 15**
- A** is a valyl, isoleucyl, leucyl, allo-isoleucyl, α-aminoisobutanoyl, 3-tert-butylalanyl, 2-tert-butylglycyl, 3-cyclohexylalanyl, 2,4-diaminobutanoyl, ornithyl, lysyl, 2-ethylglycyl, 2-cyclohexylglycyl, lysyl or arginyl residue;
- 20**
- B** is a N-alkyl-valyl, -leucyl, -isoleucyl, -2-tert-butylglycyl, -3-tert-butylalanyl, -3-cyclohexylalanyl, -phenylalanyl, -2-ethylglycyl, -norleucyl or -2-cyclohexylglycyl residue where N-alkyl is preferably N-methyl or N-ethyl;
- 25**
- D, E, F and G** are independently selected from the group consisting of prolyl, homo-prolyl, hydroxyprolyl, thiazolidinyl-4-carbonyl, 1-aminopentyl-1-carbonyl, valyl, 2-tert-butylglycyl, isoleucyl, leucyl, 3-cyclohexylalanyl, phenylalanyl, N-methylphenylalanyl, tetrahydroisoquinolyl-2-carbonyl, 3-thiazolylalanyl, 3-thienylalanyl, histidyl, 1-aminoindyl-1-carbonyl, 2,4-diaminobutanoyl, arginyl, 3-pyridylalanyl, 3-tert-butylalanyl, 2-cyclohexylglycyl, lysyl, norleucyl and 3-naphthylalanyl residues
- 30**
- 35**
- X** is hydrogen, alkyl (preferably linear or branched C<sub>1-5</sub>), cycloalkyl (preferably cyclohexyl), -CH<sub>2</sub>-cyclohexyl or arylalkyl (preferably benzyl or phenethyl);
- 40**

A and B together, F and G together, R<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup>N-CHX-CO and A together, E and F together, either alone or in pairs, may be



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where

Y is hydrogen or lower alkyl (preferably methyl or ethyl); Z is hydrogen or lower alkyl (preferably C<sub>1-5</sub>); n is 1, 2, or 3; V is oxygen or sulfur; M is hydrogen, lower alkyl (preferably C<sub>1-4</sub>), arylalkyl (preferably benzyl or phenethyl), cyclohexyl, or -CH<sub>2</sub>-cyclohexyl; Q is hydrogen; R is hydrogen or lower alkyl (preferably C<sub>1-3</sub>); or R and Q may together form a bond; U is hydrogen, lower alkyl (preferably C<sub>1-4</sub>), phenyl, or cycloalkyl (preferably cyclohexyl); and W is hydrogen, lower alkyl (preferably C<sub>1-4</sub>) or phenyl;

t, u, v, and w are independently 0 or 1; and

K is hydroxy, alkoxy (preferably C<sub>1-4</sub>), phenoxy, benzyloxy or a substituted or unsubstituted amino moiety;

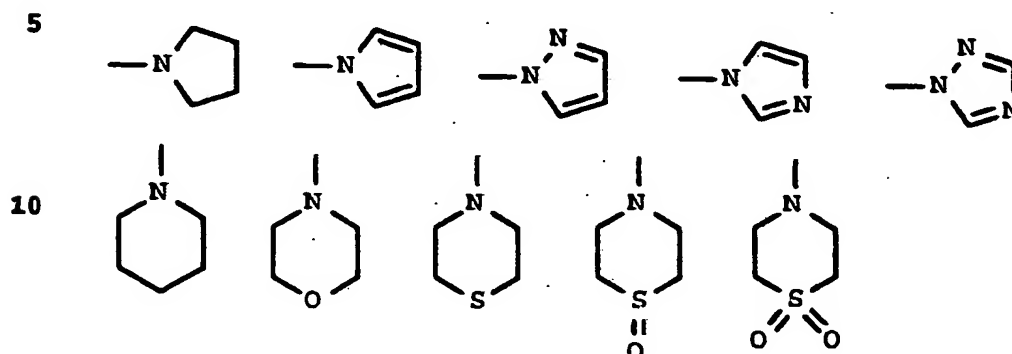
provided that where t, u, v and w are 0, K is not a hydroxy, alkoxy, benzyloxy or phenoxy moiety; and further provided that where t, u and v are 0, K is not a hydroxy or alkoxy moiety;

and the salts thereof with physiologically tolerated acids.

This invention also provides methods for preparing the compounds of formula I, pharmaceutical compositions containing such compounds together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and methods for using same for treating cancer in mammals.

4.

One subclass of compounds of this invention includes compounds of formula I wherein  $R^1-N-R^2$  is phthalimido or a 5- or 6-membered heterocycle of the formula



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which may be unsubstituted or substituted with one or more substituents which may independently be selected from phenyl, benzyl, alkyl (preferably  $C_{1-4}$ ),  $N(CH_3)_2$ , nitro, thienyl, oxo,  $CONH_2$  and  $COOEt$ ;

20

Another subclass of compounds of this invention includes compounds of formula I wherein K is an amino moiety of the formula  $R^5-N-R^6$  wherein

25  $R^5$  is hydrogen, or hydroxy, or  $C_{1-7}$ -alkoxy, or benzyloxy, or  $C_{1-7}$ -alkyl which may be substituted by one or more fluoro atoms, or  $C_{3-7}$ -cycloalkyl, or benzyl which may be substituted by up to three substituents which may independently be  $CF_3$ , nitro,  $C_{1-7}$ -alkylsulfonyl,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, halo-  
30 gen or  $C_{1-4}$ -alkyl

$R^6$  is hydrogen, or  $C_{1-7}$ -alkyl which may be substituted by one or more fluoro atoms, or  $C_{3-7}$ -cycloalkyl, or phenyl (which may be substituted by up to three substituents which may independently be  $CF_3$ , nitro, halogen,  $CONHBzl$ ,  $CON(Bzl)_2$ ,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkyl which may form a cyclic system,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or  $C_{1-7}$ -alkyl-sulfonyl), or  
35 benzyl (which may be substituted by up to three substituents which may independently be  $CF_3$ , nitro, halogen,  $CONHBzl$ ,  $CON(Bzl)_2$ ,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkyl which may form a cyclic system,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or  $C_{1-7}$ -alkyl-sulfonyl), or  
40 naphthyl (which may be substituted by up to two substituents which may independently be  $CF_3$ , nitro, halogen,  $CONHBzl$ ,  $CON(Bzl)_2$ ,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkoxy, benzoxy, phenoxy, or  
45  $C_{1-7}$ -alkyl-sulfonyl), or  
benzhydryl (which may be substituted by up to two substituents which may independently be  $CF_3$ , nitro, halogen,  $CONHBzl$ ,

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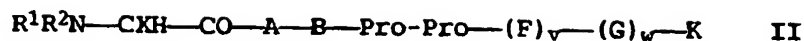
- CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or biphenyl (which may be substituted by up to two substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, CONHBzl,
- 5 CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or triphenylmethyl (which may be substituted by up to three substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy,
- 10 or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or benzhydrylethyl (which may be substituted by up to two substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or
- 15 benzhydrylmethyl (which may be substituted by up to two substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or
- 20 naphthylmethyl (which may be substituted by up to two substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or
- 25 acenaphthyl (which may be substituted by up to two substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or
- 30 acenaphthylmethyl (which may be substituted by up to two substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or
- 35 pyridyl (which may be substituted by up to two substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or
- 40 picolyl (which may be substituted by up to two substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or
- 45 benzothiazolyl (which may be substituted by up to two substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or
- benzisothiazolyl (which may be substituted by up to two substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or
- benzopyrazolyl (which may be substituted by up to two substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or

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tuents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen,  
 CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy,  
 or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or  
 benzoxazolyl (which may be substituted by up to two substitu-  
 5 ents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen,  
 CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy,  
 or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or  
 fluorenyl (which may be substituted by up to two substituents  
 which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, CONHBzl,  
 10 CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or  
 C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or  
 aminofluorenyl (which may be substituted by up to two substi-  
 tuents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen,  
 CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy,  
 15 or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or  
 pyrimidyl (which may be substituted by up to two substituents  
 which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, COOEt,  
 CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl which may form a cyclic system,  
 C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or  
 20 5-membered heteroaryl [which may be substituted by up to  
 three substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro,  
 halogen, cyano, COOMe, COOEt, thiomethyl, thioethyl, thiophe-  
 nyl, picolyl, acetyl, -CH<sub>2</sub>-COOEt, CONH<sub>2</sub>, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>,  
 C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub>-cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-4</sub>-alkylene group forming a bi-  
 25 cyclic system with the heterocycle, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, ben-  
 zoxy, phenyl (which may be substituted by up to four substi-  
 tuents which may independently be nitro, CF<sub>3</sub>, halogen, or  
 C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl), benzyl (which may be substituted by up to four  
 substituents which may independently be nitro, CF<sub>3</sub>, halogen,  
 30 C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, naphthyl, C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl, phenylsulfonyl, or  
 C<sub>1-4</sub>-dialkylamino)], or  
 -CHR<sup>7</sup>-5-membered heteroaryl (which may be substituted by up-  
 to two substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro,  
 halogen, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, COOMe, COOEt, COOCH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, CONH<sub>2</sub>,  
 35 COOBzl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, phenyl, ben-  
 zyl, naphthyl, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl [R<sup>7</sup> = hydrogen, linear  
 or branched C<sub>1-5</sub>-alkyl, benzyl; or R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> together form a  
 group -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>- or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>-].

40 This subclass includes compounds of formula I wherein t, u, v and  
 w are independently 0 or 1; R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup> and X are lower alkyl, A and F  
 are lower alkyl amino acids, B is a N-loweralkylated lower alkyl  
 amino acid; D, E, G and K are as previously defined. With the  
 foregoing in mind, one set of such compounds can thus be depicted  
 45 by the following formula II:

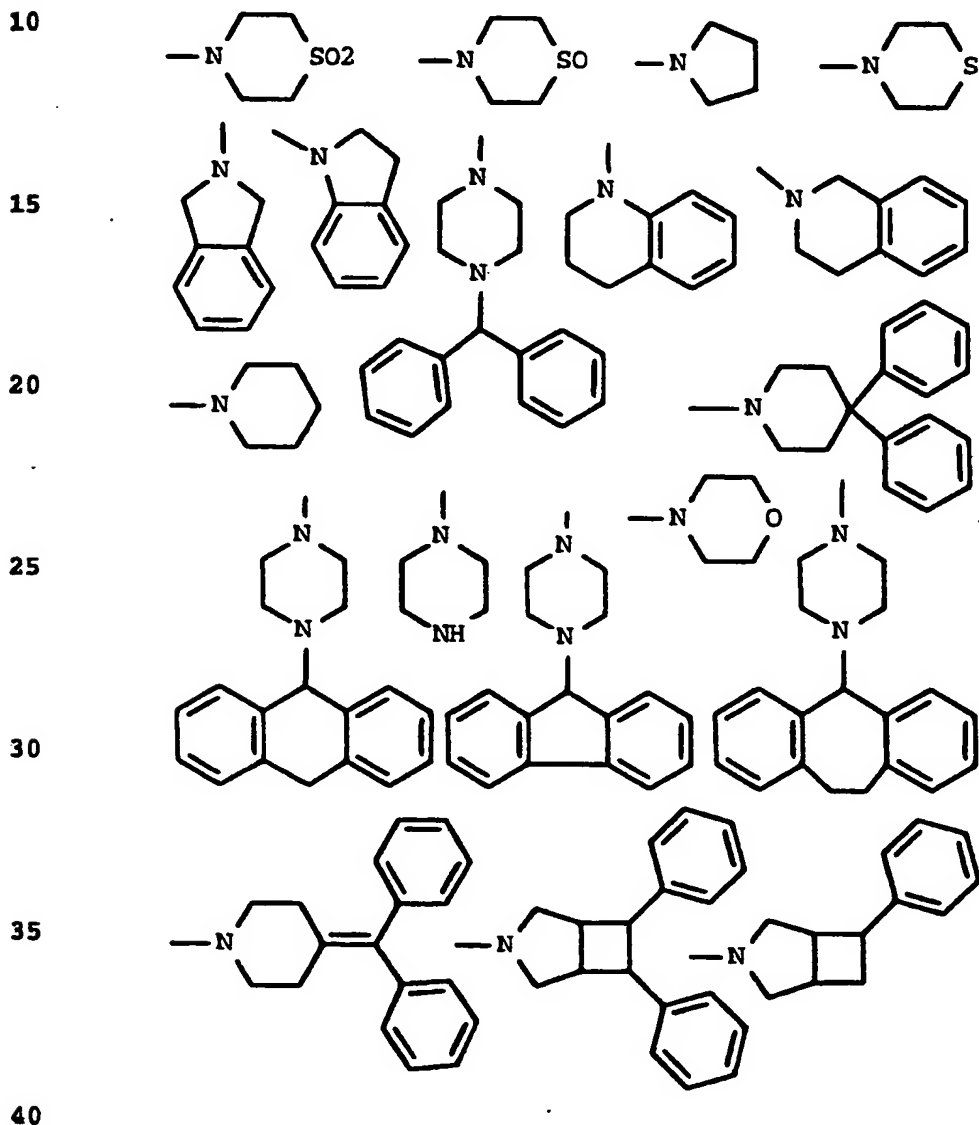
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and another by the following formula III



In another subclass of compounds of this invention  $R^5-N-R^6$  together may form structures selected from the group consisting of



which may be unsubstituted or substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from the group consisting of  $CF_3$ , nitro, halogen, oxo, cyano,  $N,N$ -dimethylamino,  $CONHBzl$ ,  $CON(Bzl)_2$ ,  $C_{1-6}$ -alkyl,  $C_{3-6}$ -cycloalkyl,  $C_{3-4}$ -alkylen group forming a bicyclic system with the heterocycle,

C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, naphthyl, pyrimidyl, COOEt, COOBzl, C<sub>3-6</sub>-cycloalkyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl, thienyl, pyrrolyl, -CH<sub>2</sub>-CO-NCH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>-CO-N(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>-CO-N(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>O, benzyl (which may be substituted by up to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of nitro, halogen, CF<sub>3</sub>, thiomethyl or the corresponding sulfoxide or sulfone, thioethyl or the corresponding sulfoxide or sulfone, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, and C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy), and phenyl (which may be substituted by up to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of nitro, halogen, CF<sub>3</sub>, thiomethyl, thioethyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, and C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy),

Another subclass of compounds of this invention includes for example compounds of formula I wherein t, u, v, and w are zero and K is not an hydroxy, benzoxy, phenoxy or alkoxy moiety.

15

Another subclass of compounds of this invention includes for example compounds of formula I wherein t, u, and v are zero and K is not an hydroxy or alkoxy moiety.

20 Still another subclass of compounds of this invention includes for example compounds of formula I wherein t, u, v and w are 1 and K is a hydroxy, alkoxy, phenoxy or benzyloxy moiety.

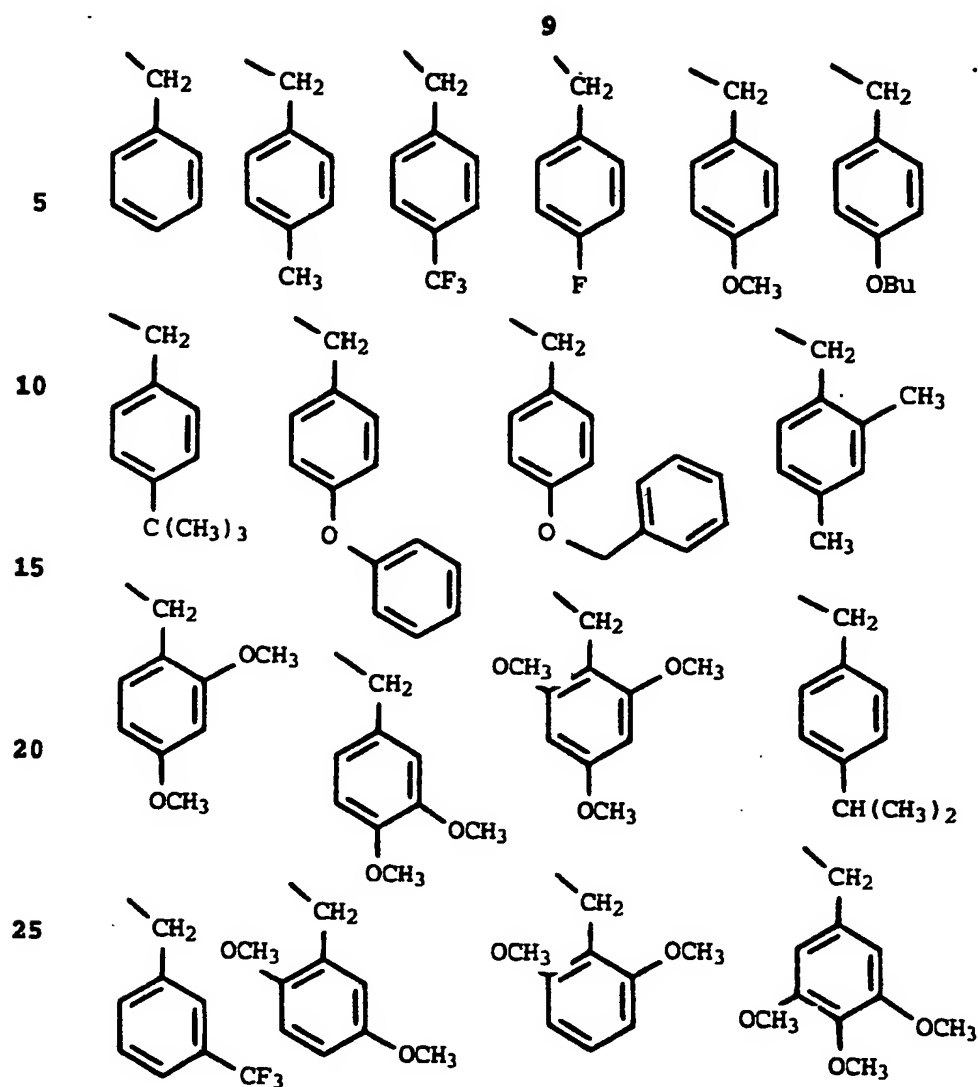
Yet another subclass of compounds of this invention includes for example compounds of formula I wherein t, u and v are 1, w is 0 and K is a hydroxy, alkoxy, phenoxy or benzyloxy moiety.

Another subclass of compounds of this invention includes for example compounds of formula I wherein t and u are 1, v and w are 0 and K is a hydroxy, alkoxy, phenoxy or benzyloxy moiety.

Preferred are compounds of formula I where the substituents have the following meanings:

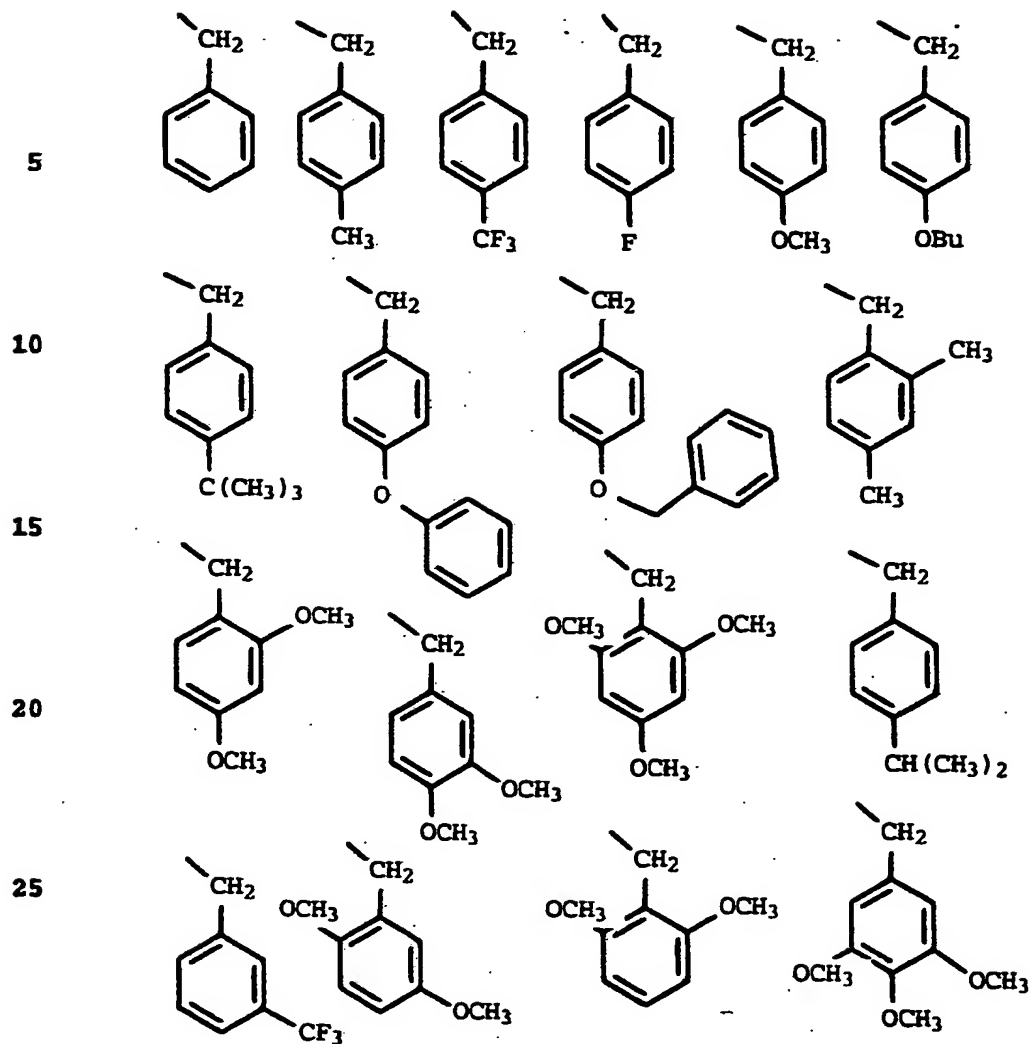
35 R<sup>1</sup> is ethyl, methyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-fluoroisopropyl, trifluoroisopropyl, isopropyl, propyl, butyl, pentyl, cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, ureyl, mesyl, tosyl, naphthylsulfonyl, phenylsulfonyl, 2,4,6-trimethylsulfonyl, benzyloxycarbonyl, tert.butylloxycarbonyl, methyloxycarbonyl, morpholinosulfonyl, tert.butylaminosulfonyl, methylaminosulfonyl, lactyl, trifluoroacetyl, NH<sub>2</sub>, N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, N[CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>]<sub>2</sub>, amidino, CH<sub>3</sub>O-, or one of the residues

45



$R^2$  is hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-fluoroisopropyl, trifluoroisopropyl, isopropyl, propyl, butyl, cyclopropyl, formyl, acetyl, propionyl,  $(CH_3)_2CHCO-$ , pivaloyl, benzoyl or one of the residues

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or  $\text{R}^1\text{-N-R}^2$  together is one of the following residues:

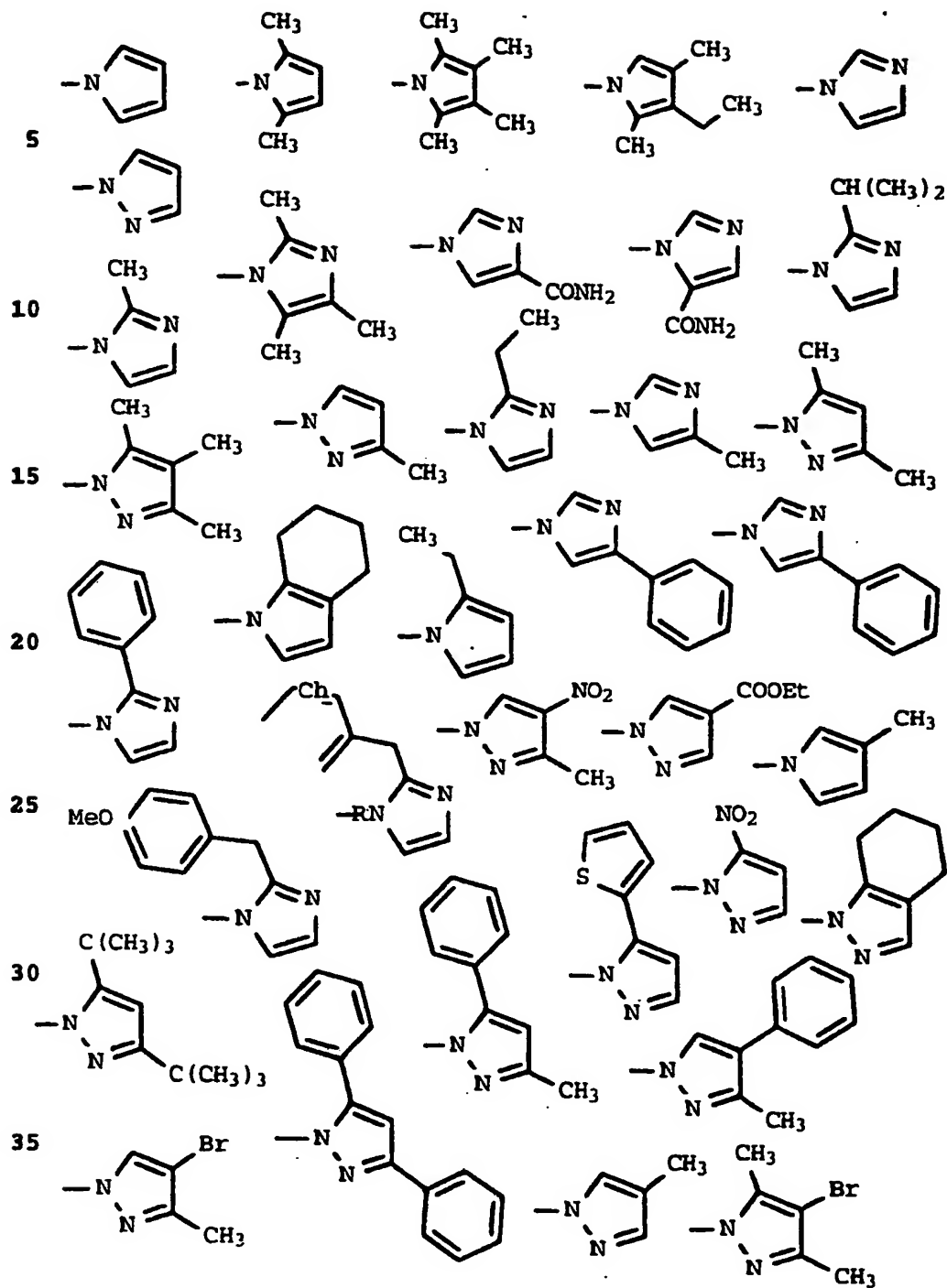
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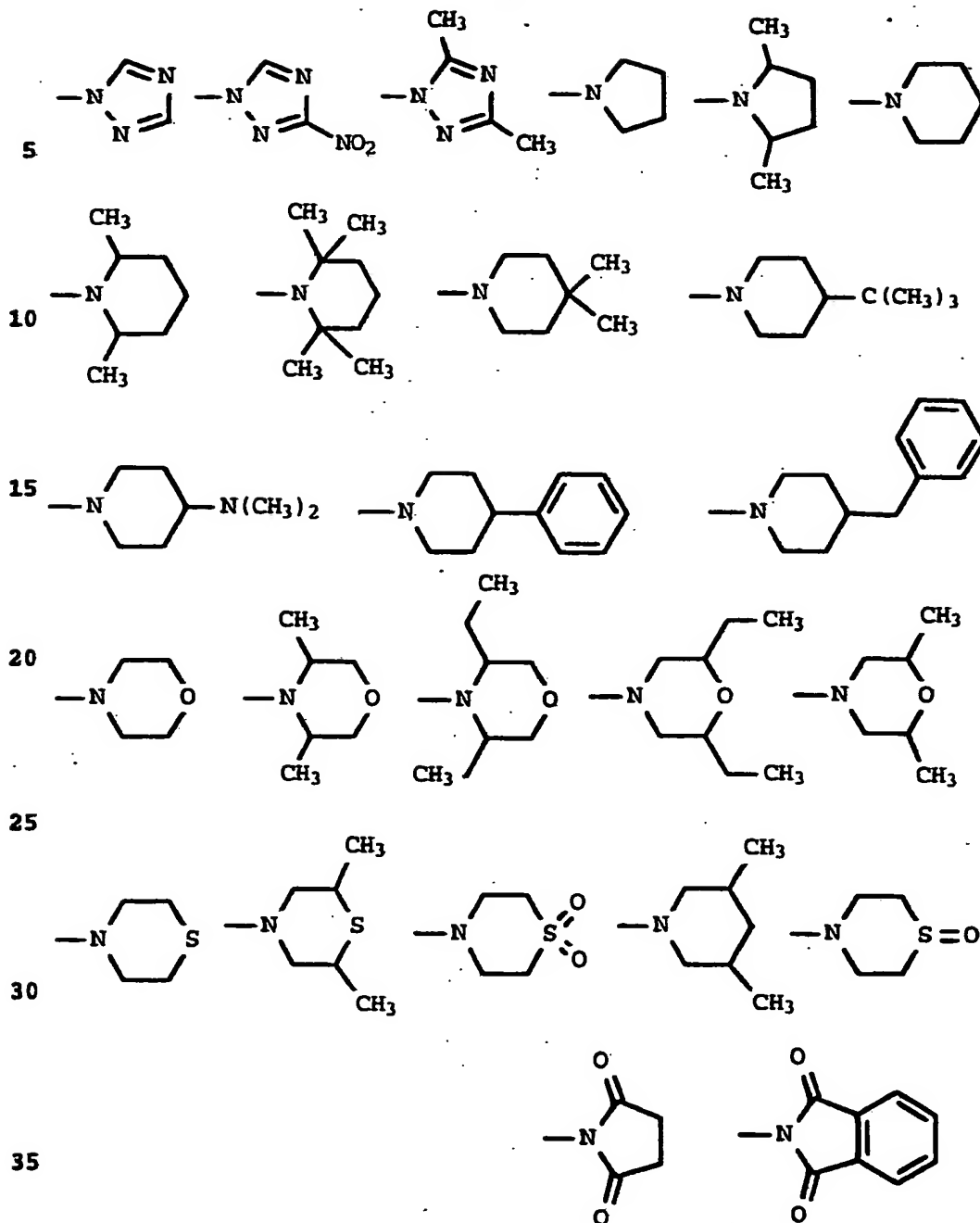
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## 11



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A, B, D, E, F, G and X have the meanings as described above;

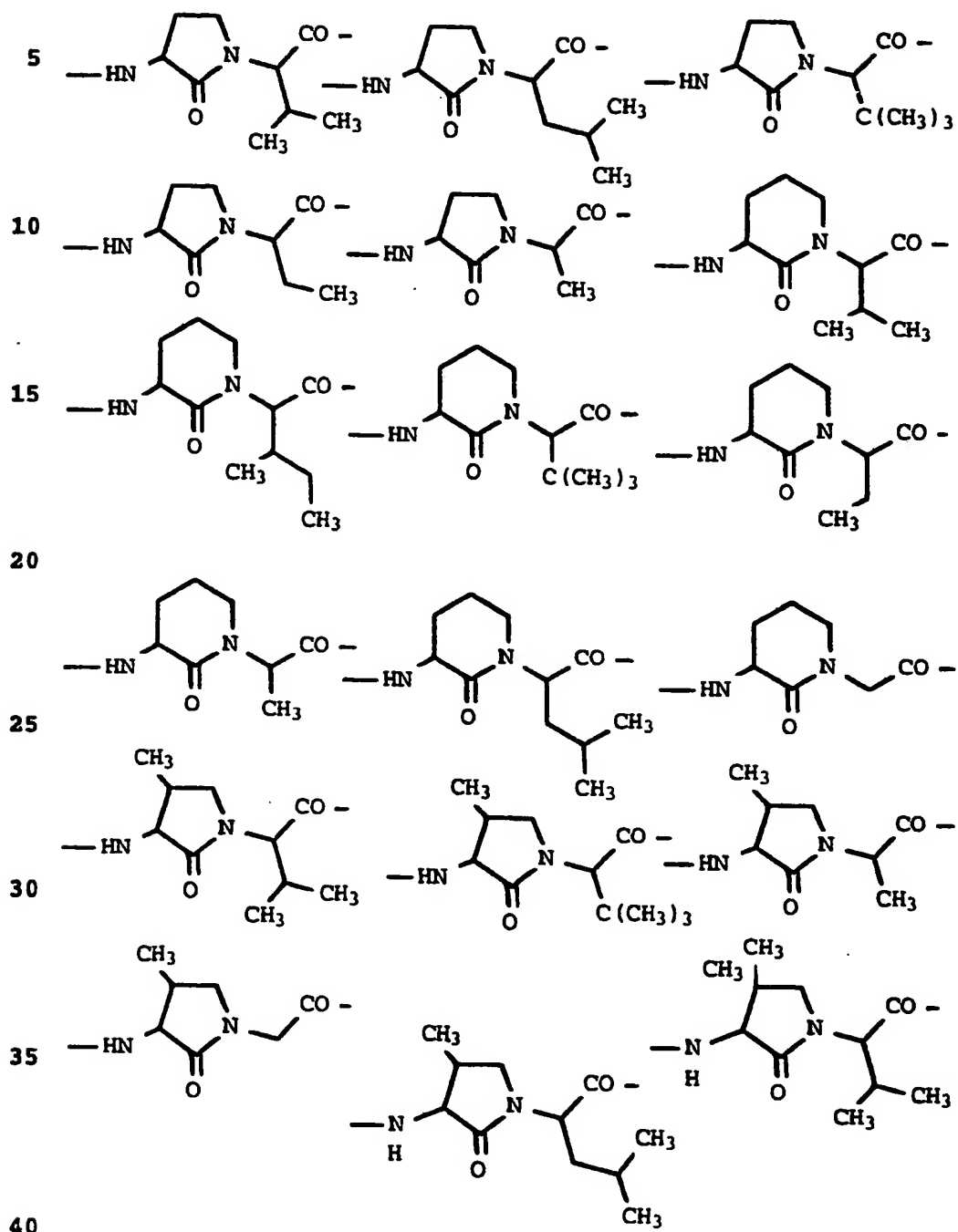
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t, u, v and w are independently 0 or 1;

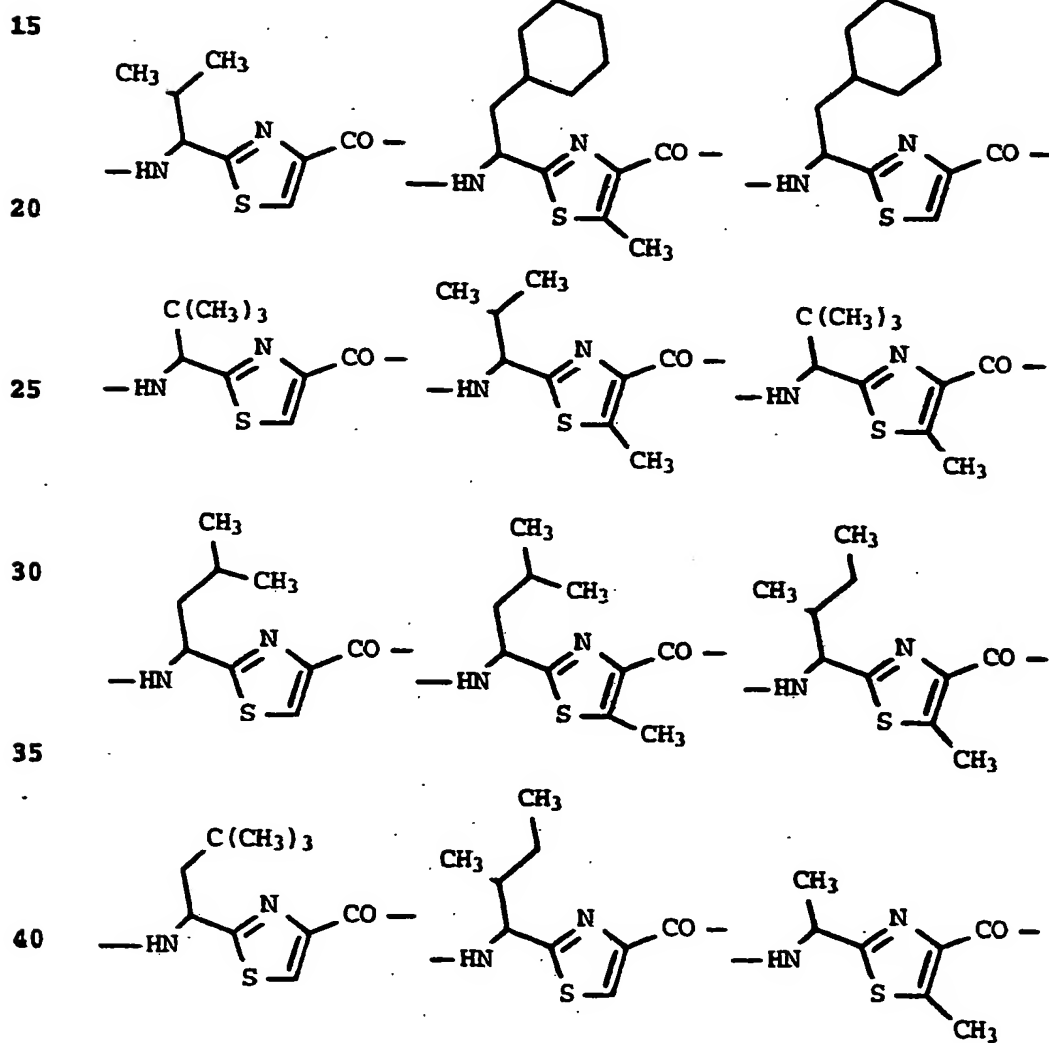
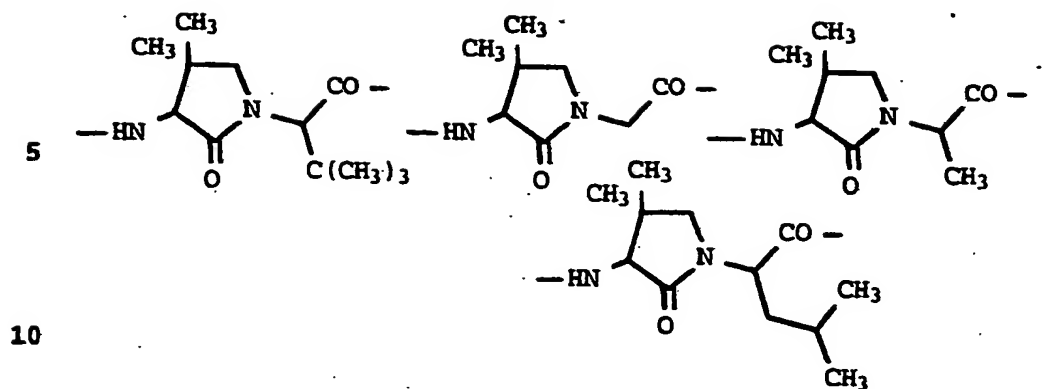
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A and B together are



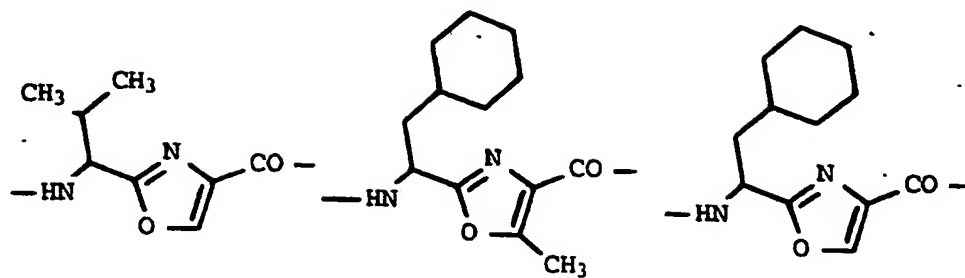
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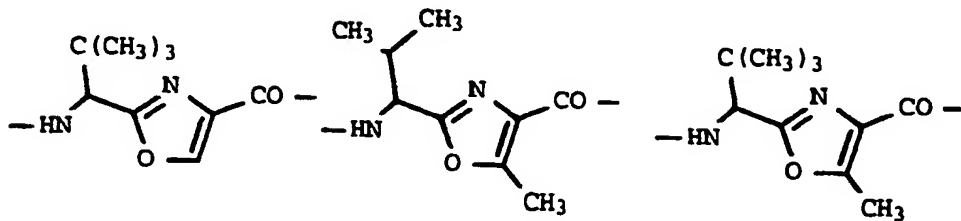
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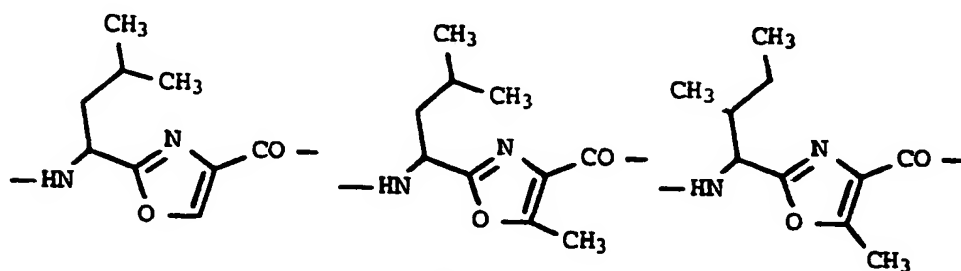


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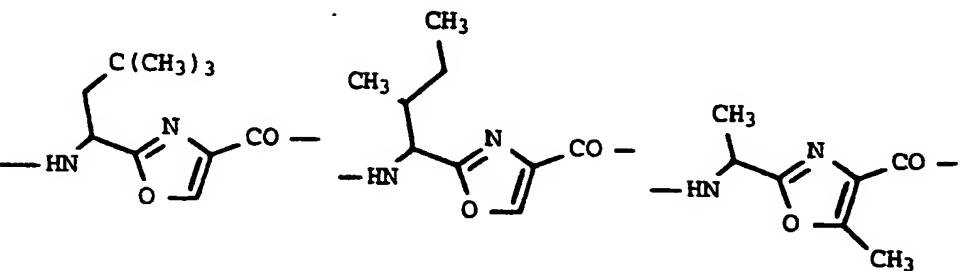


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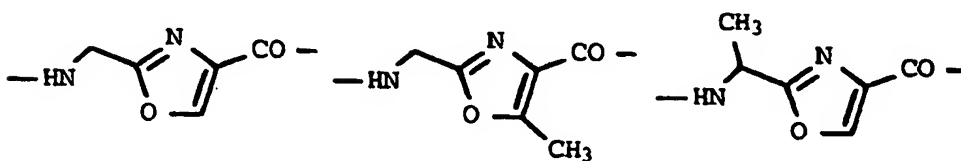
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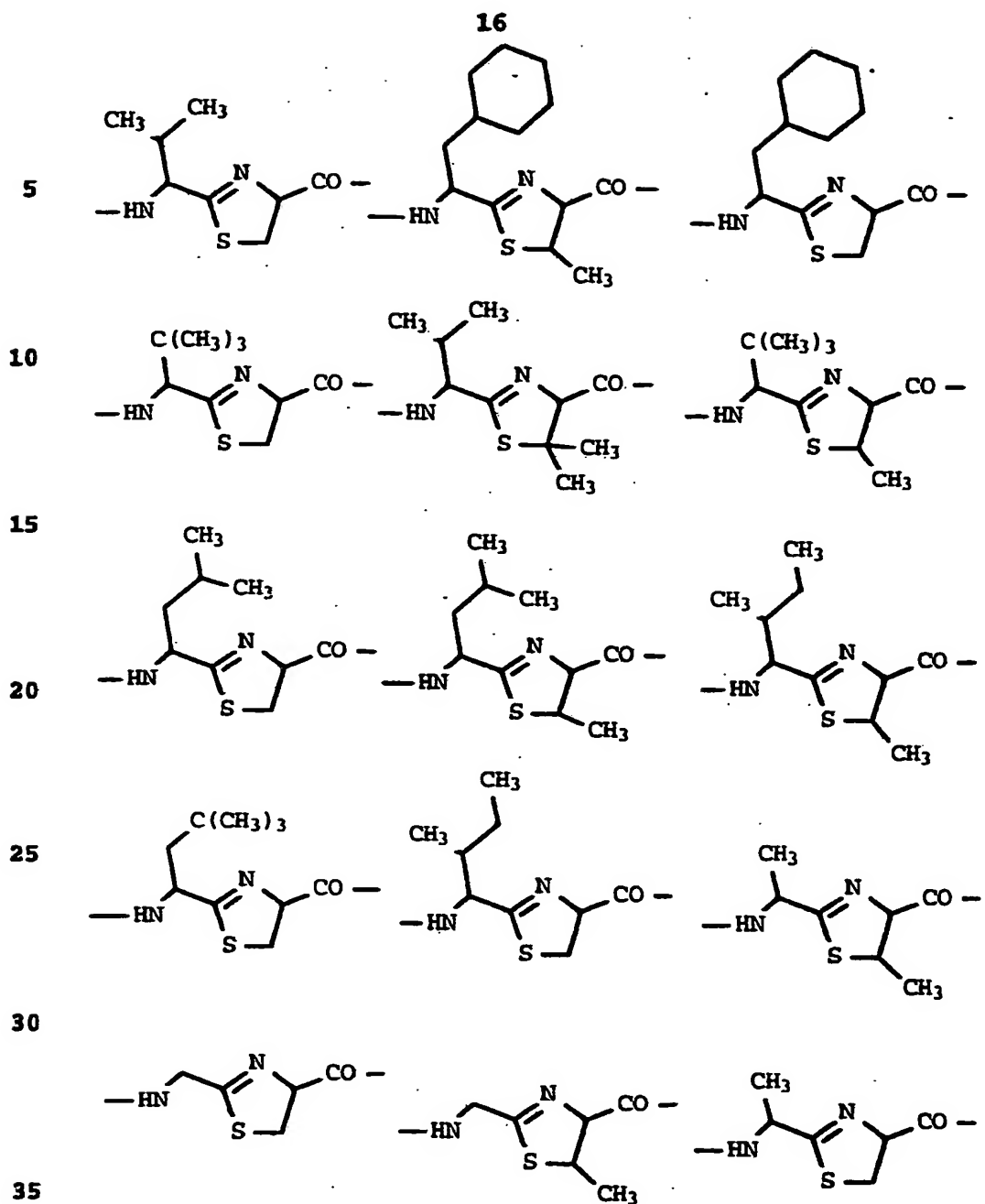
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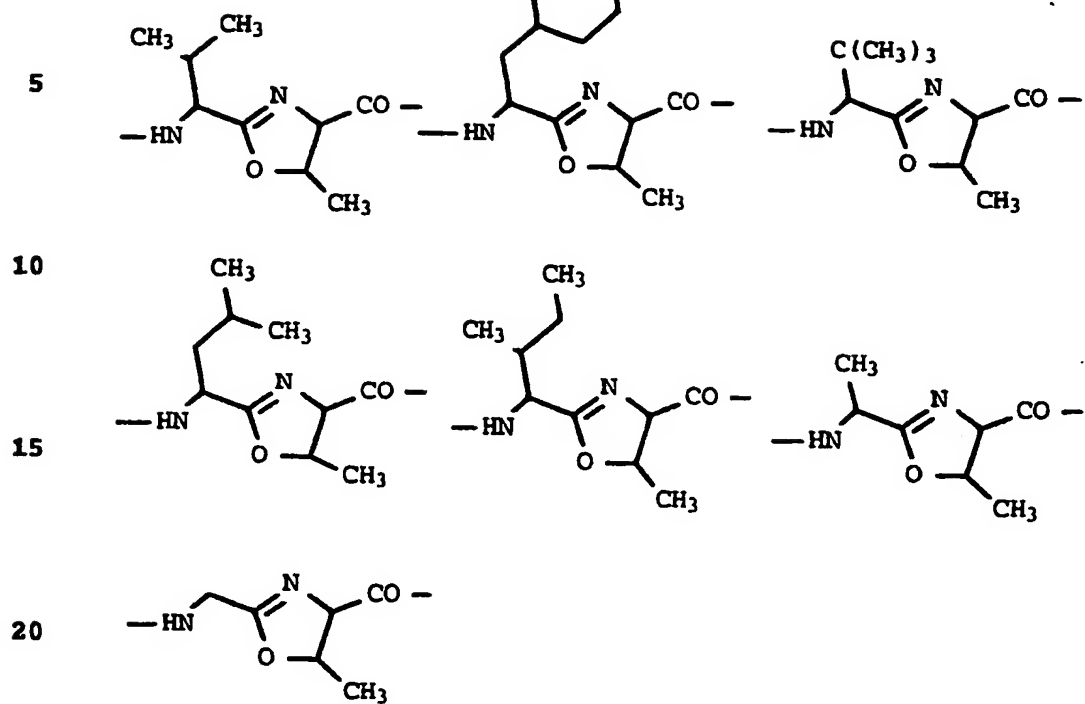
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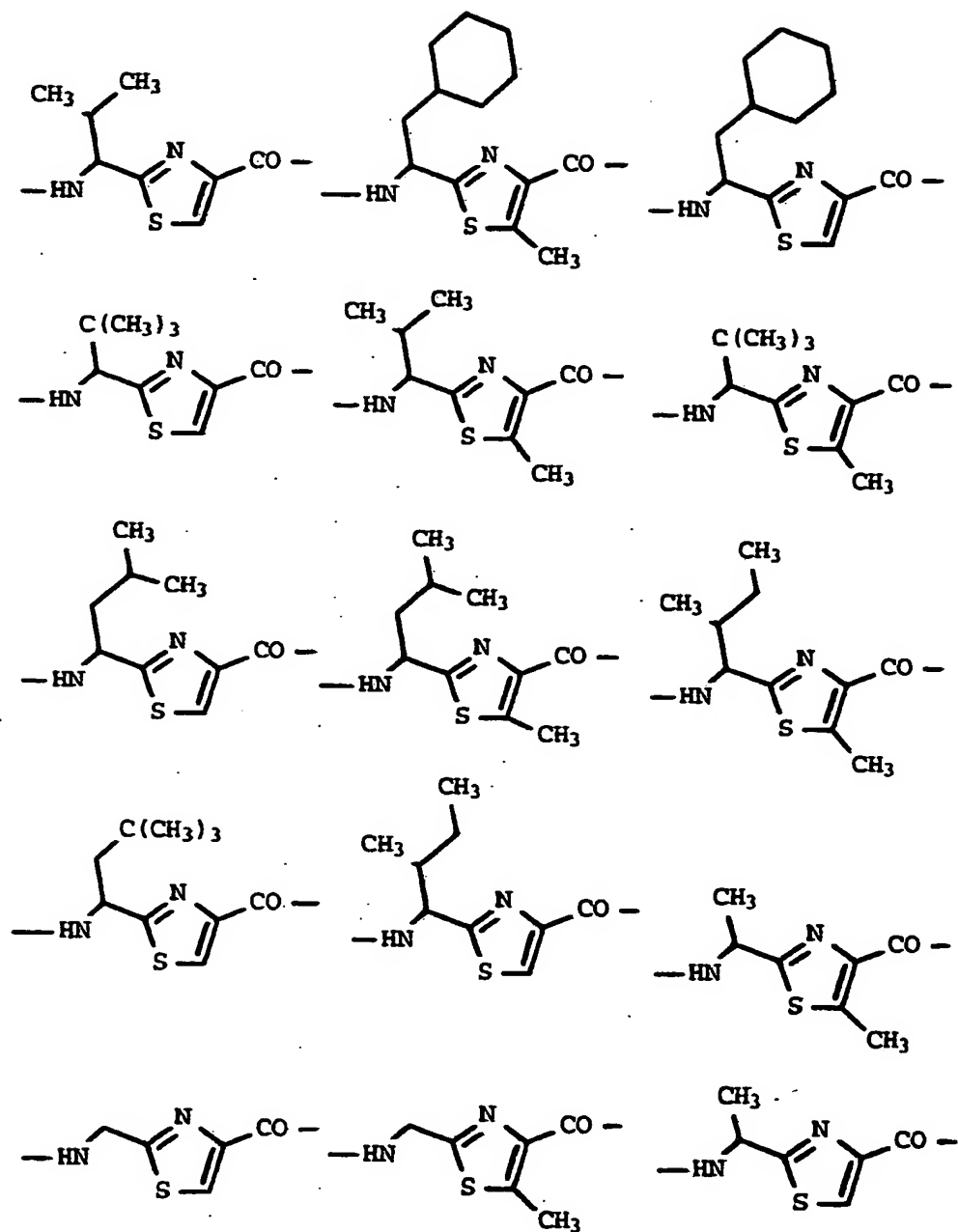


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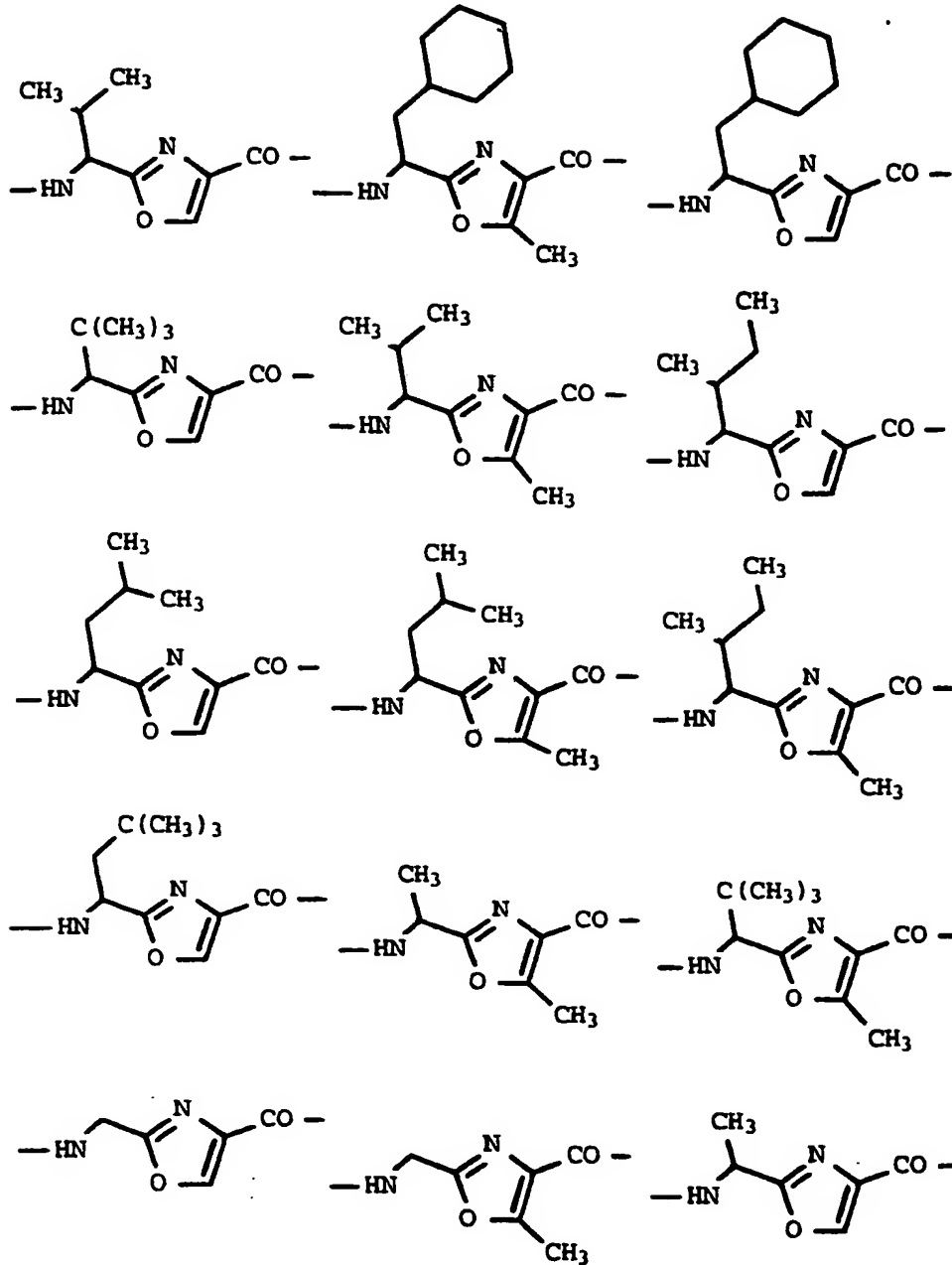
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F and G together are

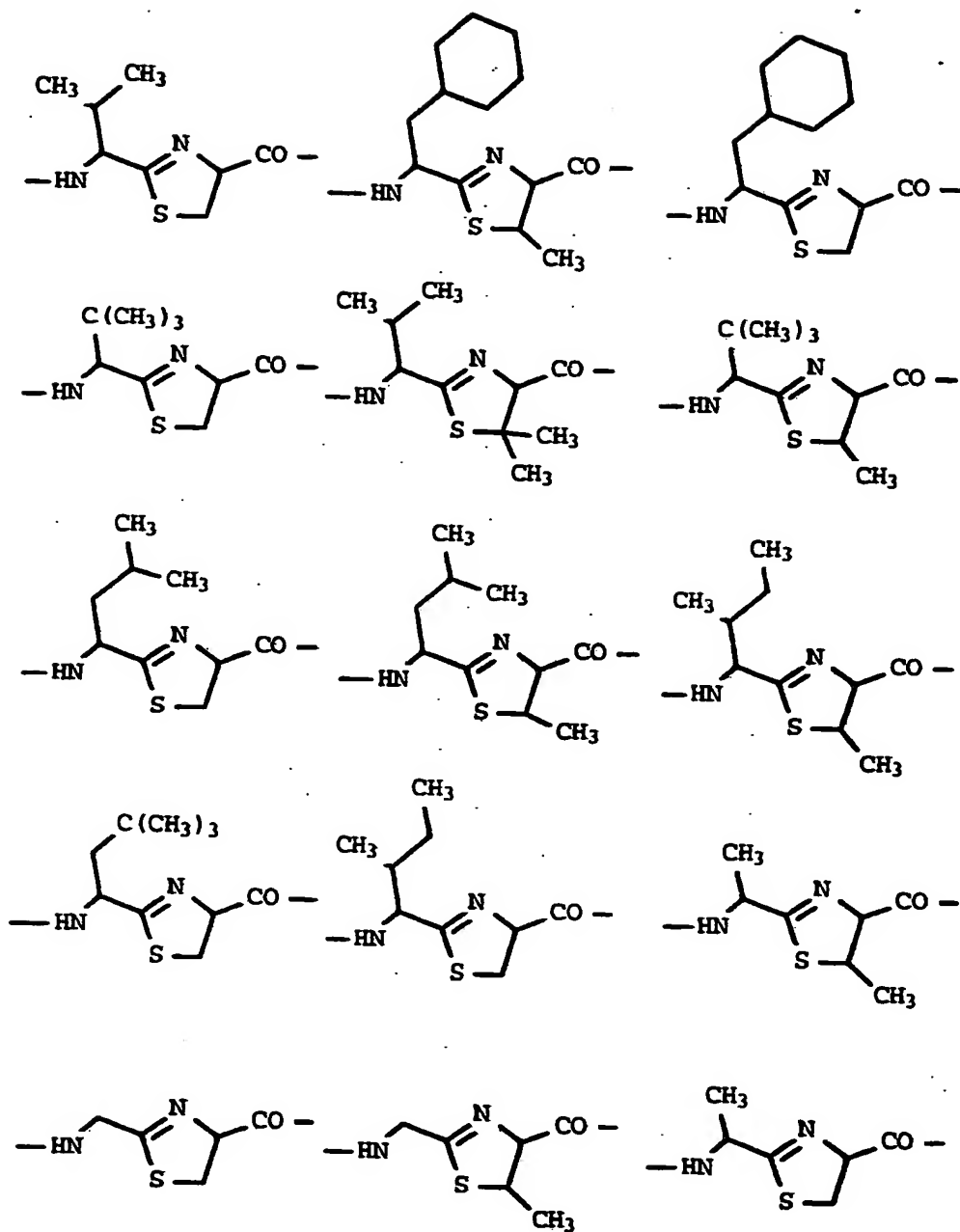




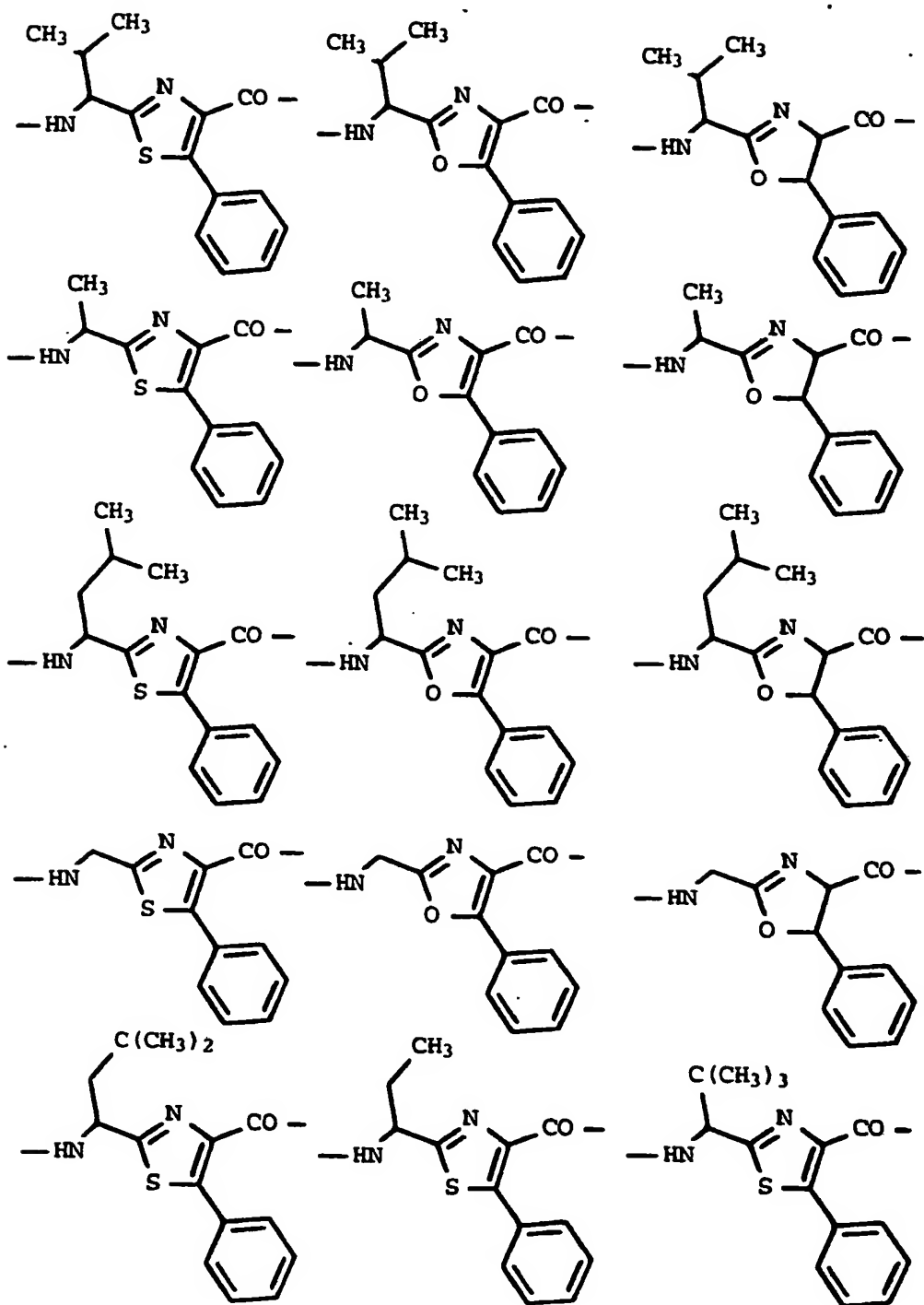
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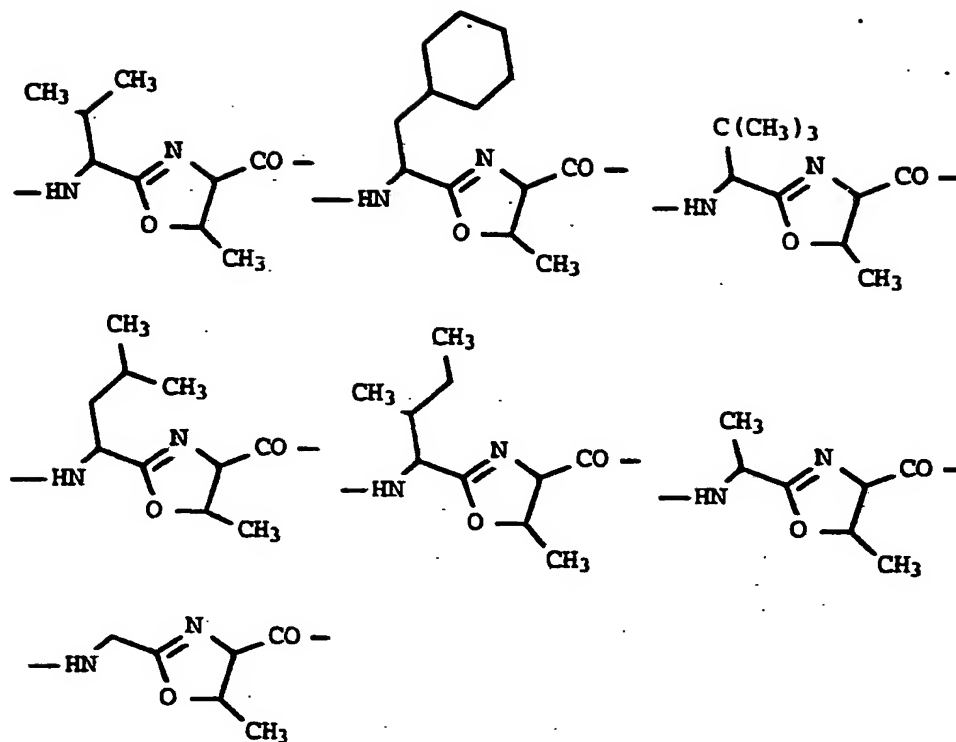
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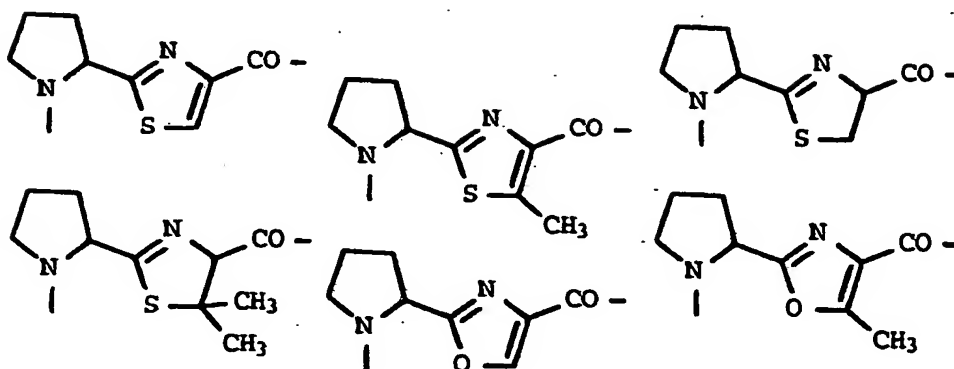
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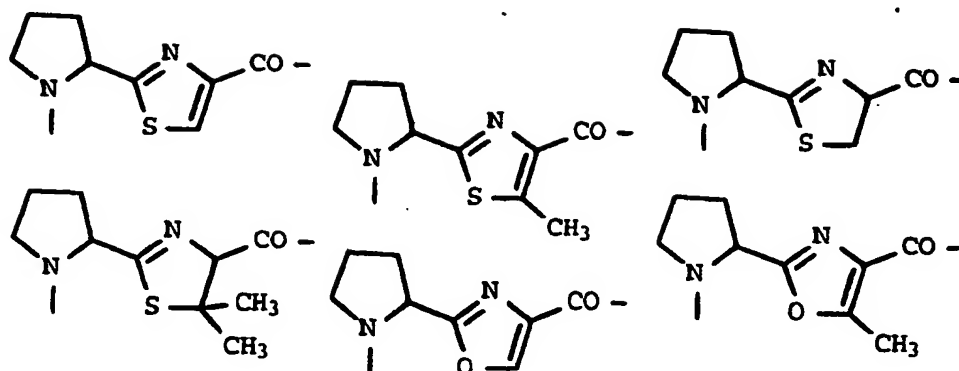
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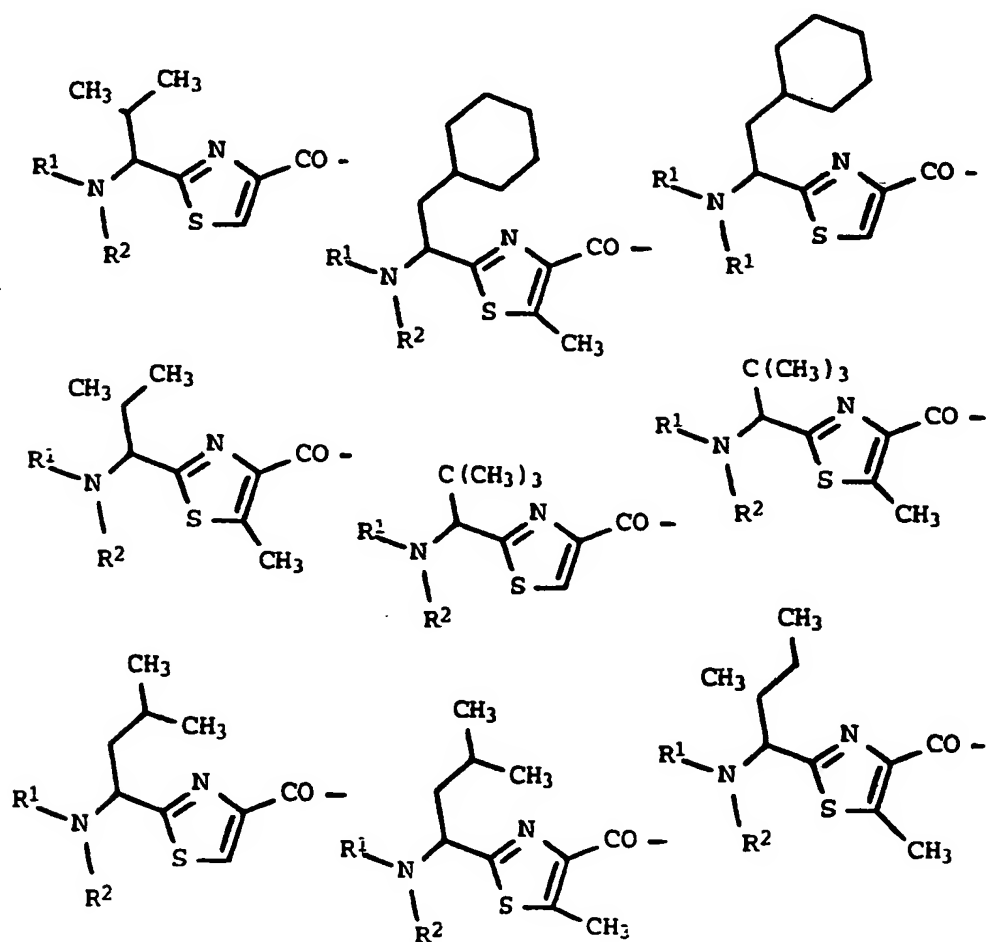
E and F together are



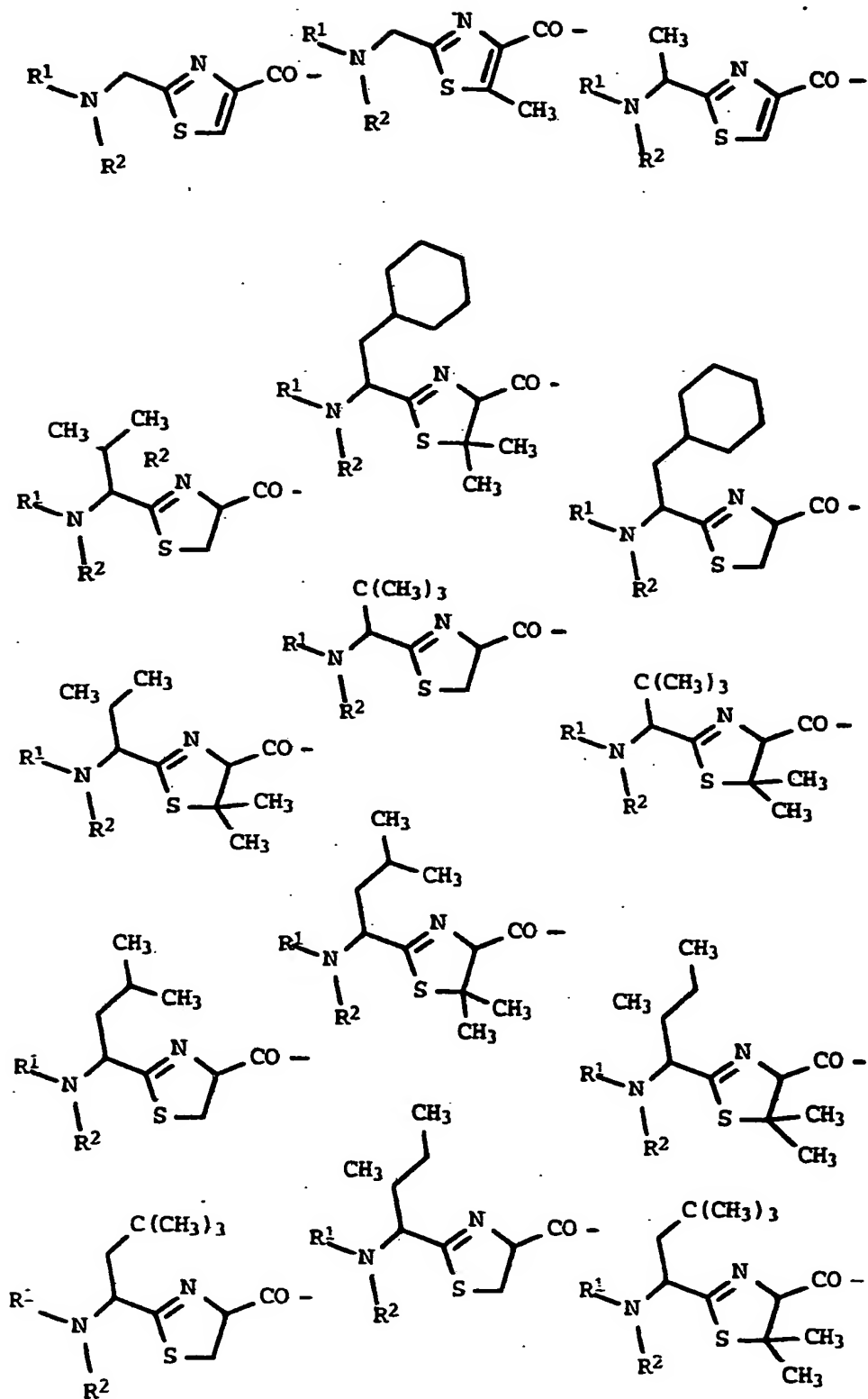
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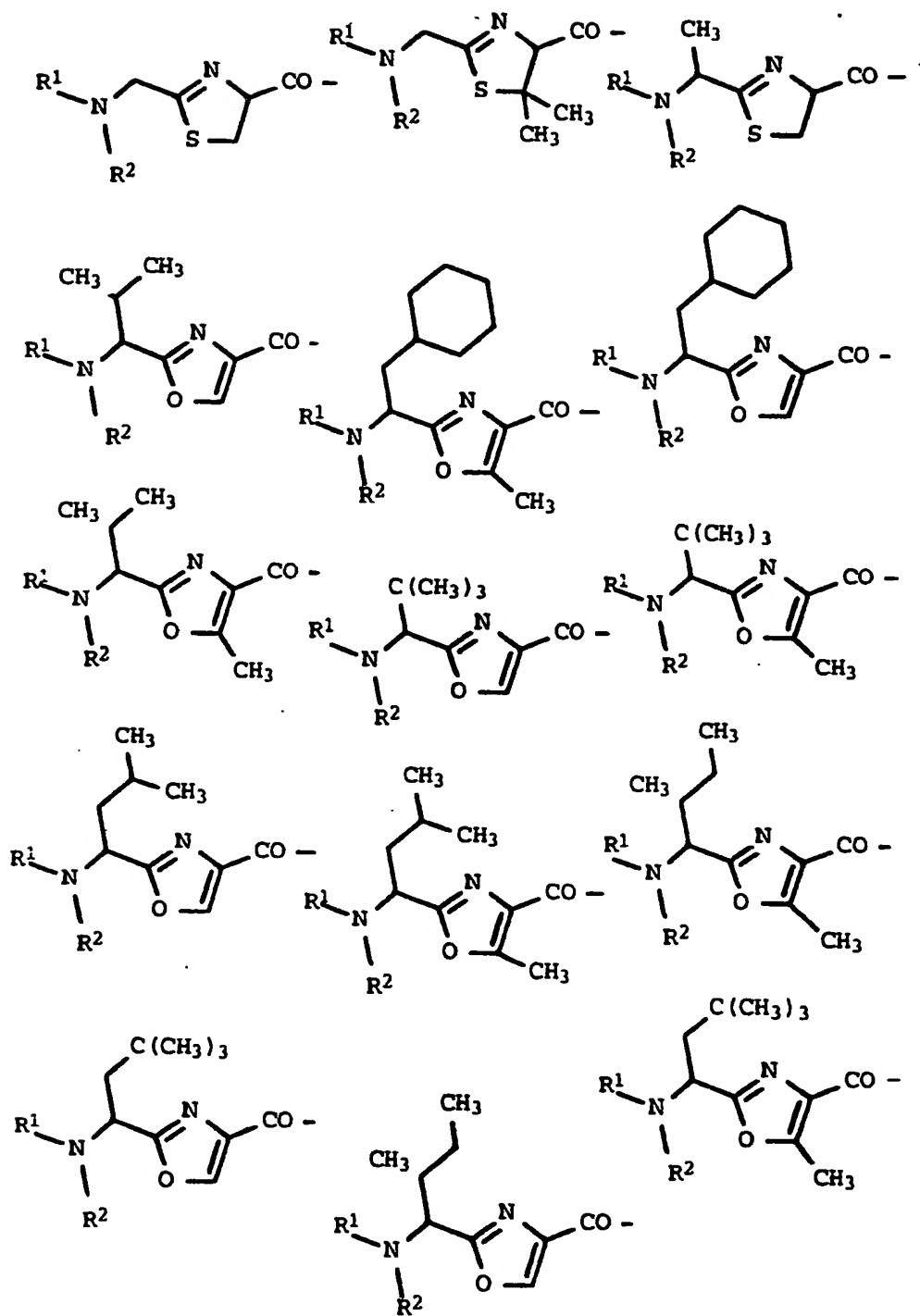
$R^1R^2N-CHX-CO$  and A together are



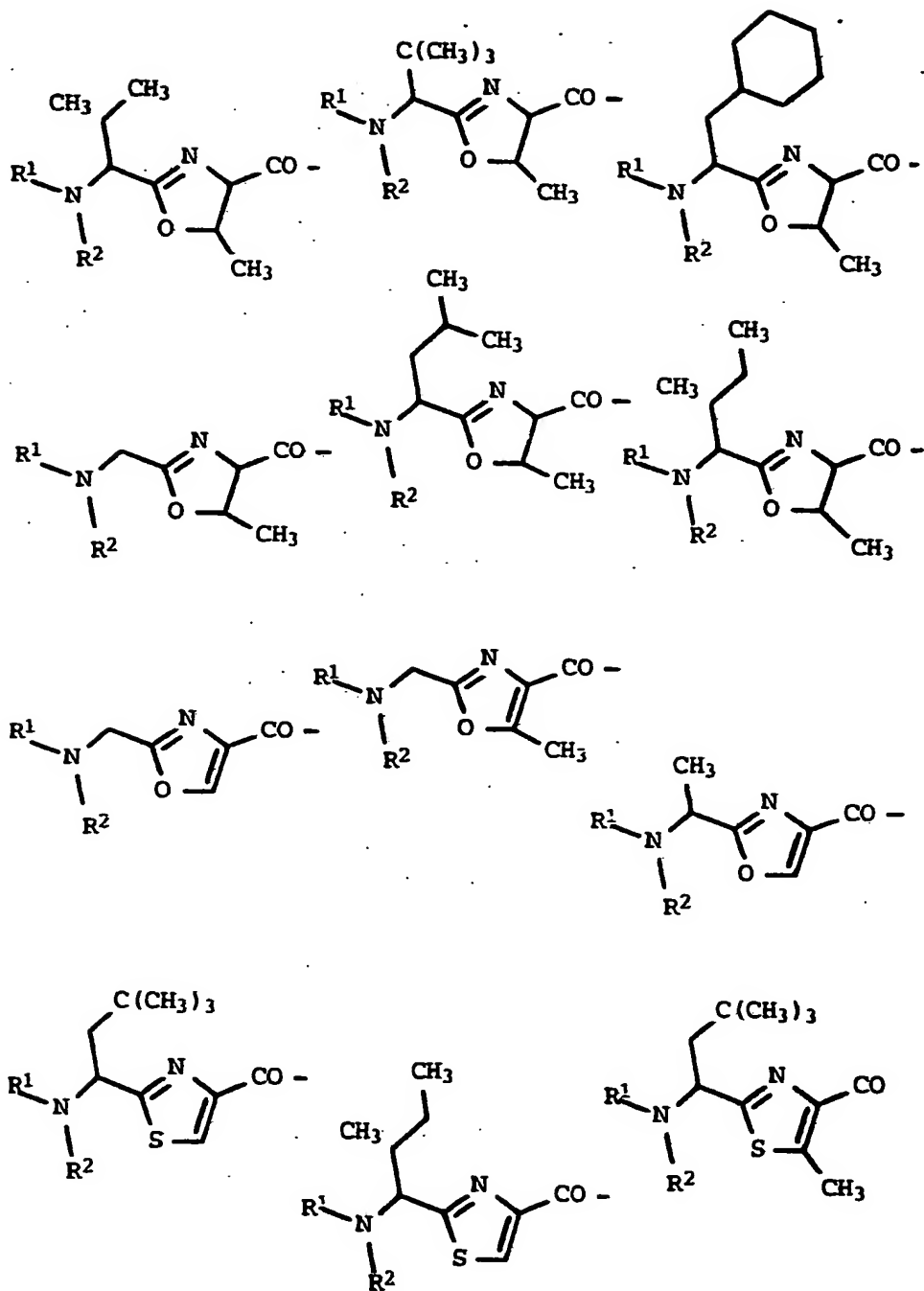
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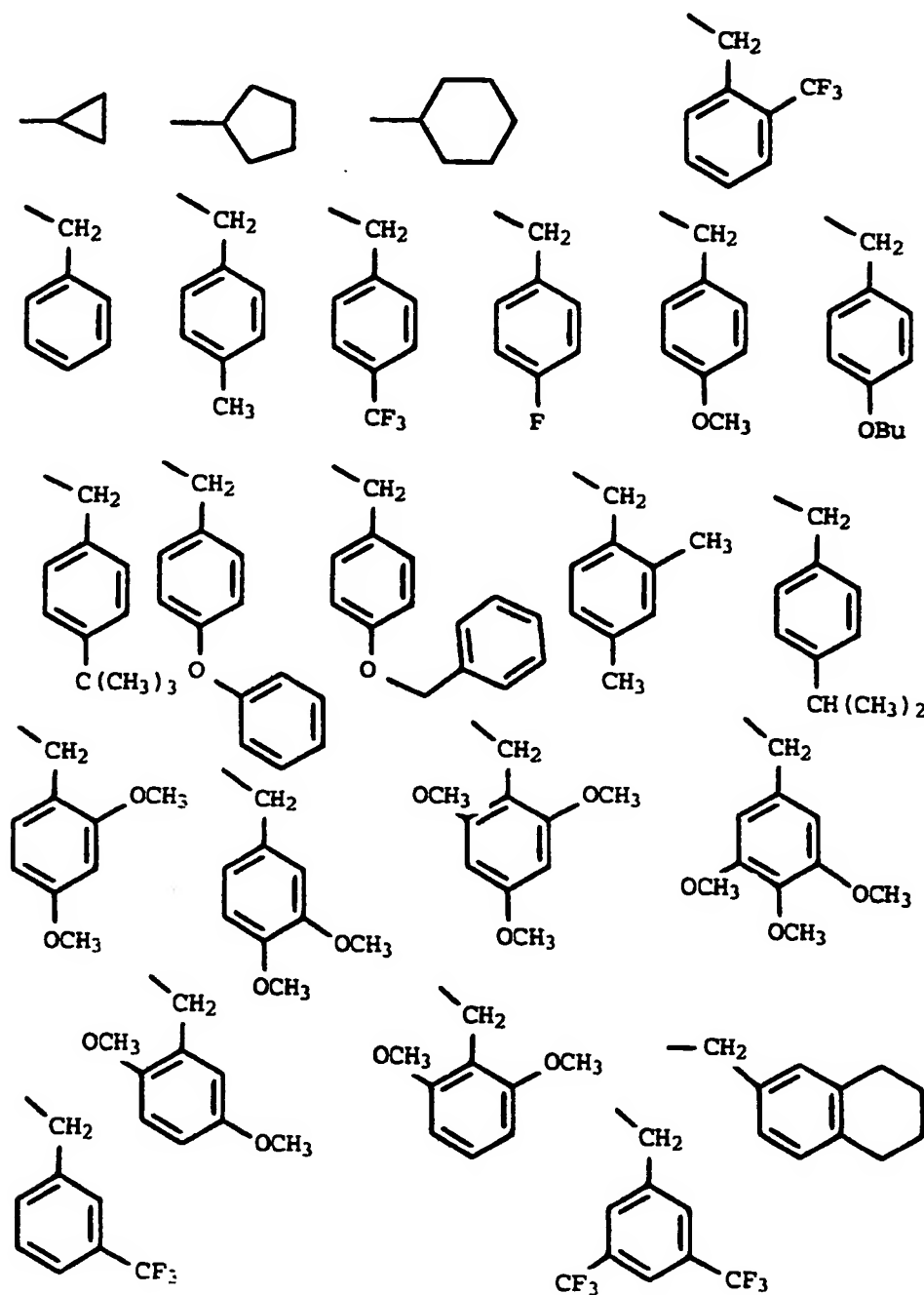
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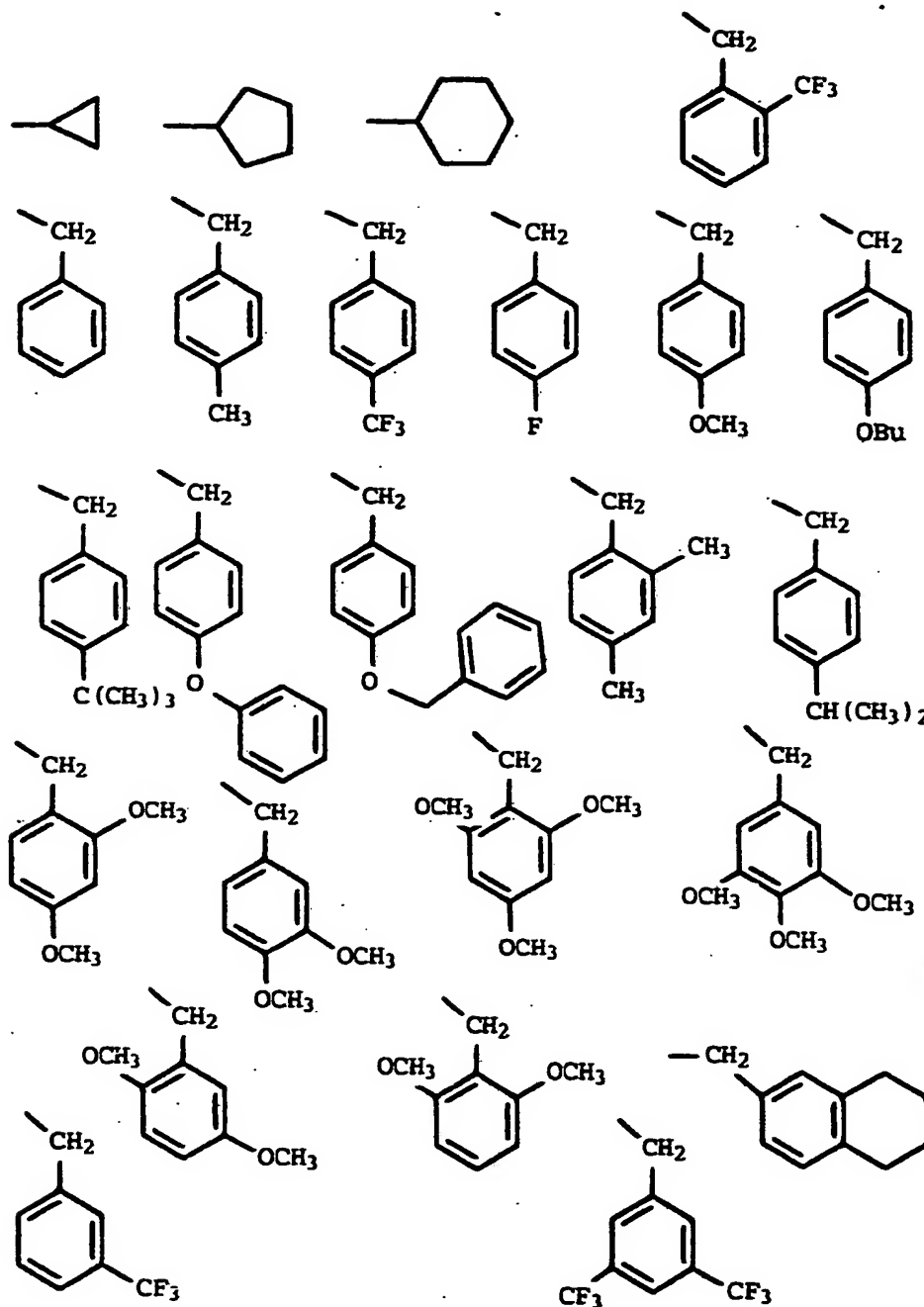


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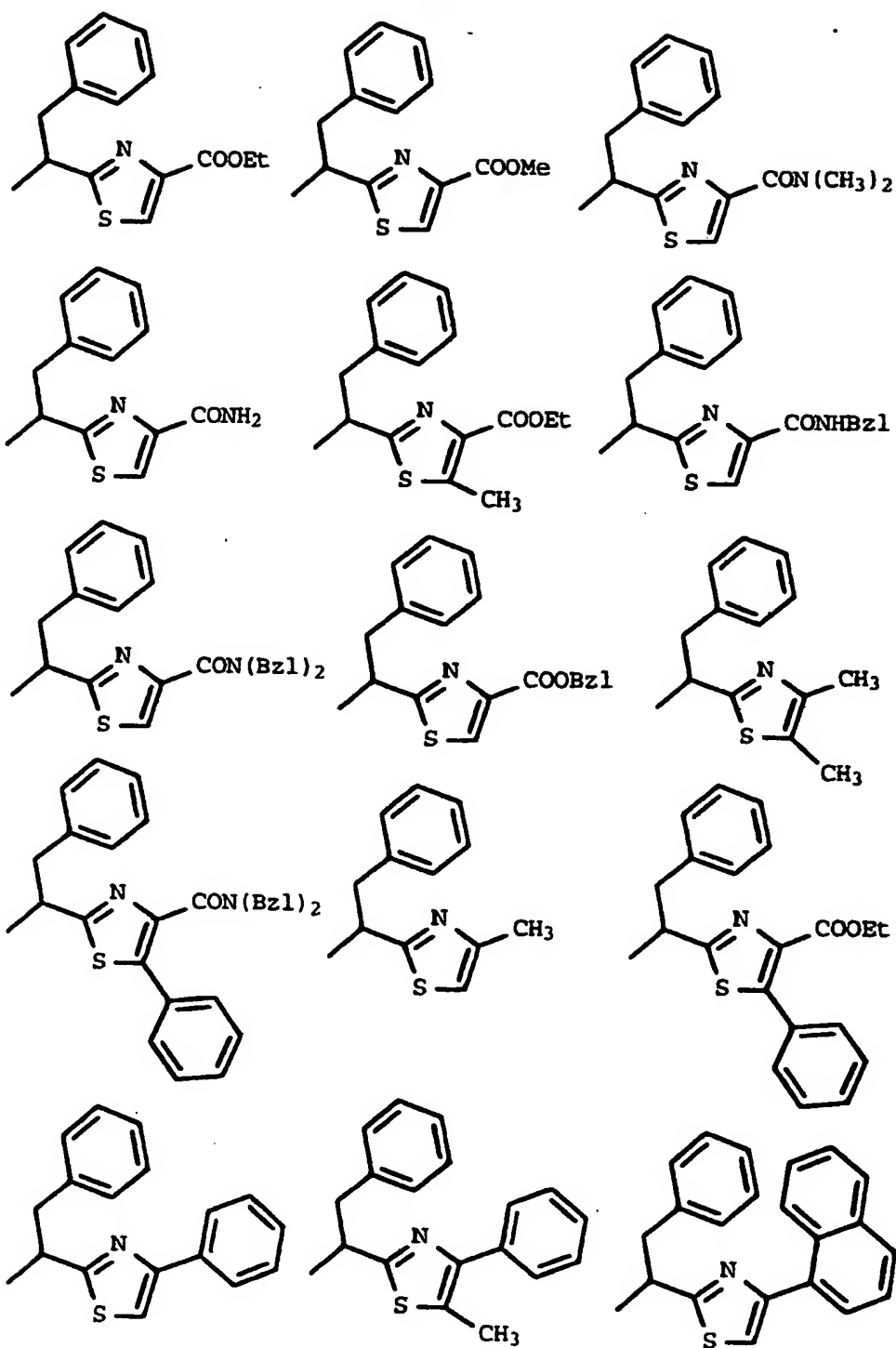
R<sup>5</sup> is hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, trifluoroisopropyl, propyl, isopropyl, or



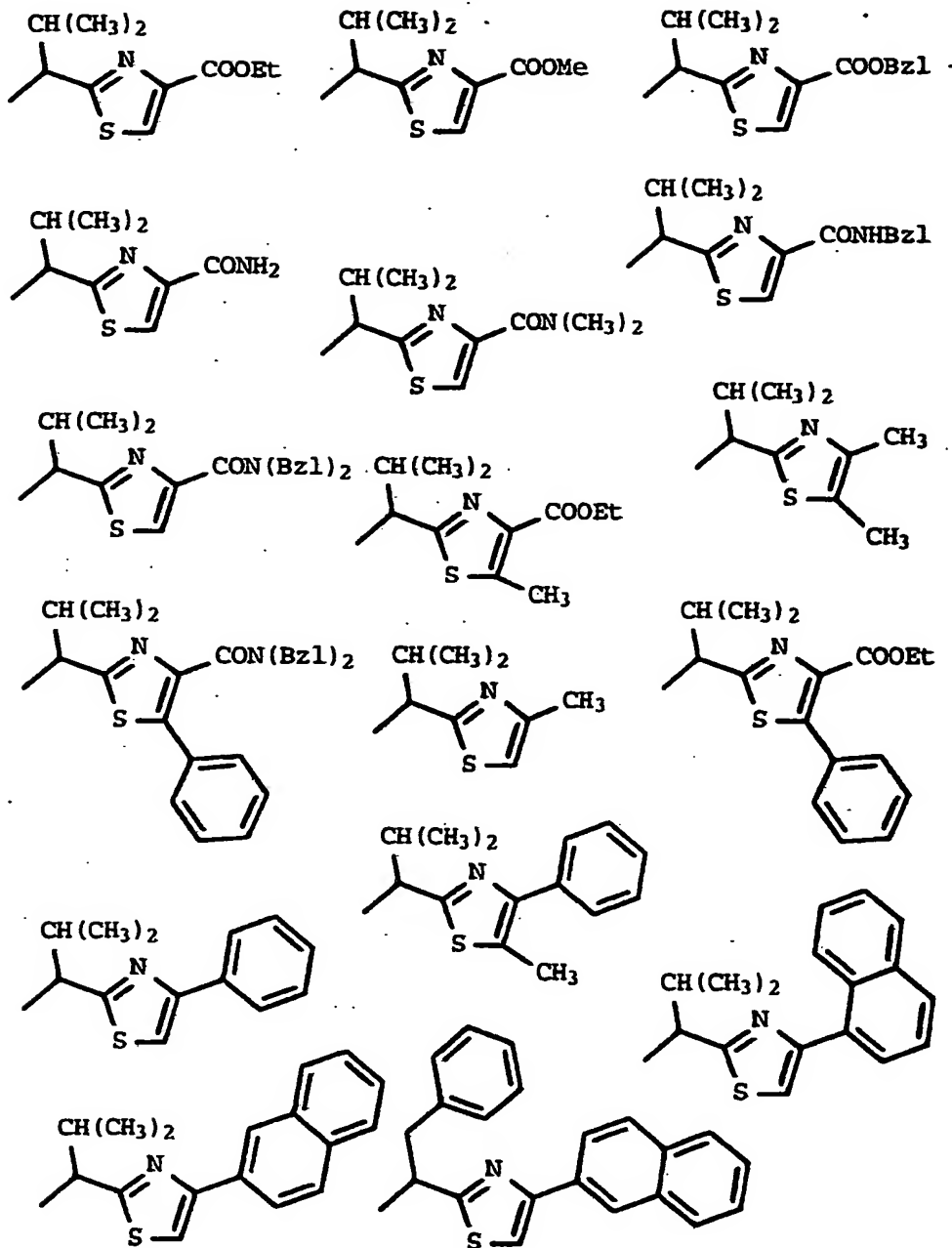
R<sup>6</sup> is hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, trifluoroethyl, trifluoroisopropyl, propyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, or



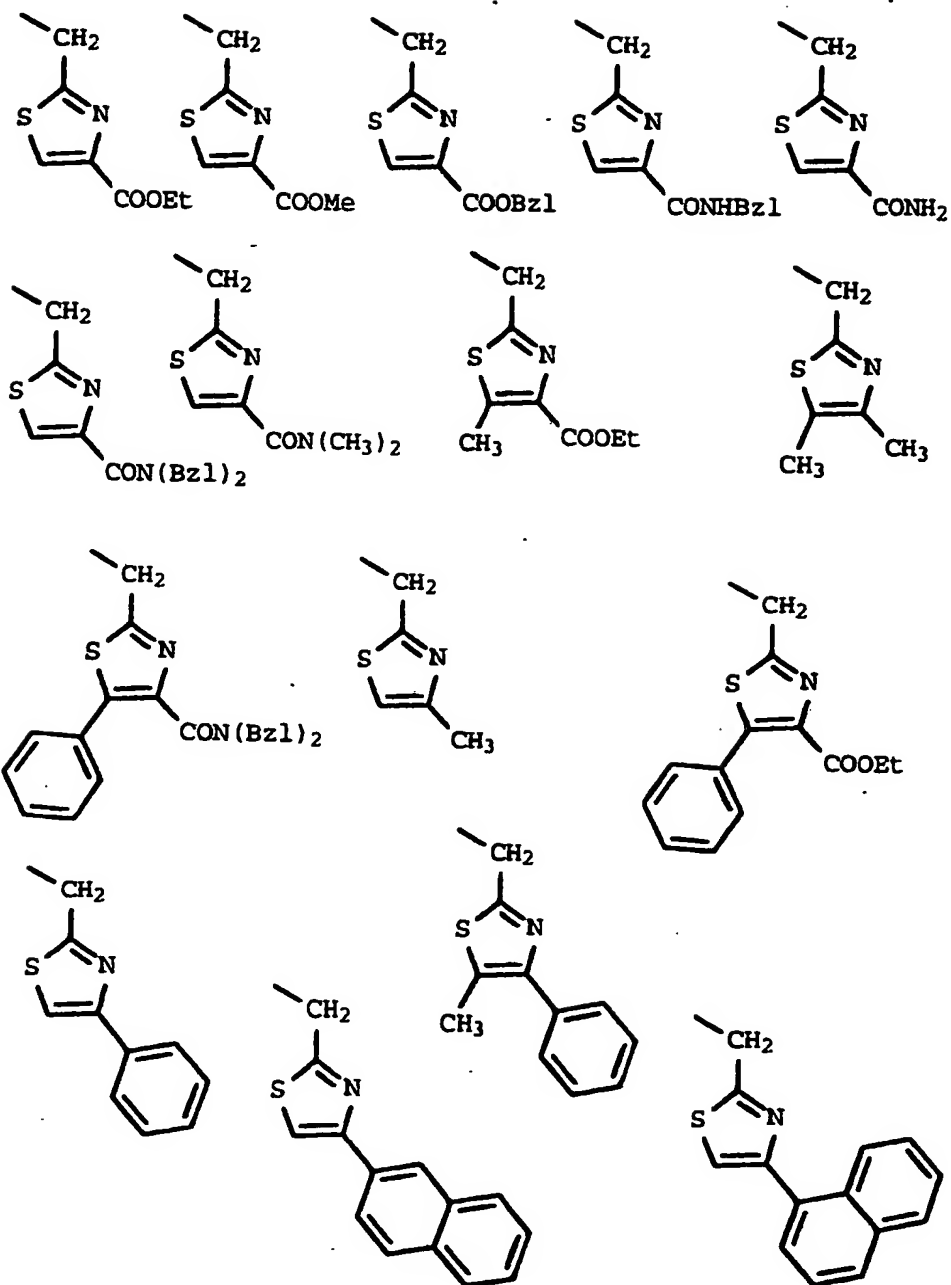
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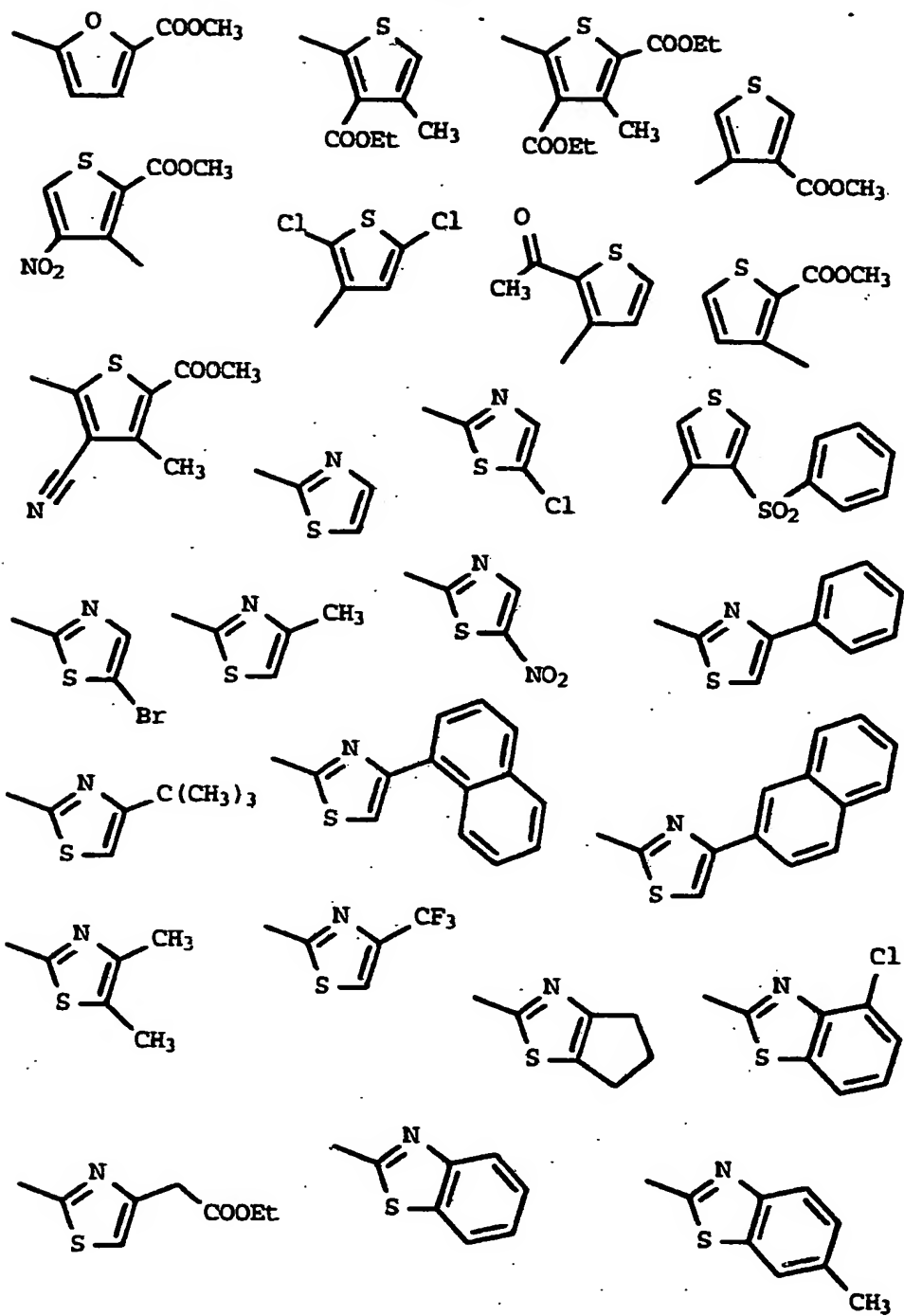
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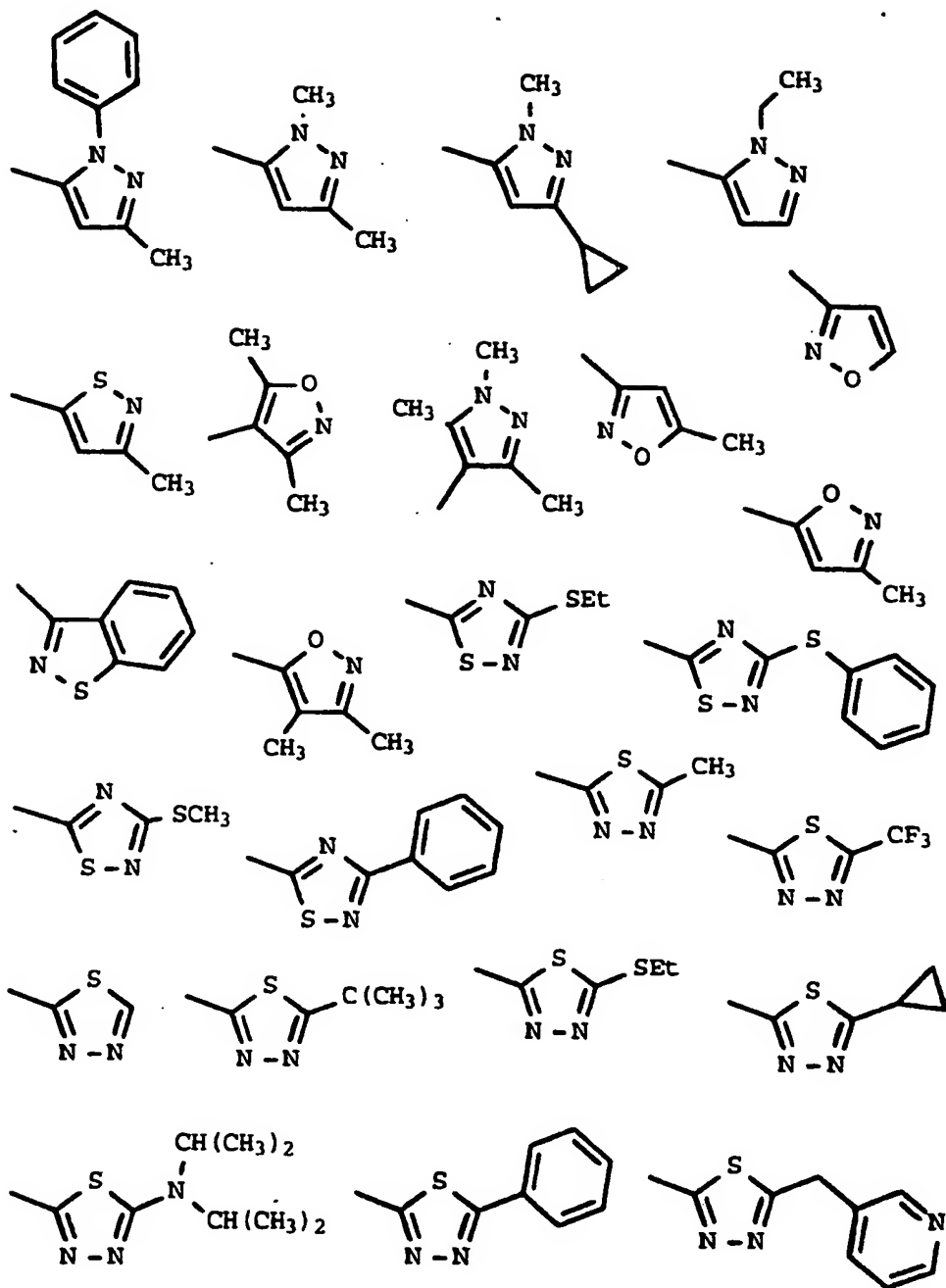


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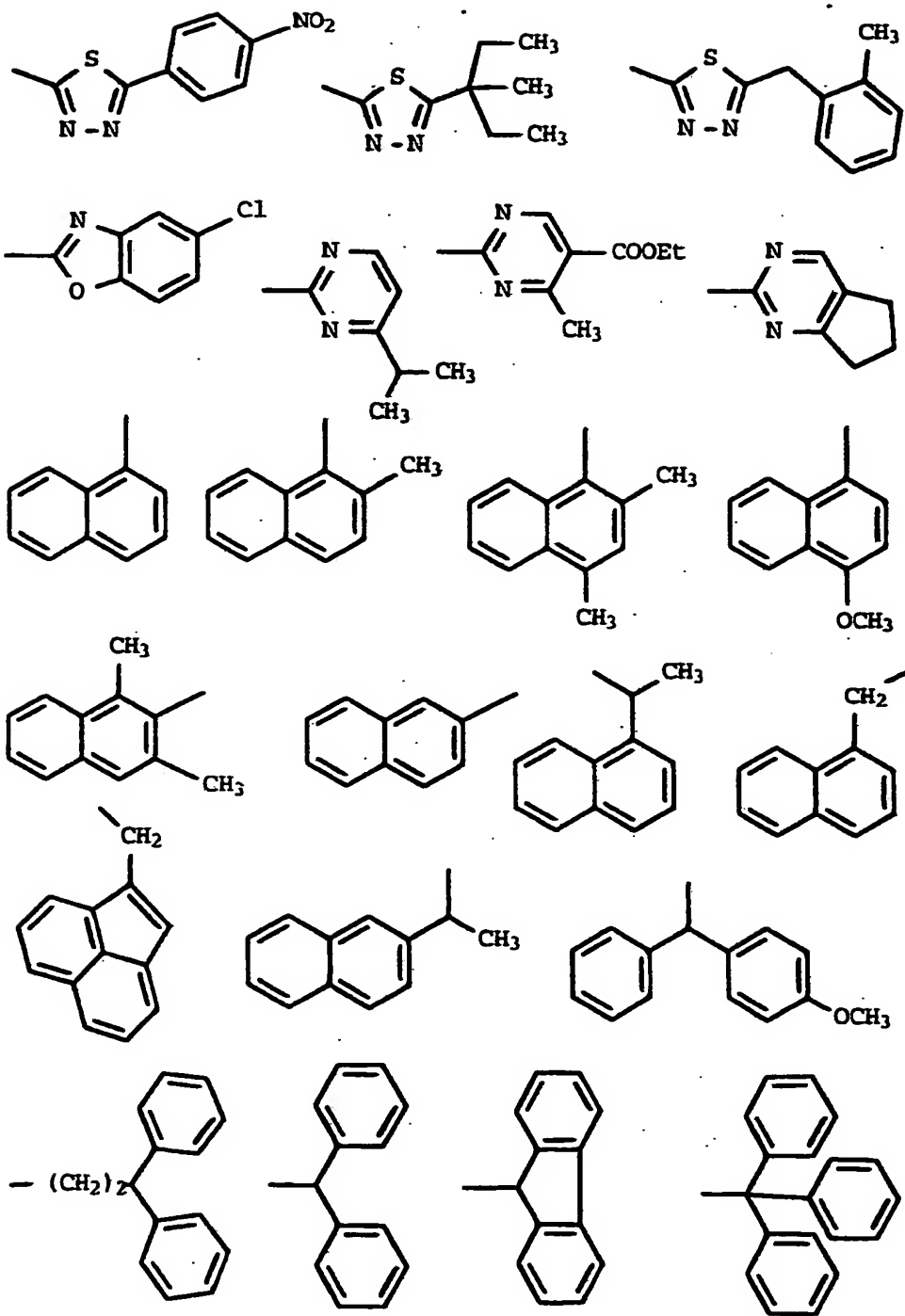


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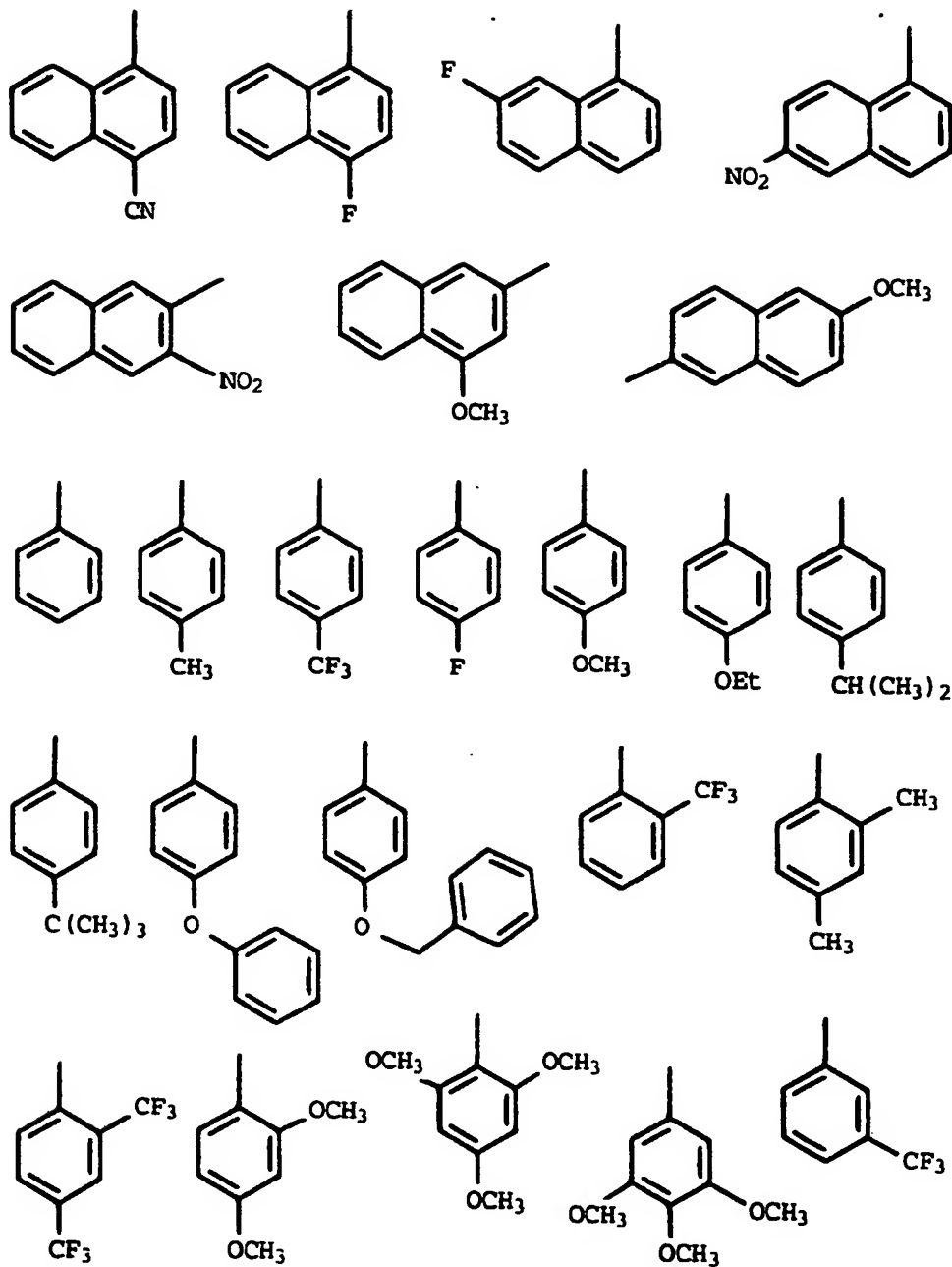


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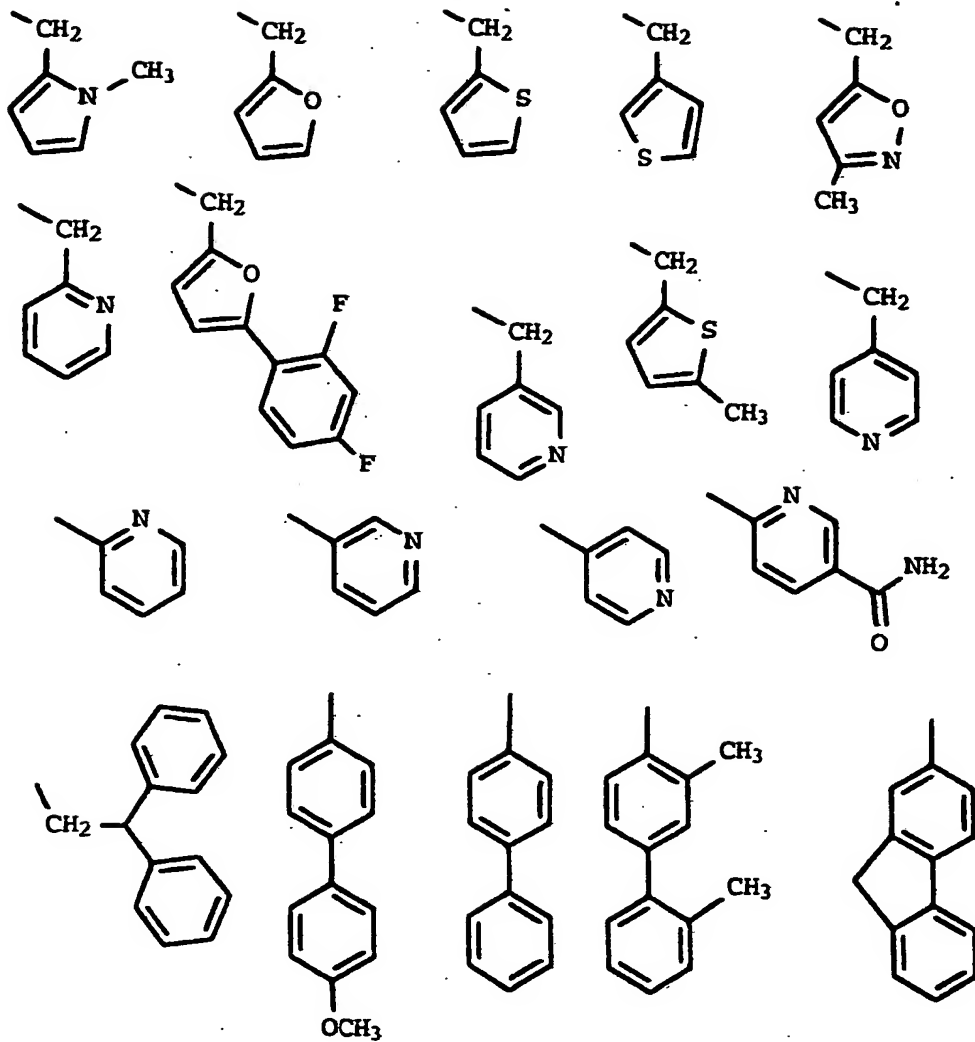




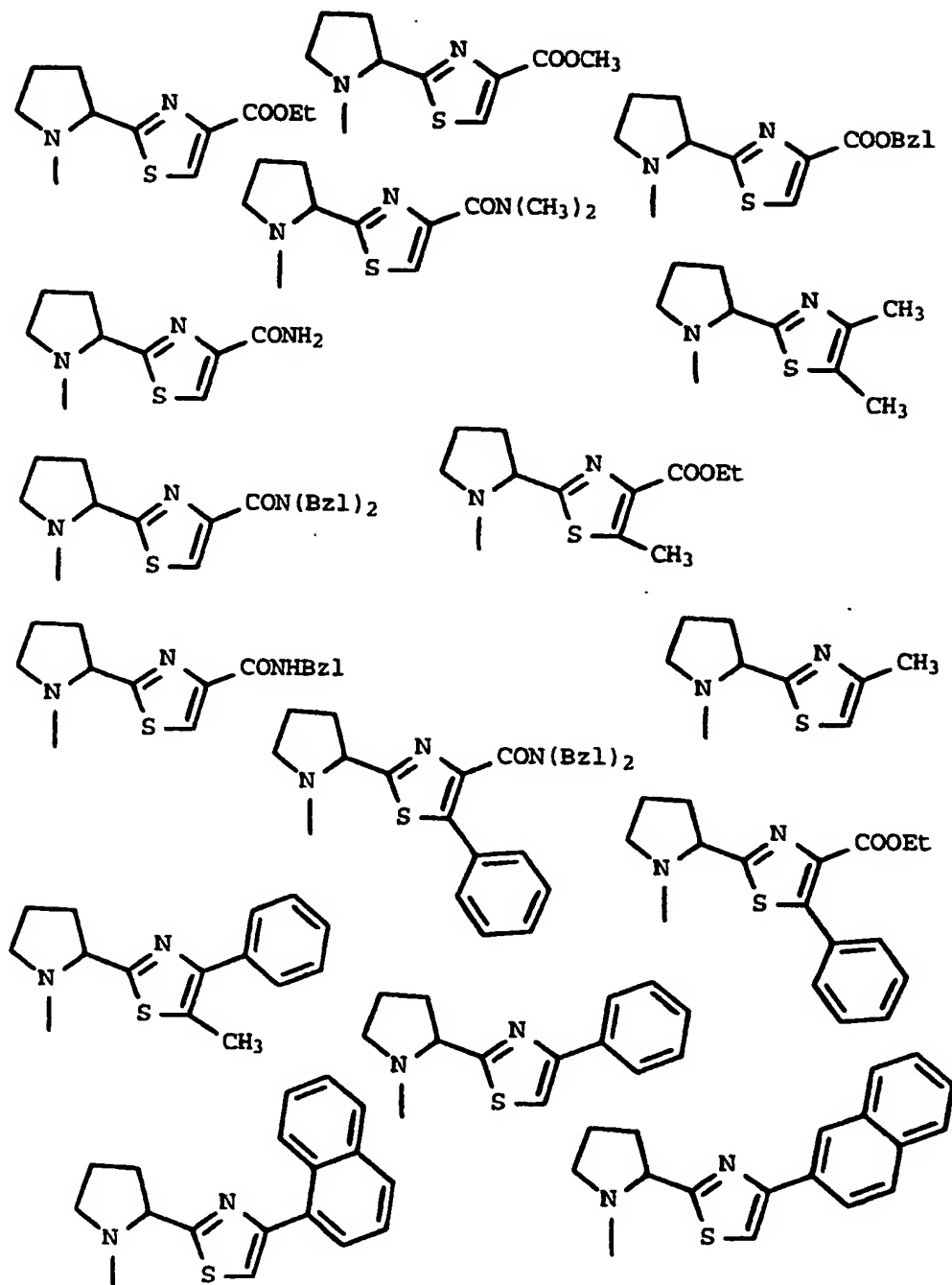
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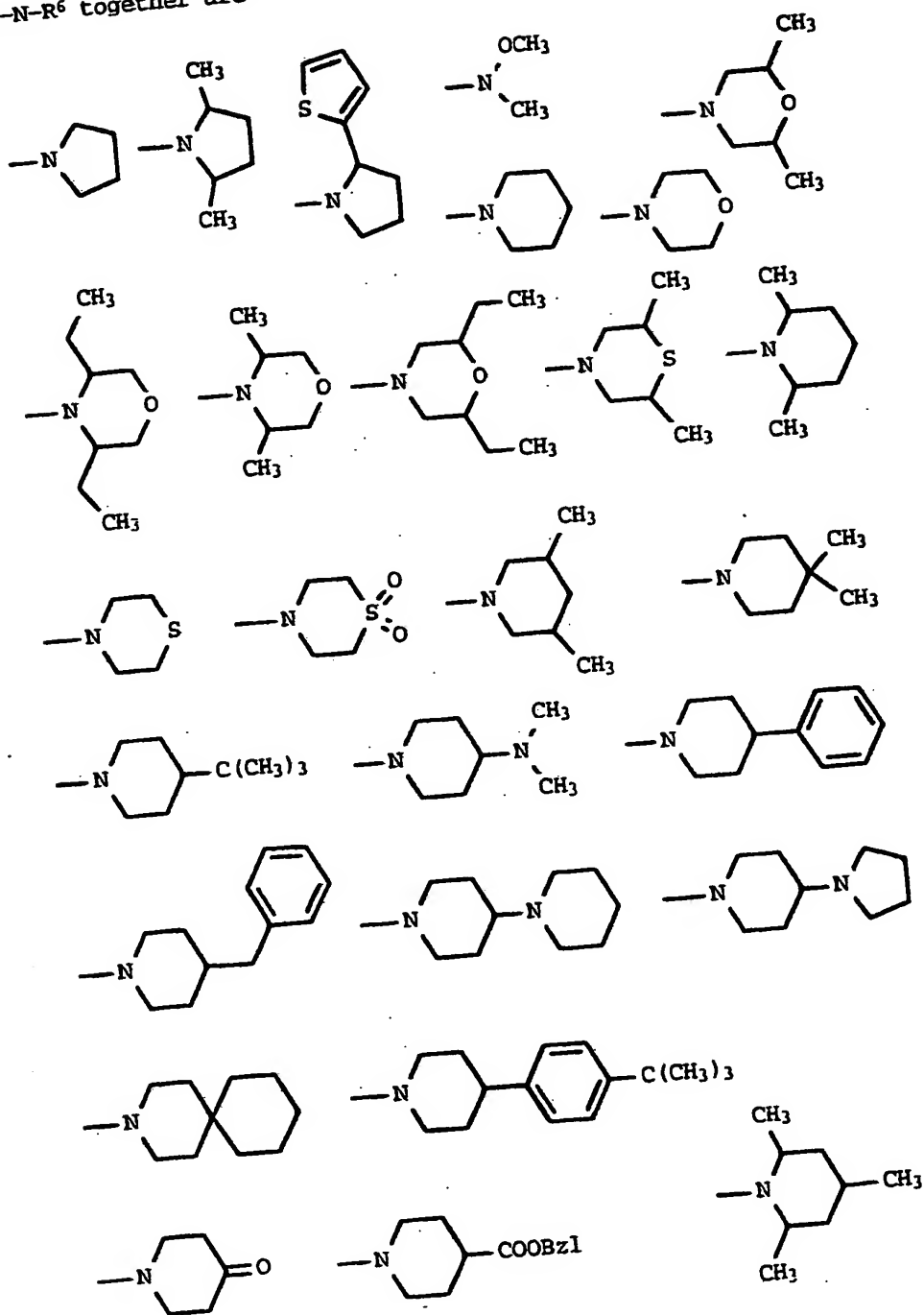
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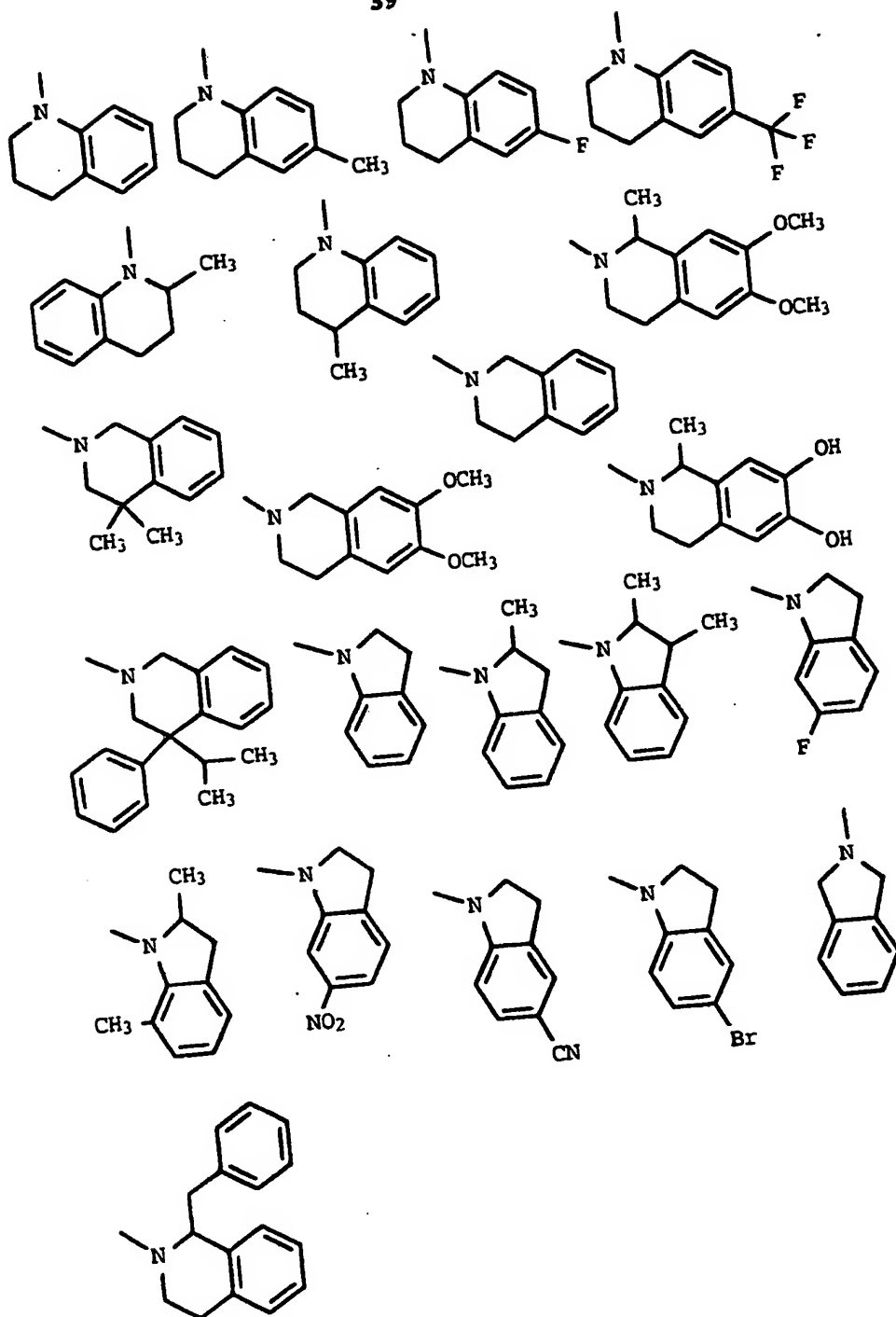
37

R<sup>5</sup>-N-CHR<sup>7</sup>-5-membered heteroaryl are

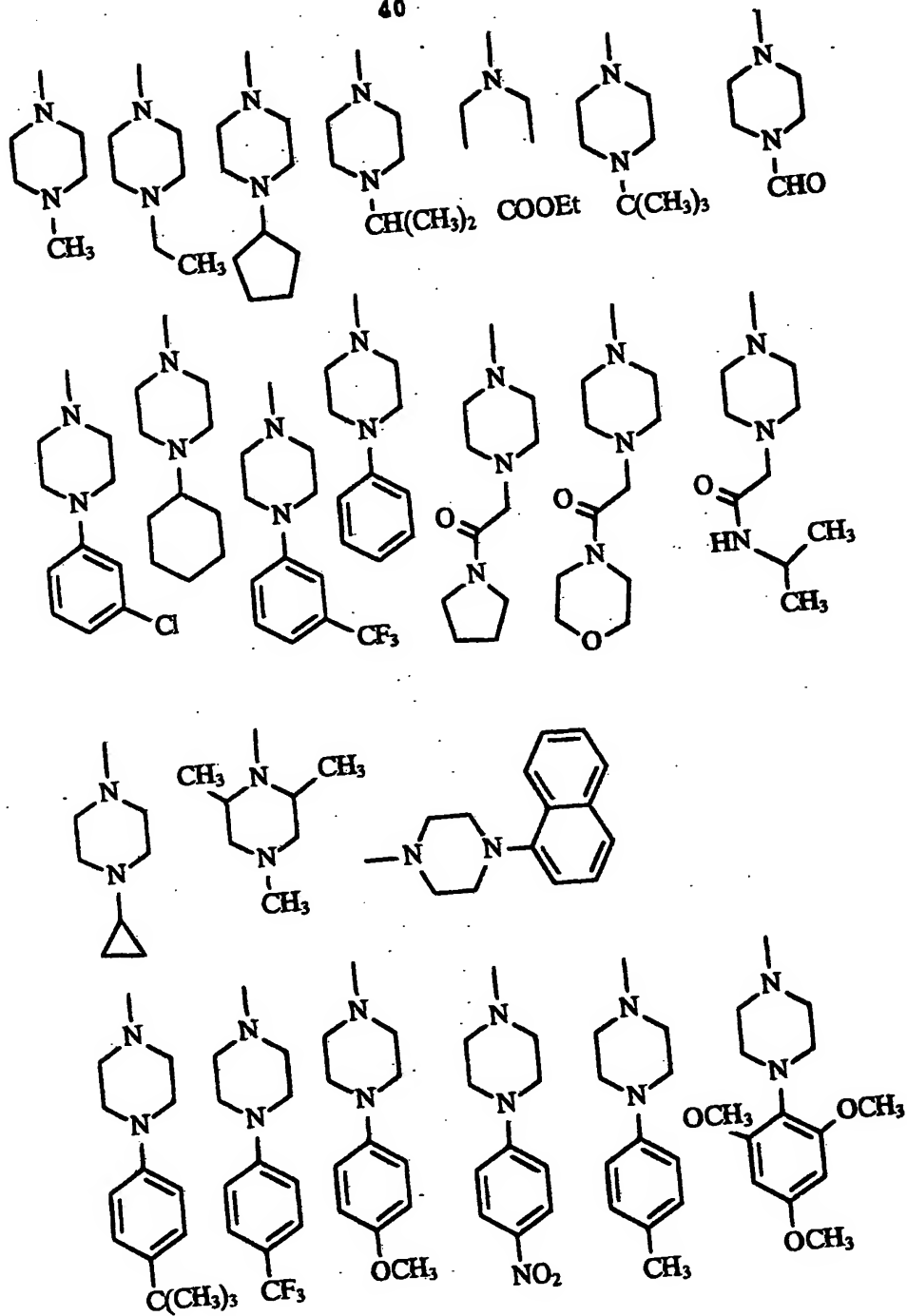
R<sup>5</sup>-N-R<sup>6</sup> together are



39

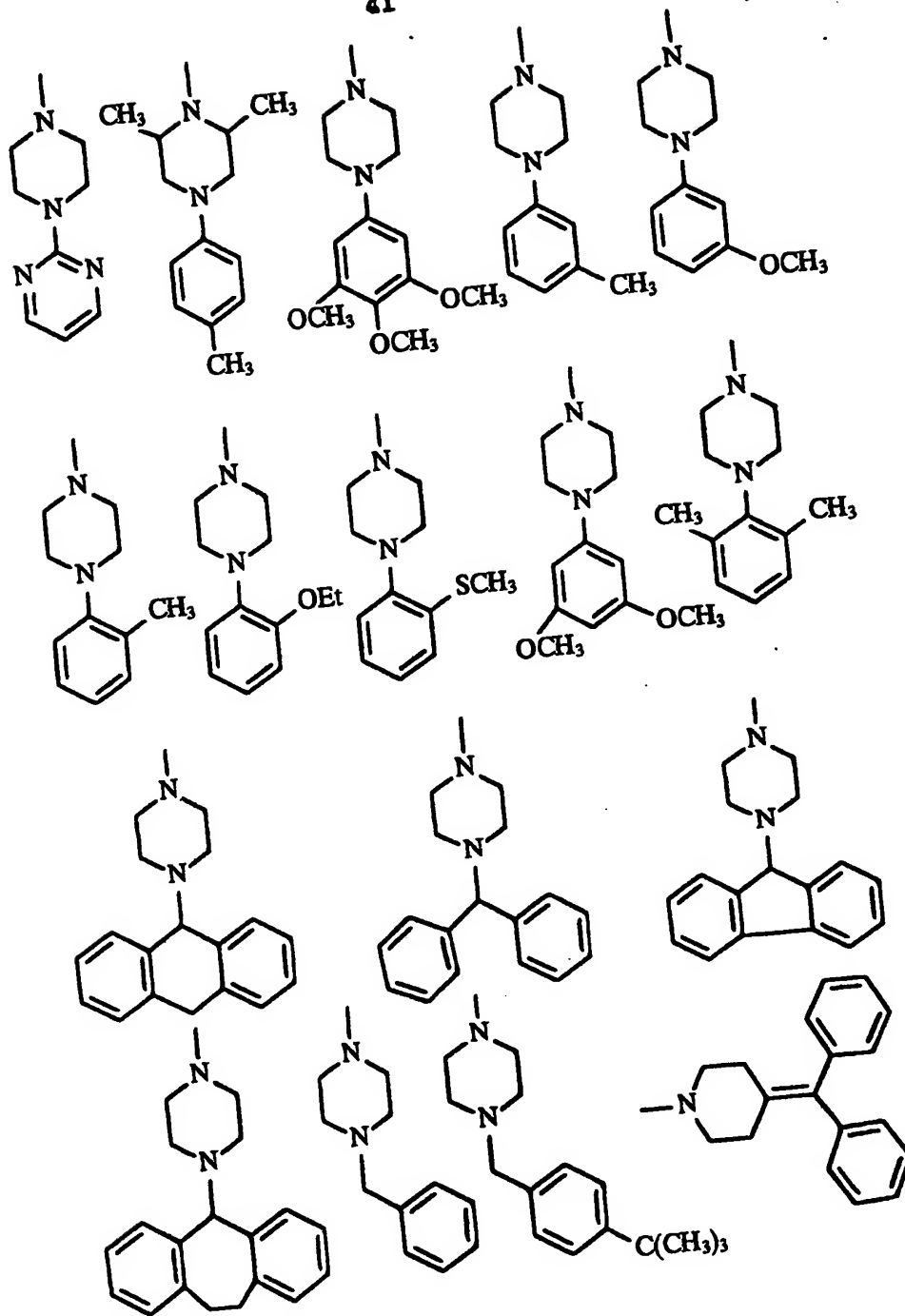


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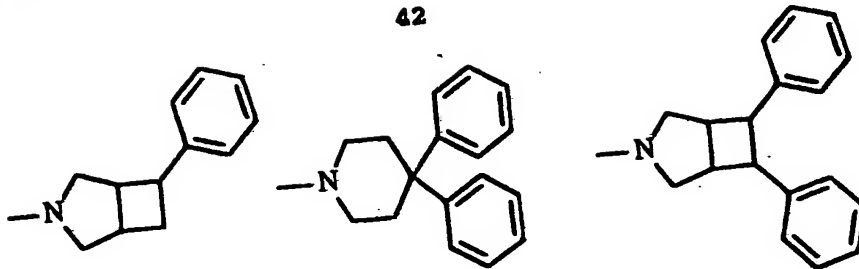


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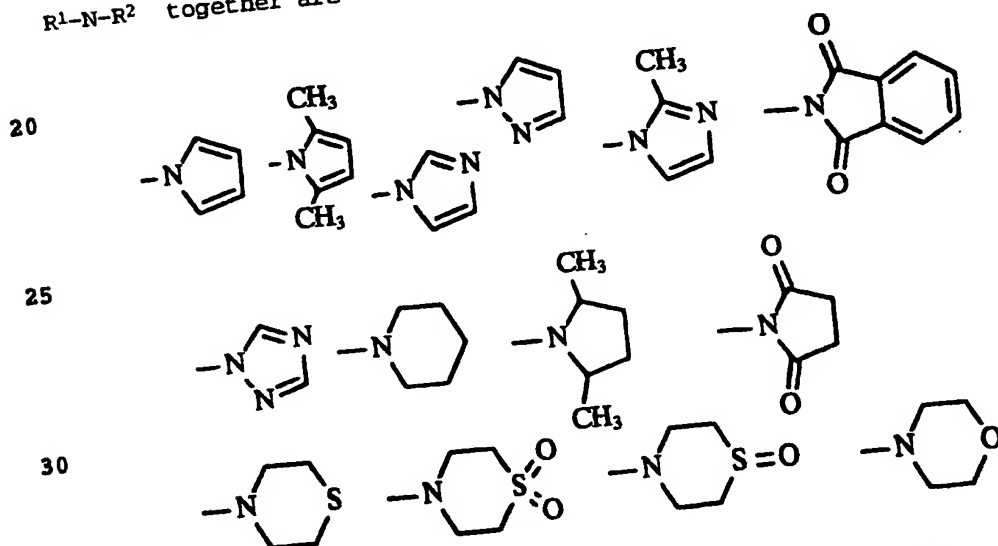


K is a hydroxy, alkoxy (preferably C<sub>1-4</sub>), phenoxy or benzoxy moiety.



More preferred are compounds where the substituents have the following meanings:

- 5  $R^1$  is ethyl, methyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-fluoroisopropyl, trifluoroisopropyl, isopropyl, propyl, cyclopropyl, benzyloxycarbonyl, methyloxycarbonyl, lactyl, methylaminosulfonyl, tosyl, ureyl, mesyl,  $N(CH_3)_2$ , amidino, methoxy, benzyl, 4-phenoxybenzyl, 4-benzyloxybenzyl, or 3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl
- 10  $R^2$  is hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, isopropyl, propyl, butyl, cyclopropyl, formyl, acetyl, propionyl, pivaloyl, benzoyl or benzyl,
- 15  $R^1-N-R^2$  together are



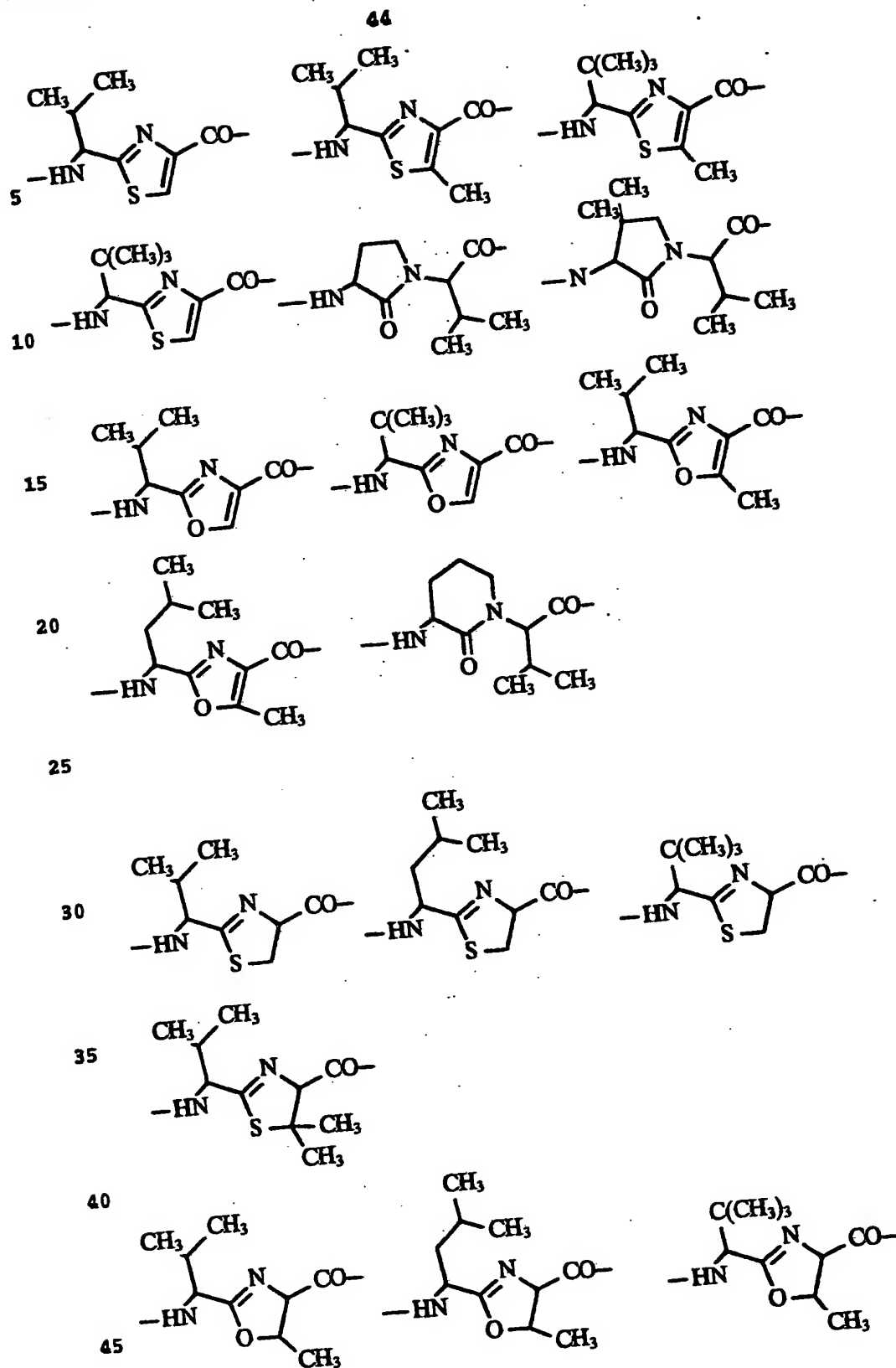
35 A, B, D, E, F, G and K have the meanings as described above;

t, u, v and w are independently 0 or 1;

A and B together are

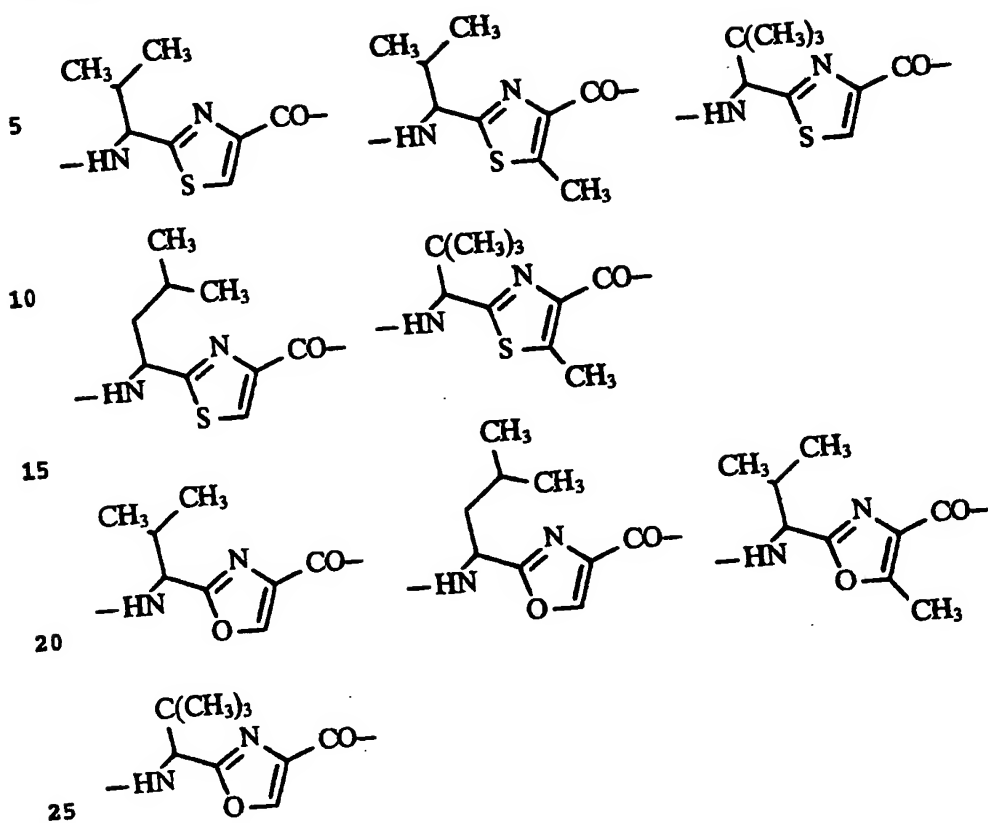
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F and G together are

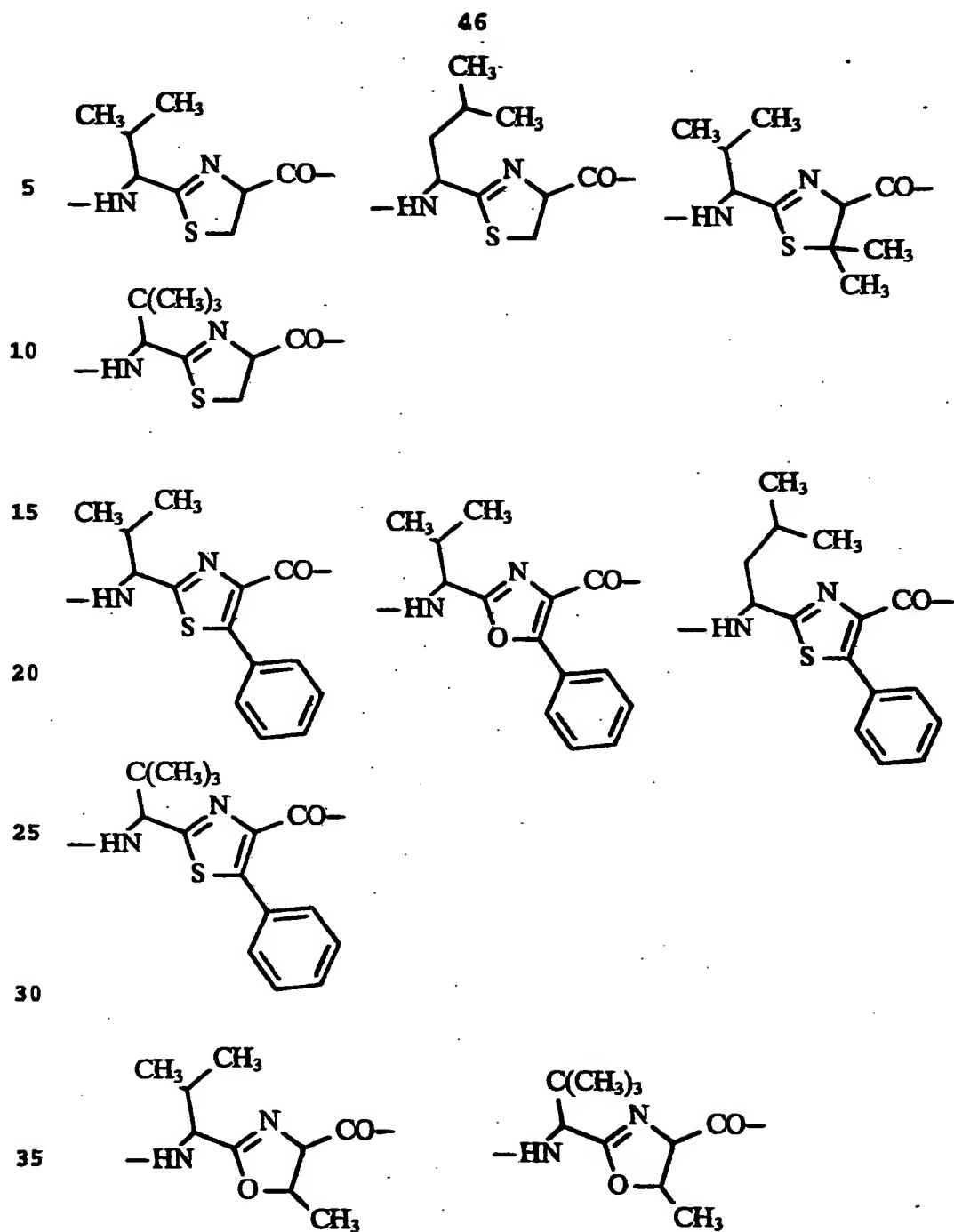


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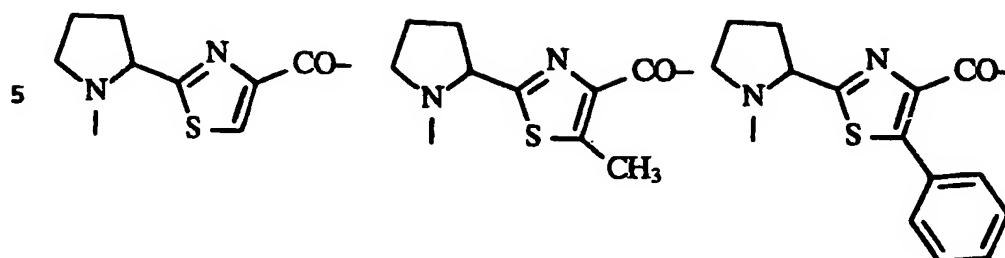
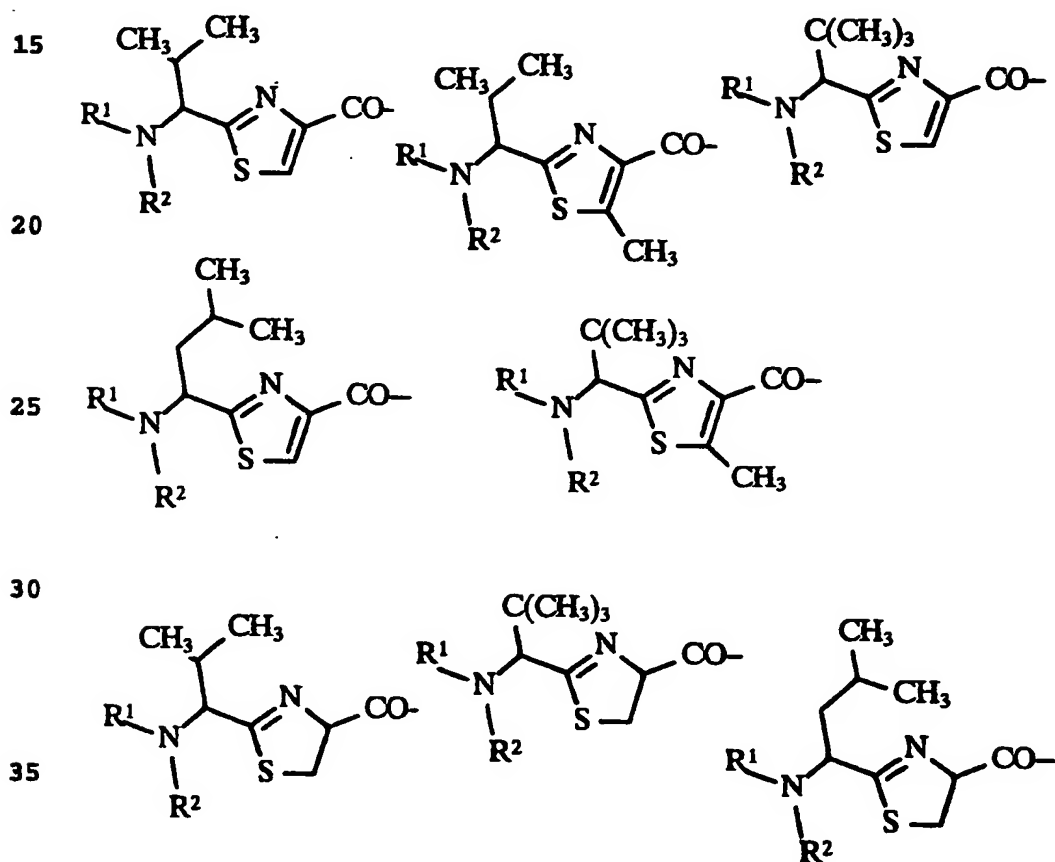
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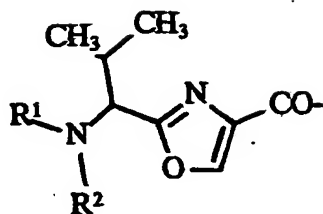
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E and F together are

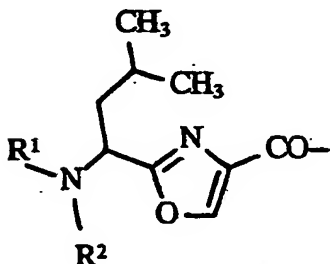
 $R^1R^2N-CHX-CO$  and A together are

48

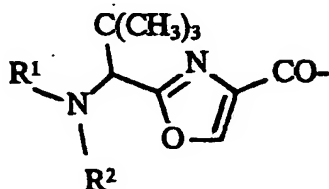
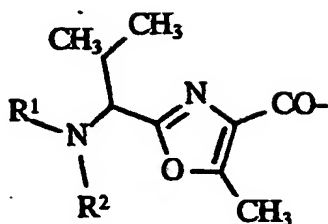
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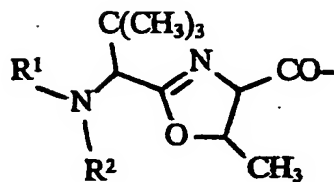
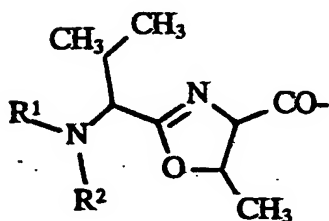
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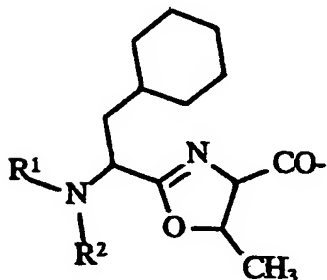
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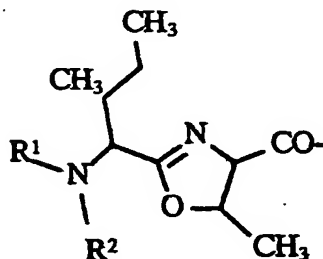
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K is a hydroxy, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy or benzyloxy moiety;

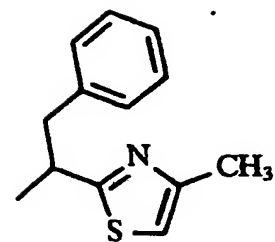
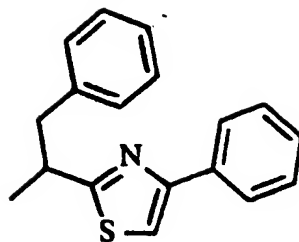
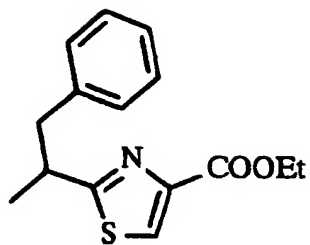
35 R<sup>5</sup> is hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, propyl, isopropyl, cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, benzyl, 4-phenoxybenzyl, 4-benzyloxybenzyl or 3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl

40 R<sup>6</sup> is hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-trifluoroethyl, propyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, benzyl, 4-phenoxybenzyl, 4-benzyloxybenzyl, 3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl, phenyl, 4-phenoxyphenyl, 4-benzyloxyphenyl, 3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl or

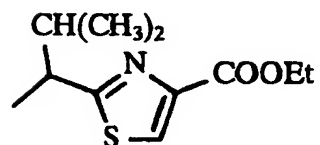
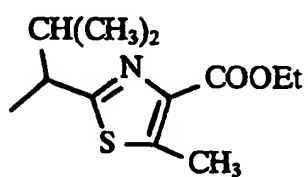
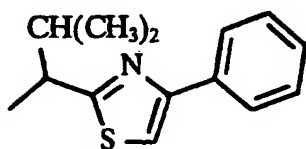
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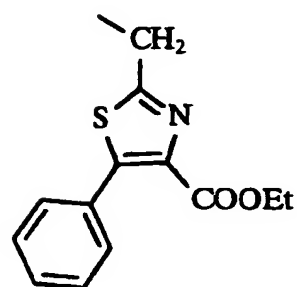
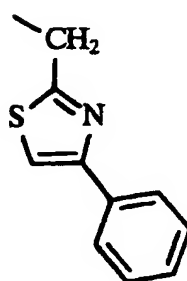
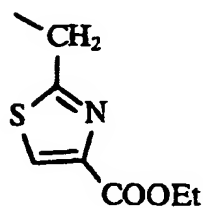


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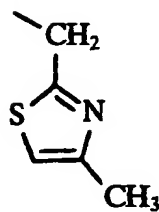


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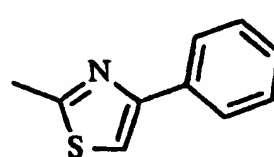
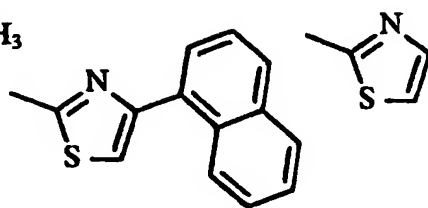
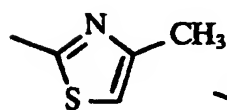
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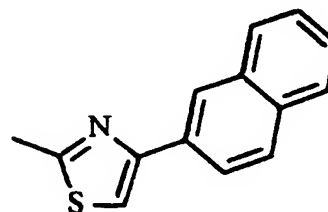
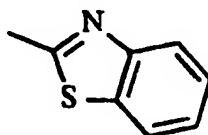
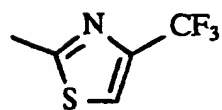


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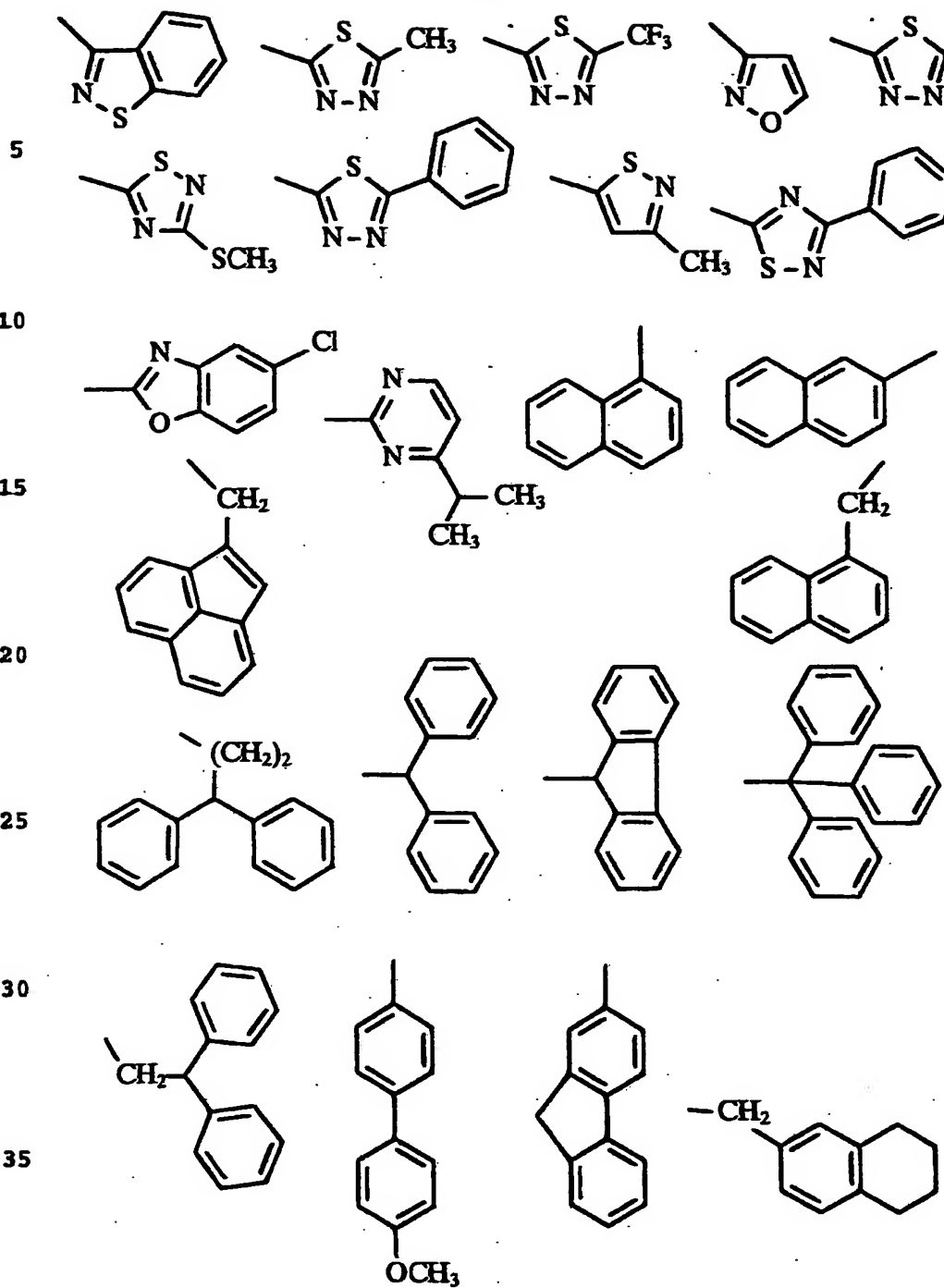
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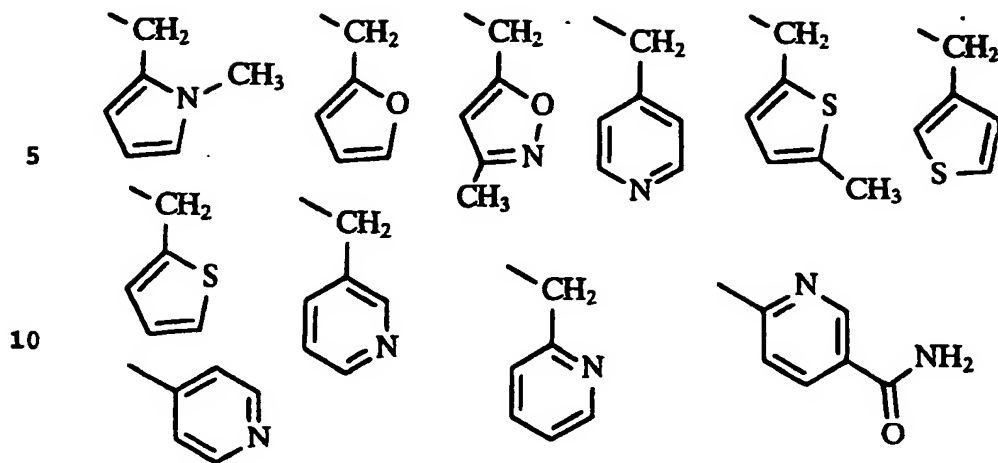
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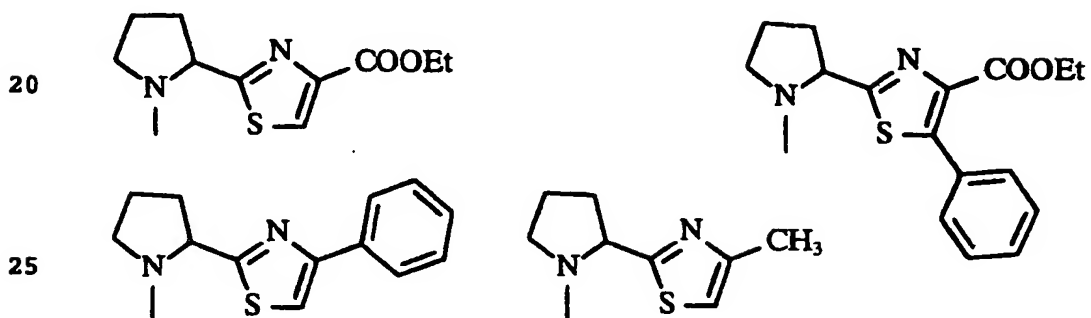




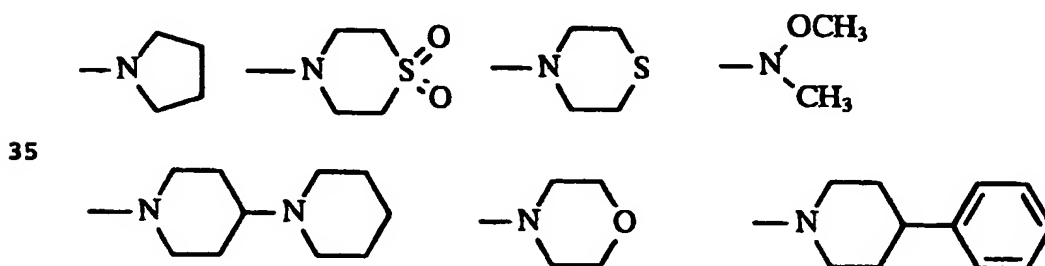
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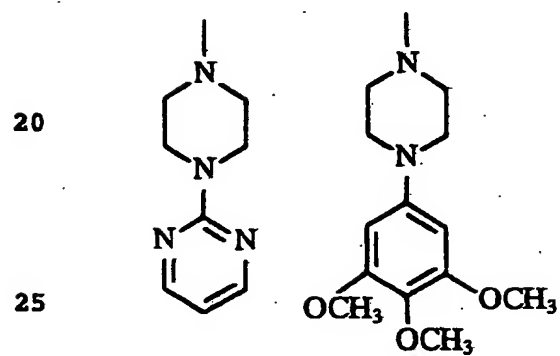
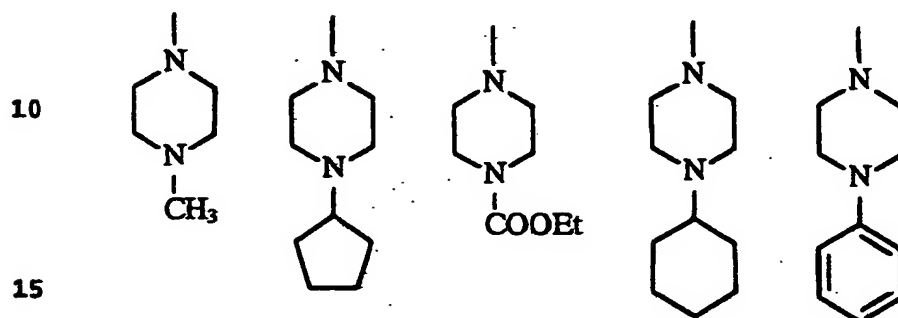
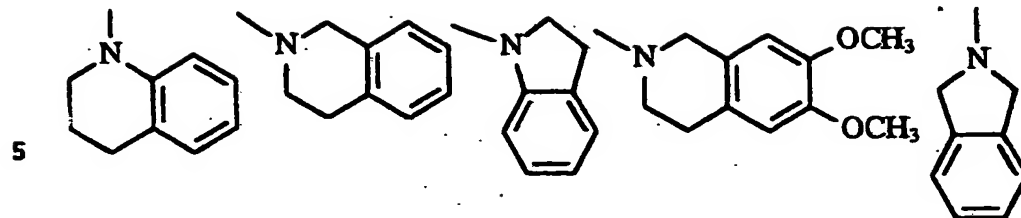
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 $R^5-N-CHR^7$ -5-membered heteroaryl is $R^5-N-R^6$  together are

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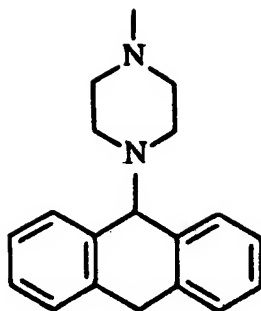
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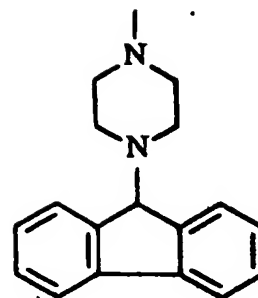
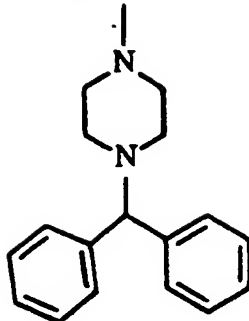
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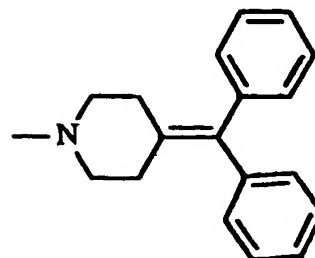
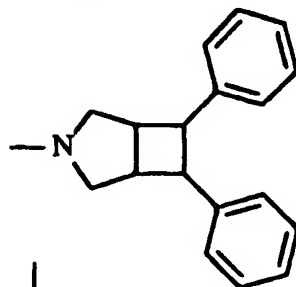
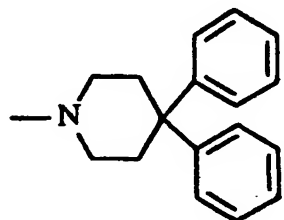
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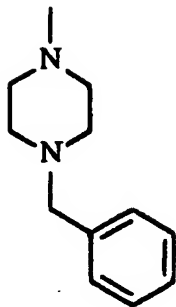
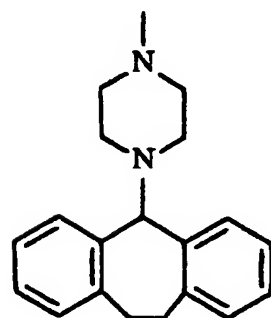
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These examples illustrate but do not limit the scope of the present invention.

- 5 The peptides of the formula I are composed preferably of L-amino acids but they may contain one or more D-amino acids.

The new compounds may be present as salts with physiologically tolerated acids such as: hydrochloric acid, citric acid, tartaric acid, lactic acid, phosphoric acid, methanesulfonic acid, acetic acid, formic acid, maleic acid, fumaric acid, malic acid, succinic acid, malonic acid, sulfuric acid, L-glutamic acid, L-aspartic acid, pyruvic acid, mucic acid, benzoic acid, glucuronic acid, oxalic acid, ascorbic acid and acetylglycine.

15

The novel compounds can be prepared by known methods of peptide chemistry. Thus, the peptides can be assembled sequentially from amino acids or by linking suitable small peptide fragments. In the sequential assemblage, starting at the C terminus the peptide chain is extended stepwise by one amino-acid each time. In fragment coupling it is possible to link together fragments of different lengths, and the fragments in turn can be obtained by sequential assemblage from amino acids or themselves by fragment coupling.

25

Both in the sequential assemblage and in the fragment coupling it is necessary to link the units by forming an amide linkage. Enzymatic and chemical methods are suitable for this.

- 30 Chemical methods for forming the amide linkage are described in detail by Müller, Methoden der organischen Chemie Vol. XV/2, pp 1 to 364, Thieme Verlag, Stuttgart, 1974; Stewart, Young, Solid Phase Peptide Synthesis, pp 31 to 34, 71 to 82, Pierce Chemical Company, Rockford, 1984; Bodanszky, Klausner, Ondetti, Peptide Synthesis, pp 85 to 128, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1976 and other standard works on peptide chemistry. Particular preference is given to the azide method, the symmetric and mixed anhydride method, in situ generated or preformed active esters, the use of urethane protected N-carboxy anhydrides of amino acids and the formation of the amide linkage using coupling reagents (activators, especially dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (DCC), diisopropylcarbodiimide (DIC), 1-ethoxycarbonyl-2-ethoxy-1,2-dihydroquinoline (EEDQ), 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (EDCI), n-propanephosphonic anhydride (PPA), N,N-bis(2-oxo-3-oxazolidinyl)-midophosphoryl chloride (BOP-Cl), bromo-tris-pyrrolidinophosphonium hexa-fluorophosphate (PyBrop), diphenylphosphoryl azide (DPPA), Castro's reagent (BOP, PyBop),

## 55

O-benzotriazolyl-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyluronium salts (HBTU), diethylphosphoryl cyanide (DEPCN), 2,5-diphenyl-2,3-dihydro-3-oxo-4-hydroxythiophene dioxide (Steglich's reagent; HOTDO) and 1,1'-carbonyldiimidazole (CDI). The coupling reagents can be employed alone or in combination with additives such as N,N-dimethyl-4-aminopyridine (DMAP), N-hydroxy-benzotriazole (HOBT), N-hydroxybenzotriazine (HOObt), N-hydroxysuccinimide (HOSu) or 2-hydroxypyridine.

10 Whereas it is normally possible to dispense with protective groups in enzymatic peptide synthesis, reversible protection of reactive groups not involved in formation of the amide linkage is necessary for both reactants in chemical synthesis. Three conventional protective group techniques are preferred for the chemical  
15 peptide synthesis: the benzyloxycarbonyl (Z), the t-butoxycarbonyl (Boc) and the 9-fluorenylmethoxycarbonyl (Fmoc) techniques. Identified in each case is the protective group on the  $\alpha$ -amino group of the chain-extending unit. A detailed review of amino-acid protective groups is given by Müller, Methoden der organis-  
20 chen Chemie Vol. XV/1, pp 20 to 906, Thieme Verlag, Stuttgart, 1974. The units employed for assembling the peptide chain can be reacted in solution, in suspension or by a method similar to that described by Merrifield in J. Amer. Chem. Soc. 85 (1963) 2149. Particularly preferred methods are those in which peptides are  
25 assembled sequentially or by fragment coupling using the Z, Boc or Fmoc protective group technique, with one of the reactants in the said Merrifield technique being bonded to an insoluble polymeric support (also called resin hereinafter). This typically entails the peptide being assembled sequentially on the polymeric  
30 support using the Boc or Fmoc protective group technique, the growing peptide chain being covalently bonded at the C terminus to the insoluble resin particles (cf. Fig. 1 and 2). This procedure makes it possible to remove reagents and byproducts by filtration, and thus recrystallization of intermediates is un-  
35 necessary.

The protected amino acids can be linked to any suitable polymers, which merely have to be insoluble in the solvents used and to have a stable physical form which makes filtration easy. The  
40 polymer must contain a functional group to which the first protected amino acid can be firmly attached by a covalent bond. Suitable for this purpose are a wide variety of polymers, eg. cellulose, polyvinyl alcohol, polymethacrylate, sulfonated polystyrene, chloromethylated styrene/divinylbenzene copolymer  
45 (Merrifield resin), 4-methylbenzhydrylamine resin (MBHA-resin), phenylacetamidomethyl-resin (Pam-resin), p-benzyloxy-benzyl-alcohol-resin, benzhydryl-amine-resin (BHA-resin), 4-(hydroxyme-

thyl)benzoyloxy-methyl-resin, the resin of Breipohl et al. (Tetrahedron Letters 28 (1987) 565; supplied by BACHEM), 4-(2,4-dimethoxyphenylaminomethyl)phenoxy-resin (supplied by Novabiochem) or o-chlorotrityl-resin (supplied by Biohellas).

5

Suitable for peptide synthesis in solution are all solvents which are inert under the reaction conditions, especially water, N,N-dimethylformamide (DMF), dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO), acetonitrile, dichloromethane (DCM), 1,4-dioxane, tetrahydrofuran (THF),

10 N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (NMP) and mixtures of the said solvents.

Peptide synthesis on the polymeric support can be carried out in all inert organic solvents in which the amino-acid derivatives used are soluble; however, preferred solvents additionally have resin-swelling properties, such as DMF, DCM, NMP, acetonitrile

15 and DMSO, and mixtures of these solvents. After synthesis is complete, the peptide is cleaved off the polymeric support. The conditions under which cleavage off the various resin types is possible are disclosed in the literature. The cleavage reactions most commonly used are acid- and palladium-catalyzed, especially

20 cleavage in liquid anhydrous hydrogen fluoride, in anhydrous trifluoromethanesulfonic acid, in dilute or concentrated trifluoroacetic acid, palladium-catalyzed cleavage in THF or THF-DCM mixtures in the presence of a weak base such as morpholine or cleavage in acetic acid/dichloromethane/trifluoroethanol mix-

25 tures. Depending on the chosen protective groups, these may be retained or likewise cleaved off under the cleavage conditions. Partial deprotection of the peptide may also be worthwhile when certain derivatization reactions are to be carried out. Peptides

30 dialkylated at the N-terminus can be prepared either by coupling on the appropriate N,N-di-alkylamino acids in solution or on the polymeric support or by reductive alkylation of the resin-bound peptide in DMF/1% acetic acid with  $\text{NaCNBH}_3$  and the appropriate aldehydes. The various non-naturally occurring amino acids as well as the various non-amino acid moieties disclosed herein may35 be obtained from commercial sources or synthesized from commercially-available materials using methods known in the art. For example, amino acids building blocks with  $\text{R}^1$  and  $\text{R}^2$  moieties can be prepared according to E. Wunsch, Houben Weyl, Meth. d. Org. Chemie, Bd. XV, 1, p. 306 following, Thieme Verlag Stuttgart 197440 and Literature cited therein. Peptides with  $\gamma$ - or  $\delta$ -lactam bridges can be prepared by incorporating the appropriate lactam-bridged dipeptide units (R. Freidinger, J. Org. Chem. (1982) 104-109) into the peptide chain. Peptides with thiazole-, oxazol-, thiazolin- or oxazolin-containing dipeptide building blocks

45 can be prepared by incorporating the appropriate dipeptidic units (P. Jouin et al., Tetrahedron Letters (1992), 2807-2810; P. Wipf et al., Tetrahedron Letters (1992), 907-910; W.R. Tully, J. Med.

Chem. (1991), 2065; Synthesis (1987), 235) into the peptide chain.

The compounds of this invention may be used to inhibit or otherwise treat solid tumors (e.g. tumors of the lung, breast, colon, prostate, bladder, rectum, or endometrial tumors) or hematological malignancies (e.g. leucemias, lymphomas) by administration of the compound to the mammal. Administration may be by any of the means which are conventional for pharmaceutical, preferably oncological, agents, including oral and parenteral means such as subcutaneously, intravenously, intramuscularly and intraperitoneally. The compounds may be administered alone or in the form of pharmaceutical compositions containing a compound of formula I together with a pharmaceutically accepted carrier appropriate for the desired route of administration. Such pharmaceutical compositions may be combination products, i.e., may also contain other therapeutically active ingredients.

The dosage to be administered to the mammal will contain an effective tumor-inhibiting amount of active ingredient which will depend upon conventional factors including the biological activity of the particular compound employed; the means of administration; the age, health and body weight of the recipient; the nature and extent of the symptoms; the frequency of treatment; the administration of other therapies; and the effect desired. A typical daily dose will be about 5 to 250 milligrams per kilogram of body weight on oral administration and about 1 to 100 milligrams per kilogram of body weight on parenteral administration.

The novel compounds can be administered in conventional solid or liquid pharmaceutical administration forms, eg. uncoated or (film-)coated tablets, capsules, powders, granules, suppositories or solutions. These are produced in a conventional manner. The active substances can for this purpose be processed with conventional pharmaceutical aids such as tablet binders, fillers, preservatives, tablet disintegrants, flow regulators, plasticizers, wetting agents, dispersants, emulsifiers, solvents, sustained release compositions, antioxidants and/or propellant gases (cf. H. Sucker et al.: Pharmazeutische Technologie, Thieme-Verlag, Stuttgart, 1978). The administration forms obtained in this way normally contain 1-90% by weight of the active substance.

The following examples are intended to illustrate the invention. The proteinogenous amino acids are abbreviated in the examples using the known three-letter code. Other meanings are: TFA = tri-

fluoroacetic acid, Ac = acetic acid, Bu = butyl, Et = ethyl, Me = methyl, Bzl = benzyl.

#### A. General procedures

5

1. The peptides claimed in claim 1 are either synthesized by classical solution synthesis using standard Z- and Boc-methodology as described above or by standard methods of solid-phase synthesis on a completely automatic model 431A synthesizer supplied  
10 by APPLIED BIOSYSTEMS. The apparatus uses different synthetic cycles for the Boc and Fmoc protective group techniques.

#### a) Synthetic cycle for the Boc protective group technique

- |    |     |  |            |
|----|-----|--|------------|
| 15 | 1.  | 30% trifluoroacetic acid in DCM  | 1 x 3 min  |
|    | 2.  | 50% trifluoroacetic acid in DCM  | 1 x 1 min  |
|    | 3.  | DCM washing  | 5 x 1 min  |
|    | 4.  | 5% diisopropylethylamine in DCM  | 1 x 1 min  |
|    | 5.  | 5% diisopropylethylamine in NMP  | 1 x 1 min  |
| 20 | 6.  | NMP washing  | 5 x 1 min  |
|    | 7.  | Addition of preactivated<br>protected amino acid<br>(activation with 1 equivalent of<br>DCC and 1 equivalent of HOBT in<br>NMP/DCM); |            |
| 25 |     | Peptide coupling (1st part)  | 1 x 30 min |
|    | 8.  | Addition of DMSO to the reaction<br>mixture until it contains 20% DMSO<br>by volume  |            |
| 30 | 9.  | Peptide coupling (2nd part)  | 1 x 16 min |
|    | 10. | Addition of 3.8 equivalents of<br>diisopropylethylamine to the reaction<br>mixture   |            |
|    | 11. | Peptide coupling (3rd part)  | 1 x 7 min  |
| 35 | 12. | DCM washing  | 3 x 1 min  |
|    | 13. | if conversion is incomplete,<br>repetition of coupling (back to 5.)  |            |
|    | 14. | 10% acetic anhydride,<br>5% diisopropylethylamine in DCM   | 1 x 2 min  |
| 40 | 15. | 10% acetic anhydride in DCM  | 1 x 4 min  |
|    | 16. | DCM washing  | 4 x 1 min  |
|    | 17. | back to 1.   |            |

BOP-Cl and PyBrop were used as reagents for coupling of the  
45 amino acid following N-methylamino acids. The reaction times were correspondingly increased. In solution synthesis, the use of either Boc-protected amino acid NCAs (N-tert.-butyloxycarbonyl-



## 59

amino acid-N-carboxy-anhydrides) or Z-protected amino acid NCAs (N-benzylloxycarbonyl-amino acid-N-carboxy-anhydrides) respectively is most advantageous for this type of coupling.

### 5 b) Synthetic cycle for the Fmoc protective group technique

- |       |  |            |
|-------|--|------------|
| 1.    | DMF washing  | 1 x 1 min  |
| 2.    | 20% piperidine in DMF  | 1 x 4 min  |
| 3.    | 20% piperidine in DMF  | 1 x 16 min |
| 10 4. | DMF washing  | 5 x 1 min  |
| 5.    | Addition of the preactivated protected amino acid (activation by 1 equivalent of TBTU and 1.5 equivalent of DIPEA in DMF); |            |
| 15    | Peptide coupling   | 1 x 61 min |
| 6.    | DMF washing  | 3 x 1 min  |
| 7.    | if conversion is incomplete, repetition of coupling (back to 5.)   |            |
| 8.    | 10% acetic anhydride in DMF  | 1 x 8 min  |
| 20 9. | DMF washing  | 3 x 1 min  |
| 10.   | back to 2.   |            |

BOP-Cl and PyBrop were used as reagents for coupling on the amino acid following the N-methylamino acids. The reaction times were correspondingly increased.

### II. Reductive alkylation of the N terminus

The peptide-resin prepared as in AIa or AIb was deprotected at the N terminus (steps 2-4 in AIb or 1-6 in AIa) and then reacted with a 3-fold molar excess of aldehyde or ketone in DMF/1% acetic acid with addition of 3 equivalents of NaCNBH<sub>3</sub>. After reaction was complete (negative Kaiser test) the resin was washed several times with water, isopropanol, DMF and dichloromethane.

35

### III. Workup of the peptide-resins obtained as in Ia and II

The peptide-resin was dried under reduced pressure and transferred into a reaction vessel of a TEFLON HF apparatus (supplied by PENINSULA). Addition of a scavenger, preferably anisole (1 ml/g of resin), and in the case of tryptophan-containing peptides of a thiol to remove the indolic formyl group, preferably ethanedithiol (0.5 ml/g of resin), was followed by condensing in hydrogen fluoride (10 ml/g of resin) while cooling with liquid N<sub>2</sub>. The mixture was left to warm to 0°C and stirred at this temperature for 45 min. The hydrogen fluoride was then stripped off under reduced pressure, and the residue was washed with ethyl acetate in

order to remove remaining scavenger. The peptide was extracted with 30% strength acetic acid and filtered, and the filtrate was lyophilized.

#### 5 IV. Work-up of the peptide-resins obtained as in Ib and II

The peptide-resin was dried under reduced pressure and then subjected to one of the following cleavage procedures, depending on the amino-acid composition (Wade, Tregear, Howard Florey Fmoc  
10 Workshop Manual, Melbourne 1985).

Cleavage conditions				
15		TFA	Scavenger	Reaction time
	1	95%	5% H2O	1.5 h
20	2	95%	5% ethanedithiol/anisol (1:3)	1,5 h

The suspension of the peptide-resin in the suitable TFA mixture was stirred at room temperature for the stated time and then the  
25 resin was filtered off and washed with TFA and DCM. The filtrate and the washings were concentrated, and the peptide was precipitated by addition of diethyl ether. After cooling in an ice bath, the precipitate was filtered off, taken up in 30% acetic acid and lyophilized.

30 V. When an o-chlorotrityl-resin (supplied by Biohellas) is used, the suspension of the peptide-resin in an acetic acid/trifluoroethanol/dichloromethane mixture (1:1:3) is stirred at room temperature for 1 h. The resin is then filtered off with suction  
35 and thoroughly washed with the cleavage solution. The combined filtrates are concentrated in vacuo and treated with water. The precipitated solid is removed by filtration or centrifugation, washed with diethyl ether and dried under reduced pressure.

#### 40 VI. Purification and characterization of the peptides

Purification was carried out by gel chromatography (SEPHADEX G-10, G-15/10% HOAc, SEPHADEX LH20/MeOH) with or without subsequent medium pressure chromatography (stationary phase: HD-SIL  
45 C-18, 20-45  $\mu$ , 100 Å; mobile phase: gradient with A = 0.1% TFA/MeOH, B = 0.1% TFA/H<sub>2</sub>O).

## 61

The purity of the resulting products was determined by analytical HPLC (stationary phase: 100 2.1 mm VYDAC C-18, 5  $\mu$ , 300 Å; mobile phase: CH<sub>3</sub>CN/H<sub>2</sub>O gradient, buffered with 0.1% TFA, 40°C). Characterization was by amino-acid analysis and fast atom bombardment mass spectroscopy.

## B. Specific procedures

## EXAMPLE 1 (SEQ ID NO: 1)

10

N,N-Dimethyl-Val-Val-N-methyl-Val-Pro-Pro-Val-Phe-NH<sub>2</sub>

1.98 g of Fmoc-RINK-resin (substitution 0.46 mmol/g), corresponding to a batch size of 0.84 mmol, were reacted as in A1b with  
15 1.26 mmol each of

	Fmoc-Phe-OH	Fmoc-N-methyl-Val-OH
	Fmoc-Val-OH	Fmoc-Val-OH
	Fmoc-Pro-OH	Fmoc-Val-OH
20	Fmoc-Pro-OH	

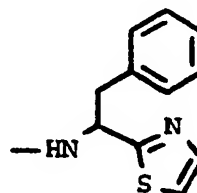
The amino acid following the N-methylamino acid was coupled on with PyBrop as coupling reagent. After the iterative synthetic cycles were completed, the peptide-resin underwent N-terminal  
25 deprotection (steps 2-4 in A1b), and was further reacted with aqueous formaldehyde solution as in A11 and then dried under reduced pressure. The resulting resin was subjected to TFA cleavage as in A1V. The crude product (590 mg) was purified by gel filtration (SEPHADEX-LH-20). The yield was 295 mg.

30

## EXAMPLE 2 (SEQ ID NO: 2)

35

N,N-Dimethyl-Val-Val-N-Me-Val-Pro



40 4.11 g of Fmoc-Pro-p-alkoxybenzyl-alcohol-resin (substitution 0.73 mmol/g), corresponding to a batch size of 3 mmol, were reacted as in A1b with 4.5 mmol each of

	Fmoc-N-MeVal-OH
45	Fmoc-Val-OH
	Fmoc-Val-OH.

## 62

The amino acid following the N-methylamino acid was in this case reacted with double coupling using PyBrop or Bop-Cl with increased reaction times. After the synthesis was complete, the peptide-resin underwent N-terminal deprotection (steps 2-4 in 5 AIIb), and was further reacted with aqueous formaldehyde solution as in AII and then dried under reduced pressure. The resin obtained in this way was subjected to TFA cleavage as in AIV. The crude product (750 mg) was employed directly for the next coupling. 100 mg of this compound were reacted with 45 mg of 10 (S)-2-[1-amino-2-phenylethyl]thiazole and 230 mg of PyBop with the addition of 192  $\mu$ l of DIPEA in DMF at room temperature for 2 d. The reaction mixture was purified by gel chromatography (Sephadex LH-20, methanol) and the product fractions were combined. 83 mg of product were obtained.

15

The following compounds were prepared and can be prepared according to examples 1 and 2:

3. Kaa Val Xan Pro Pro Val Phe
- 20 4. Kaa Val Xan Pro Pro Val Xac
5. Kaa Val Xan Pro Pro Val Xad
6. Kaa Val Xan Pro Pro Val Xae
7. Kaa Val Xan Pro Pro Val Xaf
8. Kaa Val Xan Pro Pro Val His-NH<sub>2</sub>
- 25 9. Kbo Val Xan Pro Pro Val Phe-NH<sub>2</sub>
10. Kaa Val Xan Pro Pro Val Xag-NH<sub>2</sub>
11. Kaa Val Xan Pro Pro Val Xah
12. Kaa Xbe Xan Pro Pro Val Trp-NH<sub>2</sub>
13. Kaa Val Xan Pro Pro Kai Phe-NH<sub>2</sub>
- 30 14. Kae Val Xan Pro Pro Ile Phe-NH<sub>2</sub>
15. Kaa Val Xan Pro Xal Val Phe-NH<sub>2</sub>
16. Kaa Val Xan Pro Xak Val Phe-NH<sub>2</sub>
17. Kaa Val Xan Kak Pro Val Phe-NH<sub>2</sub>
18. Kaa Val Xan Xal Pro Val Phe-NH<sub>2</sub>
- 35 19. Kaa Val Xao Pro Pro Val Phe-NH<sub>2</sub>
20. Kaa Val Xam Pro Pro Val Phe-NH<sub>2</sub>
21. Kaa Kap Pro Pro Val Phe-NH<sub>2</sub>
22. Kaa Kaq Pro Pro Val Phe-NH<sub>2</sub>
23. Kaa Ile Xan Pro Pro Val Phe-NH<sub>2</sub>
- 40 24. Kaa Kai Xan Pro Pro Val Phe-NH<sub>2</sub>
25. Kaa Leu Xan Pro Pro Val Phe-NH<sub>2</sub>
26. Kar Val Xan Pro Pro Val Phe-NH<sub>2</sub>
27. Kas Val Xan Pro Pro Val Phe-NH<sub>2</sub>
28. Kat Val Xan Pro Pro Val Phe-NH<sub>2</sub>
- 45 29. Kau Val Xan Pro Xal Val Phe-NH<sub>2</sub>
30. Kav Val Xan Pro Pro Val Phe-NH<sub>2</sub>
31. Kan Val Xan Pro Pro Val Phe-NH<sub>2</sub>

## 63

32. Xaw Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe-NH<sub>2</sub>  
33. Xax Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe-NH<sub>2</sub>  
34. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Phe Phe-NH<sub>2</sub>  
35. Xaz Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe-NH<sub>2</sub>  
5 36. Xba Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe-NH<sub>2</sub>  
37. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val-NH<sub>2</sub>  
38. Kaa Val Kan Pro Xbb  
39. Kaa Val Kan Pro Xbc  
40. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xbd  
10 41. Xax Val Kan Pro Pro Val-NH<sub>2</sub>  
42. Xaw Val Kan Pro Pro Val-NH<sub>2</sub>  
43. Kat Val Kan Pro Pro Val-NH<sub>2</sub>  
44. Kaa Kai Kan Pro Pro Val-NH<sub>2</sub>  
45. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Kai-NH<sub>2</sub>  
15 46. Kaa Val Kan Xak Pro Val-NH<sub>2</sub>  
47. Kaa Val Kan Pro Xak Val-NH<sub>2</sub>  
48. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val  
49. Xav Val Kan Pro Pro Val-NH<sub>2</sub>  
50. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro-NH<sub>2</sub>  
20 51. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro  
52. Kaa Val Kan Pro Xbf  
53. Kaa Val Kan Xbb  
54. Kaa Val Kan Xbc  
55. Kaa Val Kan Xbg  
25 56. Kaa Val Kan Xbh  
57. Kaa Val Kan Xbi  
58. Kaa Val Kan Xbk  
59. Kaa Val Kan Xbl  
60. Kaa Val Kan Xbm  
30 61. Kaa Val Kan Xbn  
62. Xax Val Kan Pro Pro-NH<sub>2</sub>  
63. Xaw Val Kan Pro Pro-NH<sub>2</sub>  
64. Xbo Val Kan Pro Pro-NH<sub>2</sub>  
65. Kat Val Kan Pro Pro-NH<sub>2</sub>  
35 66. Kaa Kai Kan Pro Pro-NH<sub>2</sub>  
67. Kat Kai Kan Pro Pro-NH<sub>2</sub>  
68. Kaa Kap Pro Pro-NH<sub>2</sub>  
69. Kaa Xaq Pro Pro-NH<sub>2</sub>  
70. Xav Val Kan Pro Pro-NH<sub>2</sub>  
40 71. Kaa Kap Pro-NH<sub>2</sub>  
72. Kaa Xaq Pro-NH<sub>2</sub>  
73. Kaa Val Kan Pro  
74. Kaa Val Xbp  
75. Kaa Val Xbq  
45 76. Kaa Val Xbr  
77. Kaa Val Xbs  
78. Kaa Val Kan Xbf

79. Kaa Val Xbt  
80. Kaa Val Xbu  
81. Kaa Val Xbv  
82. Kaa Val Xbw  
5 83. Kax Val Kan Pro-NH<sub>2</sub>  
84. Kbo Val Kan Pro-NH<sub>2</sub>  
85. Kav Val Kan Pro-NH<sub>2</sub>  
86. Kaa Val Kan Pro Xbn  
87. Kaa Val Kan Pro Xbg  
10 88. Kaa Val Kan Pro Xbi  
89. Kaa Val Kan Pro Xbl  
90. Kbo Val Kan Pro Xbg  
91. Kbo Val Kan Pro Xbl  
92. Kbo Kbe Kan Pro Xbg  
15 93. Kaa Val Kan Pro Xbx  
94. Kaa Xbe Kan Pro Pro-NH<sub>2</sub>  
95. Kby Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
96. Ked Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
97. Kee Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
20 98. Kef Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
99. Kbz Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
100. Keg Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
101. Xca Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
102. Xcb Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
25 103. Xcb Val Kao Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
104. Xcc Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
105. Xce Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
107. Xcg Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
108. Xch Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
30 109. Xci Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
110. Xck Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
111. Xcl Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
112. Xcm Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
113. Xcn Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
35 114. Khn Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
115. Kho Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
116. Xhp Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
117. Khq Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
118. Kby Val Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
40 119. Ked Val Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
120. Kee Val Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
121. Kef Val Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
122. Kbz Val Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
123. Keg Val Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
45 124. Kca Val Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
125. Xcb Val Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
126. Xcc Val Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>

## 65

127. Xce Val Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>.  
128. Xcg Val Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
129. Xch Val Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
130. Xci Val Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
5 131. Xck Val Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
132. Xcl Val Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
133. Xcm Val Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
134. Xcn Val Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
135. Xhn Val Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
10 136. Xho Val Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
137. Xhp Val Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
138. Xhq Val Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
139. Xby Val Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
140. Xed Val Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
15 141. Xee Val Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
142. Xef Val Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
143. Xbz Val Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
144. Xeg Val Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
145. Xca Val Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
20 146. Xcb Val Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
147. Xcc Val Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
148. Xce Val Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
149. Xcg Val Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
150. Xch Val Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
25 151. Xci Val Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
152. Xck Val Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
153. Xcl Val Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
154. Xcm Val Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
155. Xcn Val Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
30 156. Xhn Val Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
157. Xho Val Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
158. Xhp Val Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
159. Xhq Val Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
160. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Kei  
35 161. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Kem  
162. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Keo  
163. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Kex  
164. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Xeq  
165. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Xex  
40 166. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Key  
167. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Xfb  
168. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Xfe  
169. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Xfh  
170. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Xfu  
45 171. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Xfv  
172. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Xft  
173. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Xfw

66

174. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Xfx  
175. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Xga  
176. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Xgd  
177. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Xgg  
5 178. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Xgh  
179. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Xgi  
180. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Xgl  
181. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Xgs  
182. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Xgv  
10 183. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Xhe  
184. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Xgy  
185. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Xhd  
186. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Khb  
187. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Xhc  
15 188. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Xhl  
189. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xeh  
190. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Ken  
191. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xeo  
192. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xep  
20 193. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xeq  
194. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xer  
195. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xet  
196. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xeu  
197. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xes  
25 198. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xew  
199. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xez  
200. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xfc  
201. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xff  
202. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xfi  
30 203. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xfs  
204. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xfz  
205. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xgc  
206. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xgf  
207. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xgm  
35 208. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xgr  
209. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xgu  
210. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xgs  
211. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xgx  
212. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xha  
40 213. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xhk  
214. Kaa Val Kan Pro Kek  
215. Kaa Val Kan Pro Ken  
216. Kaa Val Kan Pro Xer  
217. Kaa Val Kan Pro Xep  
45 218. Kaa Val Kan Pro Xeq  
219. Kaa Val Kan Pro Xer  
220. Kaa Val Kan Pro Xet



221. Kaa Val Xan Pro Xeu  
222. Kaa Val Xan Pro Kes  
223. Kaa Val Xan Pro Xfa  
224. Kaa Val Xan Pro Xfd  
5 225. Kaa Val Xan Pro Xfg  
226. Kaa Val Xan Pro Xfl  
227. Kaa Val Xan Pro Xfk  
228. Kaa Val Xan Pro Xfm  
229. Kaa Val Xan Pro Xfn  
10 230. Kaa Val Xan Pro Xfo  
231. Kaa Val Xan Pro Xfp  
232. Kaa Val Xan Pro Xfq  
233. Kaa Val Xan Pro Xfr  
234. Kaa Val Xan Pro Xfy  
15 235. Kaa Val Xan Pro Xgb  
236. Kaa Val Xan Pro Xge  
237. Kaa Val Xan Pro Xgk  
238. Kaa Val Xan Pro Xgn  
239. Kaa Val Xan Pro Xhi  
20 240. Kaa Val Xan Pro Xgo  
241. Kaa Val Xan Pro Xgp  
242. Kaa Val Xan Pro Xgq  
243. Kaa Val Xan Pro Xgt  
244. Kaa Val Xan Pro Xgw  
25 245. Kaa Val Xan Pro Xgz  
246. Kaa Val Xan Pro Xhm  
247. Kaa Xco Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
248. Kaa Xcp Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
249. Kaa Xcq Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
30 250. Kaa Xcr Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
251. Kaa Xcs Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
252. Kaa Xct Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
253. Kaa Xcu Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
254. Kaa Xcw Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
35 255. Kaa Xcv Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
256. Kaa Xcx Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
257. Kaa Xcy Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
258. Kaa Xda Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
259. Kaa Xdb Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
40 260. Kaa Xdc Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
261. Kaa Xdd Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
262. Kaa Xdf Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
263. Kaa Xdg Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
264. Kaa Xdh Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
45 265. Kaa Xco Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
266. Kaa Xcp Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
267. Kaa Xcq Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>

268. Kaa Xcr Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
269. Kaa Xcs Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
270. Kaa Xct Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
271. Kaa Xcu Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
5 272. Kaa Xcw Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
273. Kaa Xcv Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
274. Kaa Xcx Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
275. Kaa Xcy Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
276. Kaa Xcz Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
10 277. Kaa Xda Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
278. Kaa Xdb Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
279. Kaa Xdc Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
280. Kaa Xde Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
281. Kaa Xdf Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
15 282. Kaa Xdg Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
283. Kaa Xdh Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
284. Kaa Xco Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
285. Kaa Xcp Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
286. Kaa Xcq Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
20 287. Kaa Xcr Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
288. Kaa Xcs Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
289. Kaa Xct Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
290. Kaa Xcu Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
291. Kaa Xcw Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
25 292. Kaa Xcv Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
293. Kaa Xcx Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
294. Kaa Xcy Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
295. Kaa Xcz Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
296. Kaa Xda Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
30 297. Kaa Xdb Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
298. Kaa Xdc Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
299. Kaa Xdd Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
300. Kaa Xdf Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
301. Kaa Xdg Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
35 302. Kaa Xdh Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
303. Kds Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
304. Kdt Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
305. Kdu Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
306. Kdv Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
40 307. Kdw Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
308. Kdx Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
309. Kdy Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
310. Kdz Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
311. Kea Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
45 312. Keb Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
313. Kec Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
314. Kds Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>

315. Kdt Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
316. Kdu Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
317. Kdv Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
318. Kdw Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
5 319. Kdx Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
320. Kdy Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
321. Kdz Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
322. Kea Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
323. Keb Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
10 324. Kec Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
325. Kds Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
326. Kdt Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
327. Kdu Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
328. Kdv Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
15 329. Kdw Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
330. Kdx Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
331. Kdy Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
332. Kdz Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
333. Kea Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
20 334. Keb Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
335. Kec Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
336. Kds Val Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
337. Kds Val Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
338. Kdv Val Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
25 339. Kds Kan Pro Kfy  
340. Kdv Kan Pro Kfy  
341. Kaa Val Khf Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
342. Kaa Val Xhg Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
343. Kaa Val Khh Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
30 344. Kaa Val Khf Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
345. Kaa Val Xhg Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
346. Kaa Val Khh Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
347. Kaa Val Khf Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
348. Kaa Val Xhg Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
35 349. Kaa Val Khh Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
350. Kaa Val Khf Pro Kfy  
351. Kaa Val Xhg Pro Kfy  
352. Kaa Val Khh Pro Kfy  
353. Kaa Val Khf Pro Xgb  
40 354. Kaa Val Xhg Pro Xgb  
355. Kaa Val Khh Pro Xgb  
356. Ked Val Kan Pro Kfy  
357. Xby Val Kan Pro Kfy  
358. Xby Val Kan Pro Xhi  
45 359. Kef Val Kan Pro Kfy  
360. Kef Val Kan Pro Xhi  
361. Xca Val Kan Pro Kfy

362. Xca Val Kan Pro Khi  
363. Kaa Val Kan Pro Xdp Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
364. Kaa Val Kan Pro Xdq Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
365. Kaa Val Kan Pro Xdr Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
5 366. Kaa Val Kan Pro Xdp NH<sub>2</sub>  
367. Kaa Val Kan Pro Xdq NH<sub>2</sub>  
368. Kaa Val Kan Pro Xdr NH<sub>2</sub>  
369. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xdi NH<sub>2</sub>  
370. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xcs NH<sub>2</sub>  
10 371. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xct NH<sub>2</sub>  
372. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xcu NH<sub>2</sub>  
373. Kaa Xcs Pro Pro Xdi NH<sub>2</sub>  
374. Kaa Xct Pro Pro Xdi NH<sub>2</sub>  
375. Kaa Xcs Pro Xdp Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
15 376. Kaa Xct Pro Xdp Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
377. Kaa Xcs Pro Xdp NH<sub>2</sub>  
378. Kaa Xct Pro Xdp NH<sub>2</sub>  
379. Kaa Xcs Pro Xdq NH<sub>2</sub>  
380. Kaa Xct Pro Xdq NH<sub>2</sub>  
20 381. Kaa Xcs Pro Xdr NH<sub>2</sub>  
382. Kaa Xct Pro Xdr NH<sub>2</sub>  
383. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xdi NH<sub>2</sub>  
384. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xdk NH<sub>2</sub>  
385. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xdl NH<sub>2</sub>  
25 386. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xdm NH<sub>2</sub>  
387. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xdn NH<sub>2</sub>  
388. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xdo NH<sub>2</sub>  
389. Xca Val Kan Pro Pro Phe Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
390. Xby Val Kan Pro Pro Phe Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
30 391. Xca Val Kan Pro Pro Phe Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
392. Xef Val Khf Pro Pro tLeu Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
393. Xef Val Khf Pro Pro tLeu Aic NH<sub>2</sub>  
394. Xef Val Khf Pro Pro tLeu Tic NH<sub>2</sub>  
395. Xef Val Kan Pro Xfy  
35 396. Xef Val Kan Pro Xbg  
397. Xef Val Kan Pro Xbh  
398. Xef Val Kan Pro Xgn  
399. Xca Xct Pro Xfy  
400. Kaa tLeu Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
40 401. Kaa Leu Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
402. Kaa Ile Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
403. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro tLeu Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
404. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Leu Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
405. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Ile Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
45 406. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Dab NH<sub>2</sub>  
407. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Ala NH<sub>2</sub>  
408. Kaa Dab Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>

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409. Kaa Dab Xan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
410. Kaa Dab Xan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
411. Xht Val Xan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
412. Khu Val Xan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
5 413. Xht Val Xan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
413(a). Khu Val Xan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
414. Xht Val Xan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
415. Khu Val Xan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
416. Kaa Val Xhy Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
10 417. Kaa Val Khz Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
418. Kaa Val Xhy Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
419. Kaa Val Khz Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
420. Kaa Val Xhy Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
421. Kaa Leu Khz Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
15 422. Kaa Val Xhy Xfy  
423. Xa Val Khz Xfy  
424. Khv Val Xan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
425. Khw Val Xan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
426. Khx Val Xan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
20 427. Khv Val Xan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
428. Khw Val Xan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
429. Khx Val Xan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
430. Khv Val Xan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
431. Khw Val Xan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
25 432. Khx Val Xan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
433. Kaa Val Xan Pro Xia  
434. Kaa Val Xan Pro Xib  
435. Kaa Val Xan Pro Xic  
436. Kaa Val Xan Pro Xid  
30 437. Kaa Val Xan Pro Xie  
438. Xby Val Xan Pro Xia  
439. Xby Val Xan Pro Xib  
440. Xby Val Xan Pro Xic  
441. Xby Val Xan Pro Xid  
35 442. Xby Val Xan Pro Xie  
443. Xca Val Xan Pro Xia  
444. Xca Val Xan Pro Xib  
445. Xca Val Xan Pro Xic  
446. Xca Val Xan Pro Xid  
40 447. Xca Val Xan Pro Xie  
448. Xed Val Xan Pro Xia  
449. Xed Val Xan Pro Xib  
450. Xed Val Xan Pro Xic  
451. Xed Val Xan Pro Xid  
45 452. Xed Val Xan Pro Xie  
453. Xby Leu Xan Pro Xia  
454. Xby Leu Xan Pro Xib

455. Kby Ile Kan Pro Xic  
456. Kby Ile Kan Pro Kid  
457. Kby Leu Kan Pro Xie  
458. Kca Leu Kan Pro Xia  
5 459. Kca Val Kao Pro Xib  
460. Kca Val Kao Pro Xic  
461. Kat Val Khf Pro Kak Leu Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
462. Kat Val Khf Pro Xhr Leu Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
463. Ked Val Khf Pro Kak Leu Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
10 464. Ked Val Khf Pro Xhr Leu Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
465. Kat Val Khf Pro Kak Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
466. Kat Val Khf Pro Xhr Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
467. Ked Val Khf Pro Kak Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
468. Ked Val Khf Pro Xhr Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
15 469. Kat Val Khf Pro Kak NH<sub>2</sub>  
470. Kat Val Khf Pro Xhr NH<sub>2</sub>  
471. Ked Val Khf Pro Kak NH<sub>2</sub>  
472. Kat Val Khf Pro Xia  
473. Kat Val Khf Pro Xib  
20 474. Ked Val Khf Pro Xic  
475. Ked Val Khf Pro Kid  
476. Kat Val Khf Pro Xie  
477. Kat Val Khf Pro Xhs NH<sub>2</sub>  
478. Ked Val Khf Pro Xhs NH<sub>2</sub>  
25 479. Kat Val Khf Pro Kak Xfz  
480. Kat Val Khf Pro Xhr Xfz  
481. Ked Val Khf Pro Kak Xfz  
482. Ked Val Khf Pro Xhr Xfz  
483. Kat Val Khf Pro Kak Xbw  
30 484. Kat Val Khf Pro Xhr Xbw  
485. Ked Val Khf Pro Kak Xbw  
486. Ked Val Khf Pro Xhr Xbw  
487. Kat Val Khf Pro Kak Ker  
488. Kat Val Khf Pro Xhr Ker  
35 489. Ked Val Khf Pro Kak Ker  
490. Ked Val Khf Pro Xhr Ker  
491. Kat Val Khf Pro Kak Xgi  
492. Kat Val Khf Pro Xhr Xgi  
493. Ked Val Khf Pro Kak Xgi  
40 494. Ked Val Khf Pro Xhr Xgi  
495. Kat Val Khf Pro Kak Xif  
496. Kat Val Khf Pro Xhr Xif  
497. Ked Val Khf Pro Kak Xif  
498. Ked Val Khf Pro Xhr Xif  
45 499. Kat Val Khf Pro Kak Xig  
500. Kat Val Khf Pro Xhr Xig  
501. Ked Val Khf Pro Kak Xig

502. Xed Val Khf Pro Xhr Xig  
503. Xaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xif  
504. Xaa Val Kan Pro Xig  
505. Xca Val Kan Pro Pro Xif  
5 506. Xca Val Kan Pro Xig  
507. Xby Val Kan Pro Pro Xif  
508. Xby Val Kan Pro Xig  
509. Xed Val Kan Pro Pro Xif  
510. Xed Val Kan Pro Xig  
10 511. Xaa Leu Kan Pro Pro Xif  
512. Xaa Leu Kan Pro Xig  
513. Xca Leu Kan Pro Pro Xif  
514. Xca Leu Kan Pro Xig  
515. Xby Leu Kan Pro Pro Xif  
15 516. Xby Leu Kan Pro Xig  
517. Xed Leu Kan Pro Pro Xif  
518. Xed Leu Kan Pro Xig  
519. Xaa Lys Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
520. Xaa Lys Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
20 521. Xaa Lys Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
522. Xaa Lys Kan Pro Xfy  
523. Xaa Chg Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
524. Xaa Chg Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
525. Xaa Chg Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
25 526. Xaa Val Xii Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
527. Xaa Val Xii Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
528. Xaa Val Xii Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
529. Xaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Lys NH<sub>2</sub>  
530. Xaa Val Kan Pro Kik  
30 531. Xaa Val Kan Pro Pro Xil NH<sub>2</sub>  
532. Xaa Val Xbu  
533. Xby Val Xbu  
534. Xca Val Xbu  
535. Xaa Val Xbv  
35 536. Xby Val Xbv  
537. Xca Val Xbv  
538. Xaa Val Kan Pro Pro Kab  
539. Xaa Val Kan Kab  
540. Xim Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
40 541. Xin Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
542. Xio Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
543. Xip Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
544. Xiq Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
545. Xkd Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
45 546. Xim Val Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
547. Xin Val Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
548. Xio Val Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>

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549. Kip Val Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
550. Kiq Val Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
551. Kkd Val Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
552. Kim Val Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
5 553. Kin Val Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
554. Kio Val Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
555. Kip Val Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
556. Kiq Val Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
557. Kkd Val Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
10 558. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Kir  
559. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Kis  
560. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Kit  
561. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Val Kiu  
562. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Kiv  
15 563. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Kiw  
564. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Kiy  
565. Kaa Val Kan Pro Pro Kix  
566. Kaa Val Kan Pro Kiz  
567. Kaa Val Kan Pro Kka  
20 568. Kaa Val Kan Pro Kkb  
569. Kaa Val Kan Pro Kkc  
570. Kke Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
571. Kkf Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
572. Kkg Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
25 573. Kkh Val Kan Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
574. Kke Val Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
575. Kkf Val Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
576. Kkg Val Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
577. Kkh Val Kan Pro Pro Val NH<sub>2</sub>  
30 578. Kke Val Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
579. Kkf Val Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
580. Kkg Val Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
581. Kkh Val Kan Pro Pro NH<sub>2</sub>  
582. Kaa Kcz Pro Pro Val Phe NH<sub>2</sub>  
35 583. Ked Val Khf Pro Xhr NH<sub>2</sub>

Examples for the MS-characterization of the synthesized novel compounds are given in the following table.

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5	EXAMPLE No.	Fast atom bombardment. M S analysis Mol.-Weight (measured)	EXAMPLE No.	Fast atom bombardment M S analysis Mol.-Weight (measured)
	3	798	56	550
10	16	810	101	853
	24	811	115	845
	28	811	139	579
	30	825	234	641
15	33	881	403	811
	34	845	544	869
	37	649		

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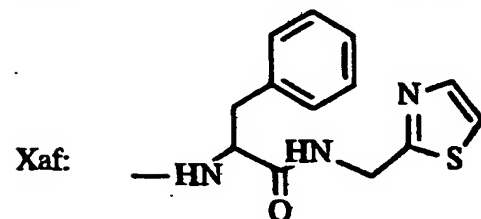
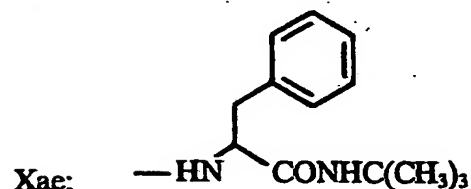
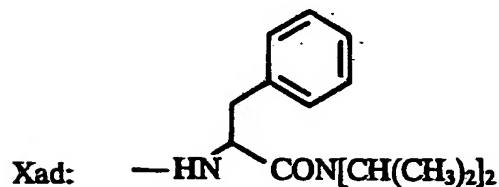
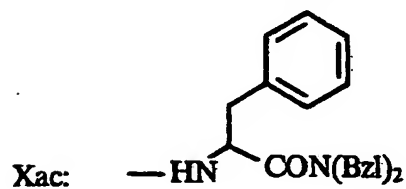
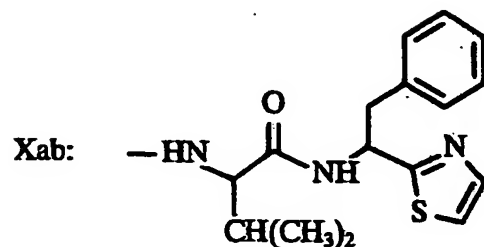
Table I - Sequence Identification of Compounds Prepared According to Examples 1 and 2

Compound Number(s)	Sequence ID Number
38, 39, 52, 86-91, 93, 214-246, 350-362, 366-368, 395-398, 433-452, 459, 460, 469-478, 504, 506, 508, 510, 530, 566-569, 583	2
3, 9, 26-28, 30-33, 35, 36, 95-117, 341-343, 416, 417, 424-426, 526, 540-545, 570-573	3
4-7, 10, 11, 406, 558-561	4
8	5
12	6
13, 392, 403	7
14	8
15, 16, 29	9
17, 18	10
19, 20	11
21, 22, 247-264, 303-313, 582	12
23, 402	13
24, 400	14
25, 401	15
34	16
37, 118-138, 344-346	17
40, 45, 189-213, 369-372, 383-388, 503, 505, 507, 509, 531, 538, 562-565	18
41-43, 48, 49, 527	19
44	20
46, 50, 51, 62-65, 70, 139-159, 347-349, 414, 415, 420, 421, 430-432, 528, 552-557, 578-581	21
47	22
53-61, 78, 422, 423, 539	23
66, 67, 94, 410, 524	24
68, 69, 284-302, 325-335	25

Compound Number (s)	Sequence ID Number
73, 83-85	26
92	27
160-188	28
265-283, 314-324	29
336	30
337, 338	31
339, 340, 377-382, 399	32
363-365	33
373, 374	34
375, 376	35
389-391	36
393, 394	37
404	38
405	39
407	40
408	41
409	42
411, 412, 418, 419, 427-429, 546-551, 574-577	43
413, 413(a), 453, 454, 457, 458, 512, 514, 516, 518	44
455, 456	45
465-468	46
461-464	47
479-502	48
515, 517	49
513	50
519	51
520	52
521	53
522	54
523	55
525	56
529	57

The symbols Xaa... in the summary have the following meanings:

Xaa: N,N-Dimethylvaline



Xag: Tetrahydroisoquinoline carboxylic acid

Xah: 1-Aminoindane-1-carboxylic acid

Xai: tert-Leucine or 2-tert-butylglycine

Xak: Homoproline or pipercolic acid

Xal: 1-aminopentane-1-carboxylic acid

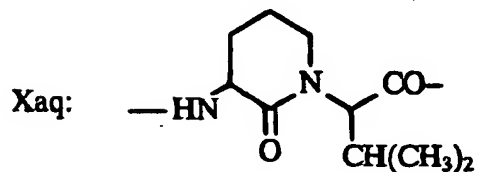
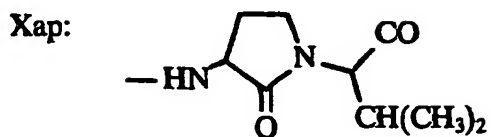
Xam: N-Methylisoleucine

Xan: N-Methylvaline

Xao: N-Methylleucine

Xan: N-Methylvaline

Xao: N-Methyllucine



Xar: N,N-Dimethylisoleucine

Xas: N,N-Dimethyllucine

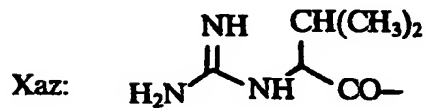
Xat: N,N-Dimethyl-tert-leucine

Xau: N,N-Dimethyl-3-tert-butylalanin

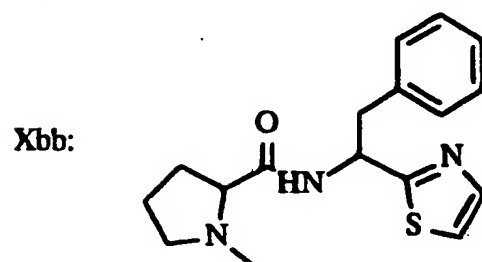
Xav: N-Acetyl-N-methylvaline

Xaw: N-Methyl-N-benzylvaline

Xax: N,N-Dibutylvaline

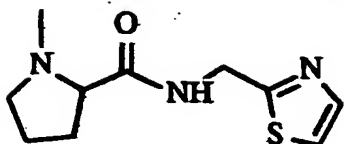


Xba: N-Benzylvaline

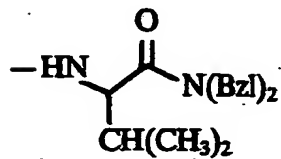


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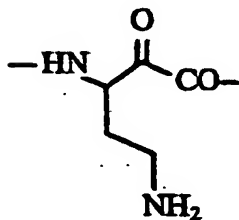
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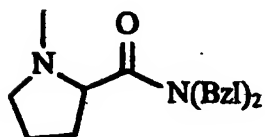
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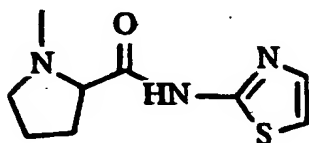
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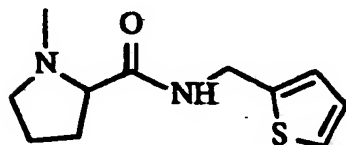
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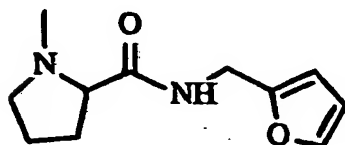
Xbg:



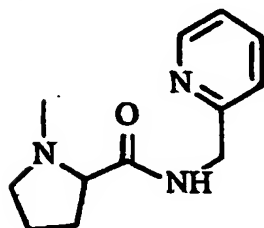
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Xbi:

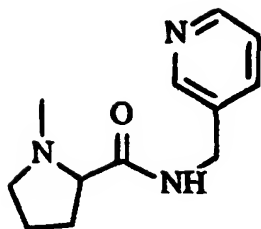


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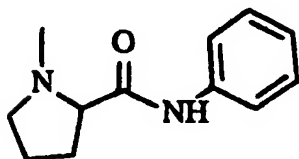


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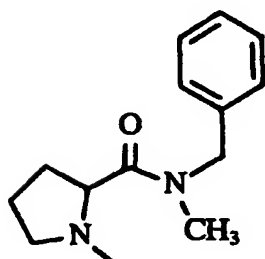
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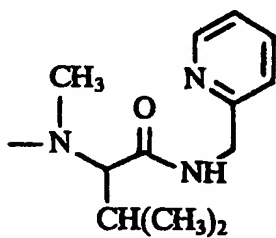


Xbn:

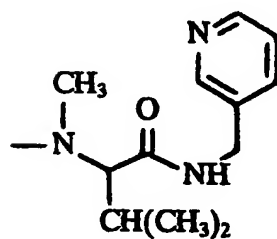


Xbo: N-Methyl-N-isopropylvaline

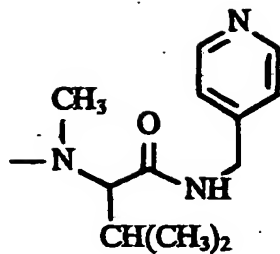
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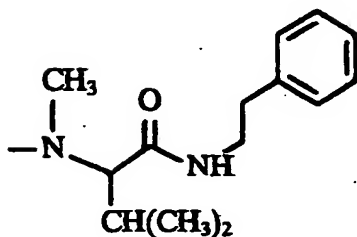
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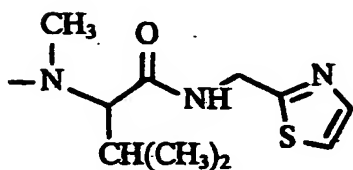
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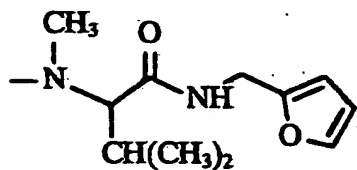
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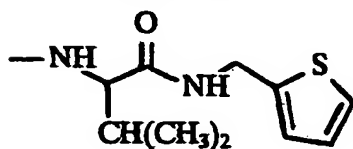
Xbu:



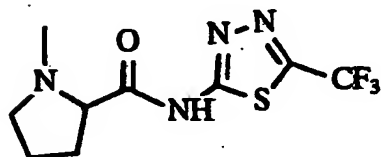
Xbv:



Xbw:



Xbx:



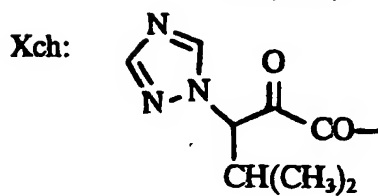
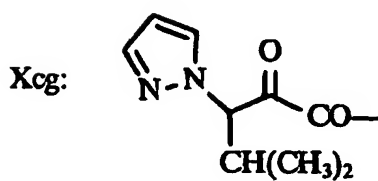
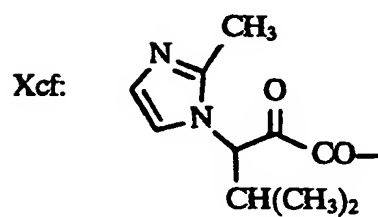
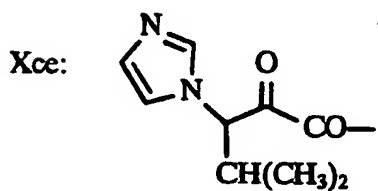
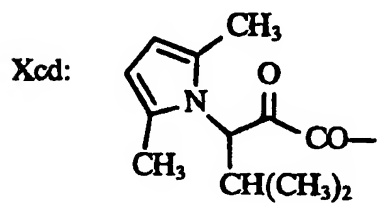
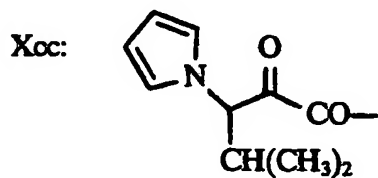
Xby: N,N-Diethylvaline

Xbz: N,N-Bis(2-fluoroethyl)valine

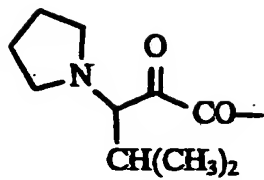


Xca: N,N-Dipropylvaline

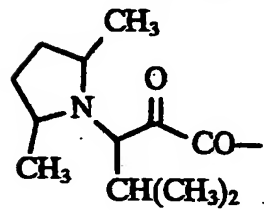
Xcb: N-Cyclopropylvaline



Xci:



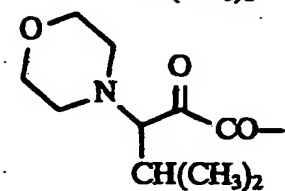
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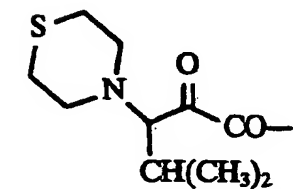
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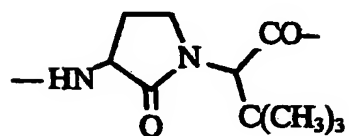
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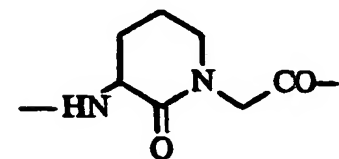
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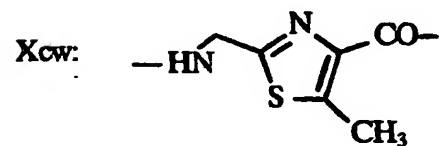
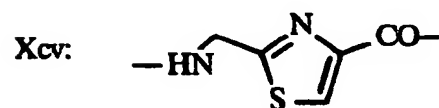
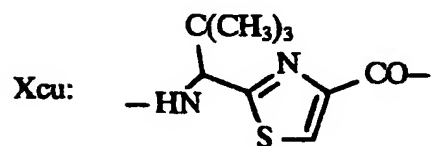
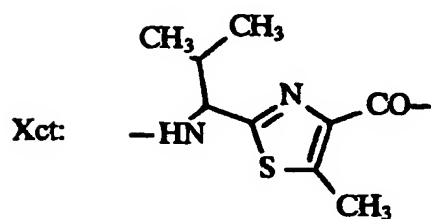
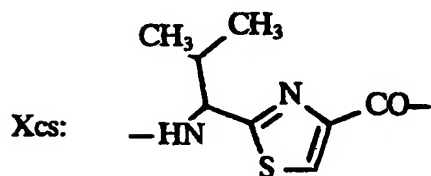
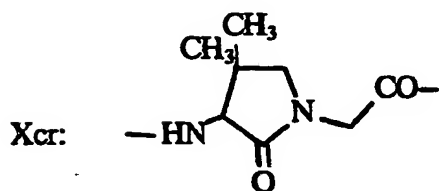
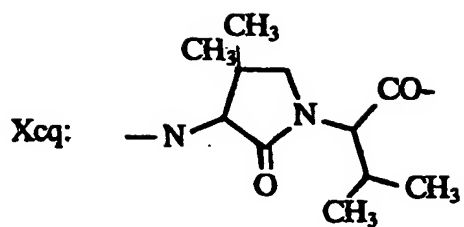


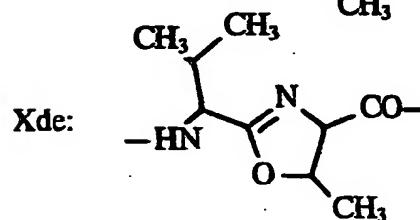
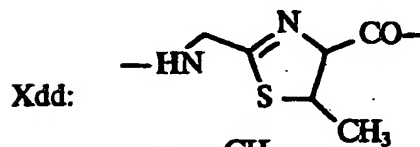
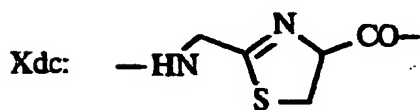
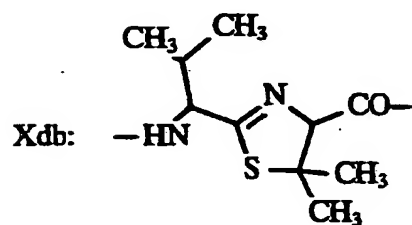
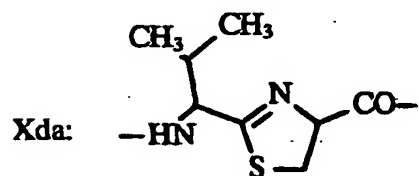
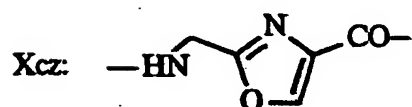
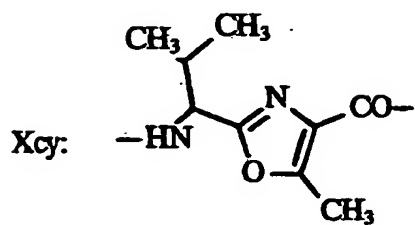
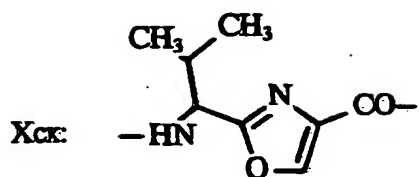
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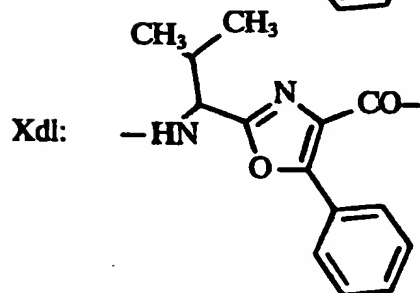
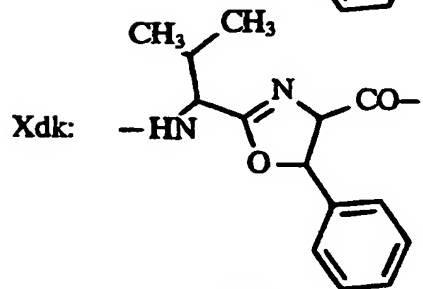
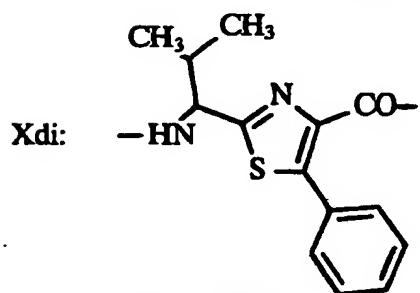
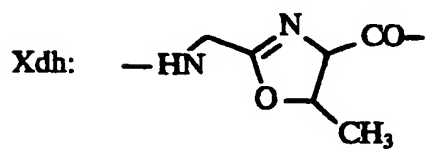
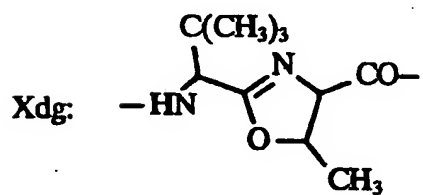
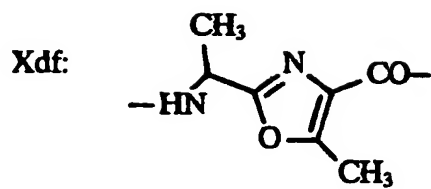


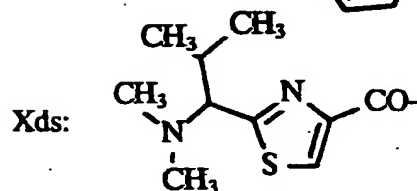
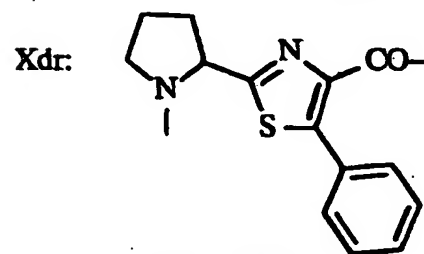
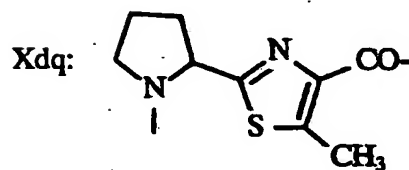
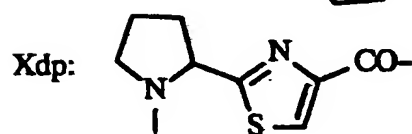
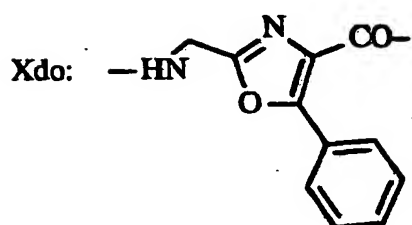
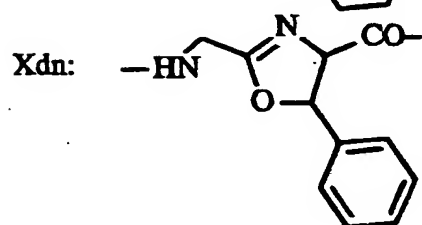
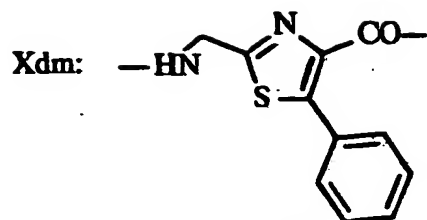
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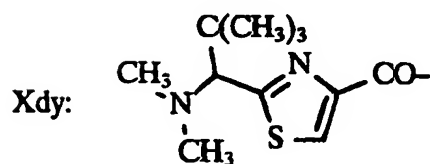
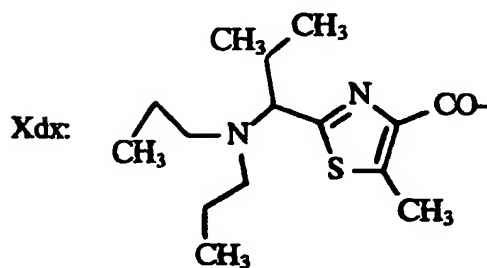
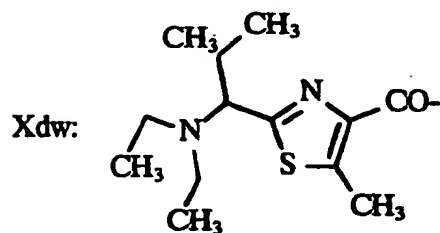
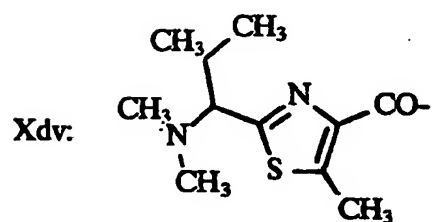
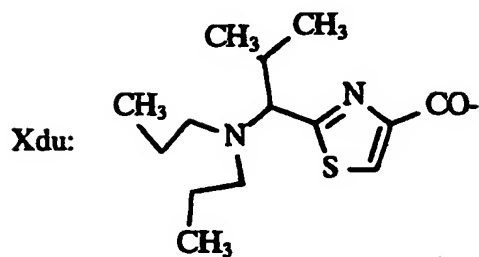
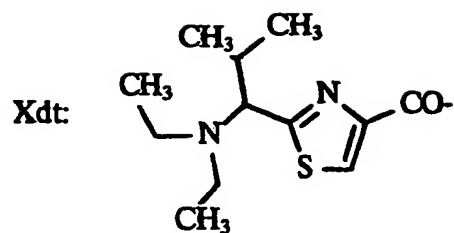


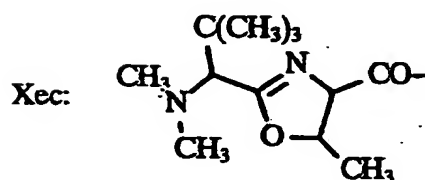
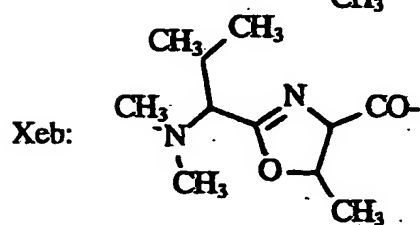
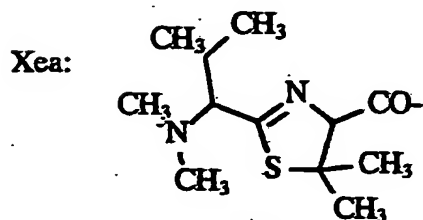
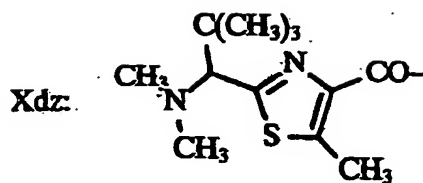










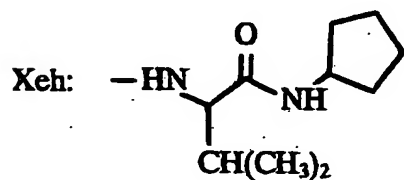


Xed: N,N-Diethyl-tert-leucin

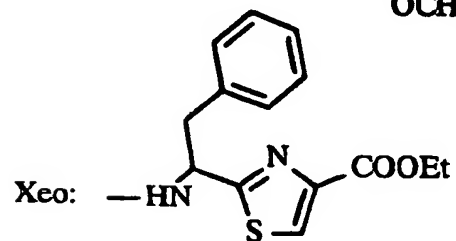
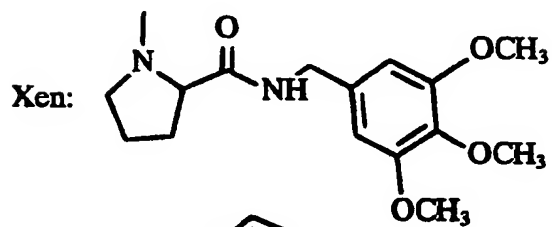
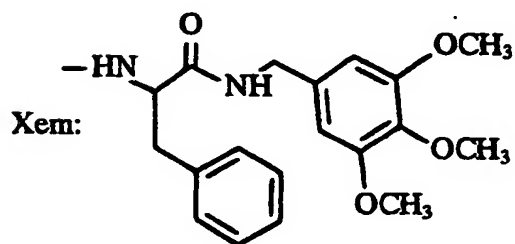
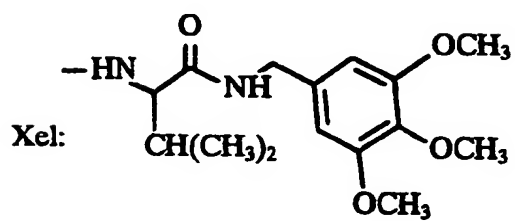
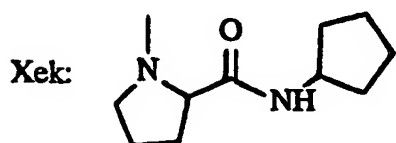
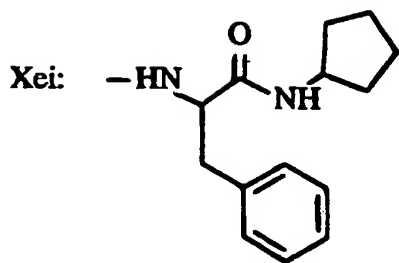
Xee: N,N-Ditrifluoroethyl-tert-leucine

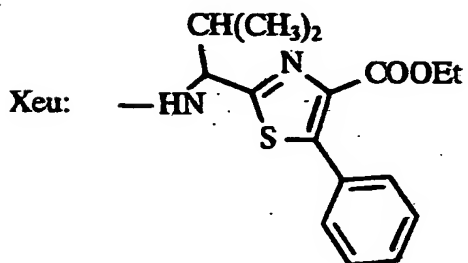
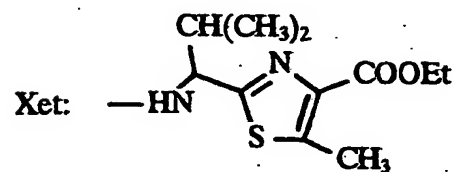
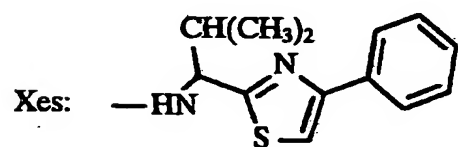
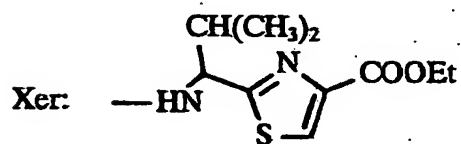
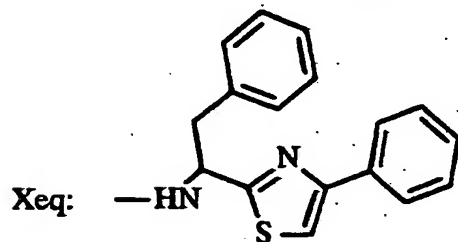
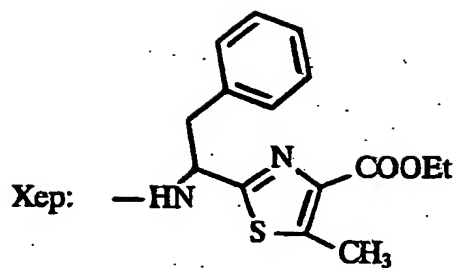
Xef: N,N-Dipropyl-tert-leucine

Xeg: N-Cyclopropyl-tert-leucine

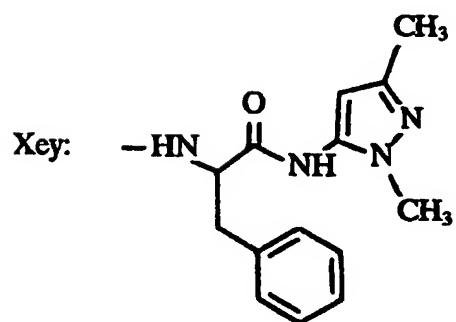
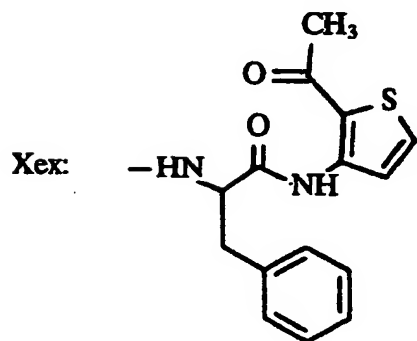
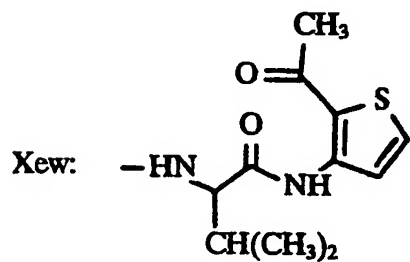
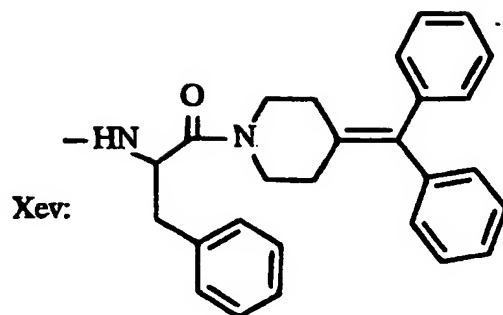


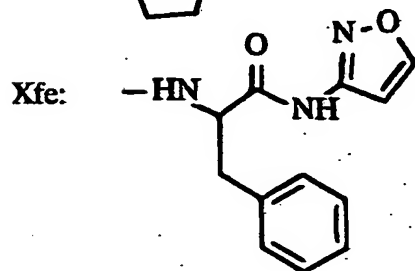
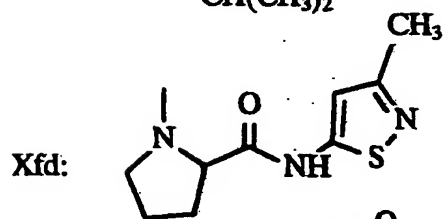
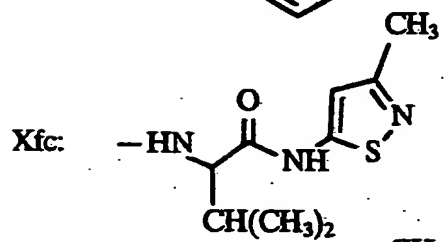
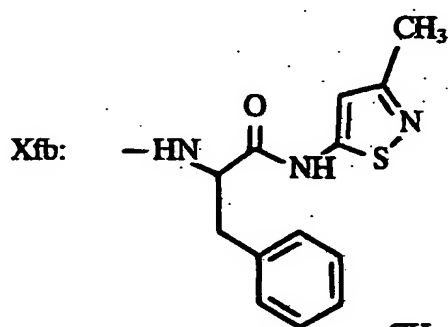
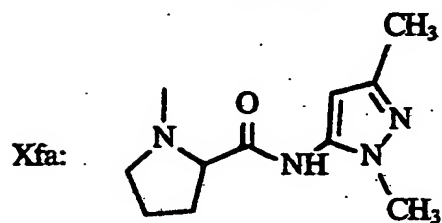
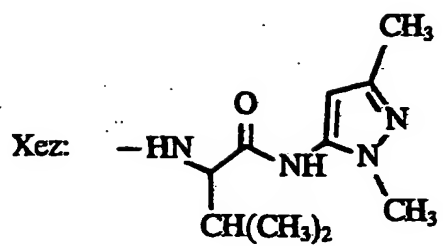


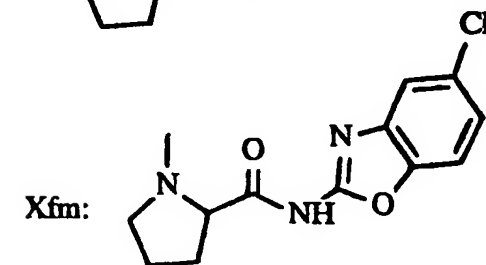
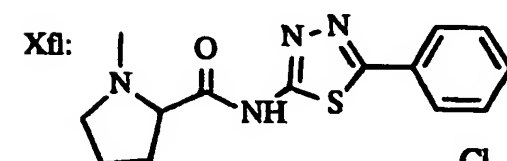
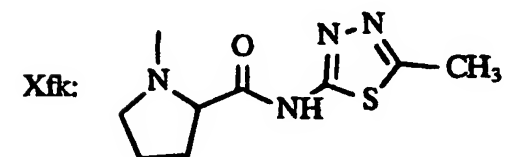
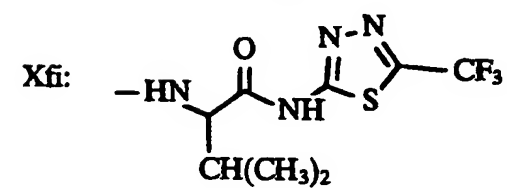
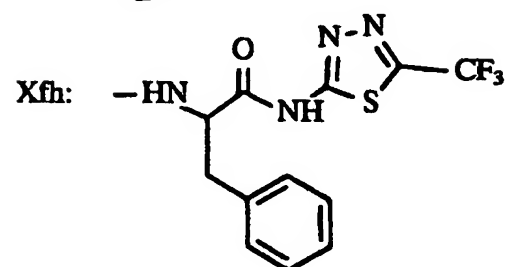
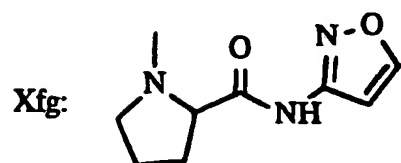
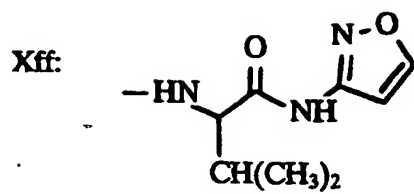


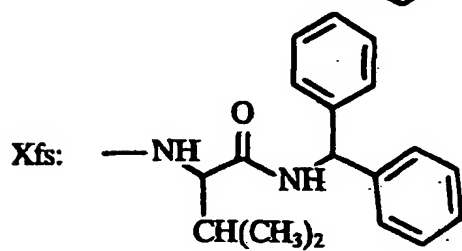
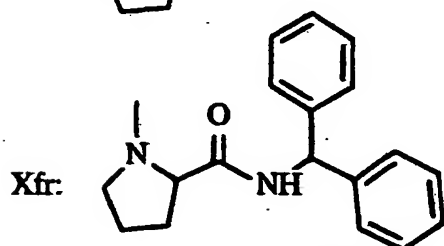
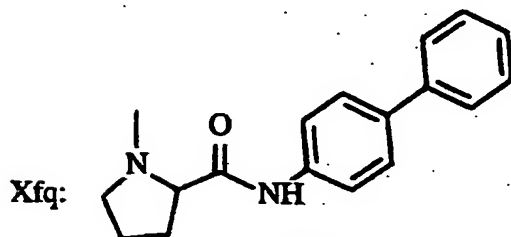
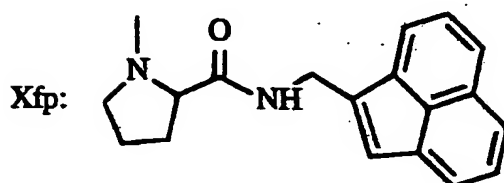
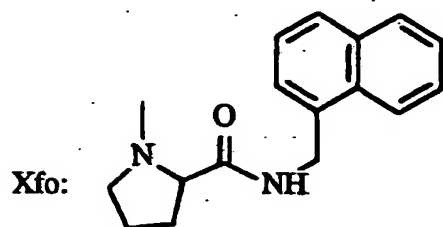
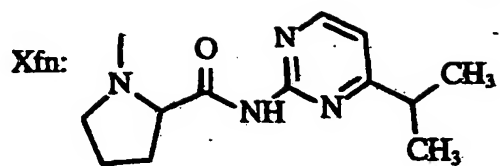


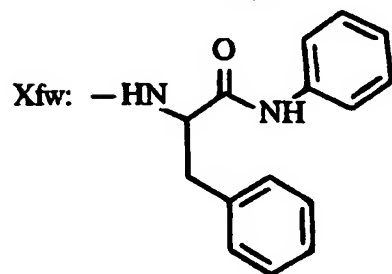
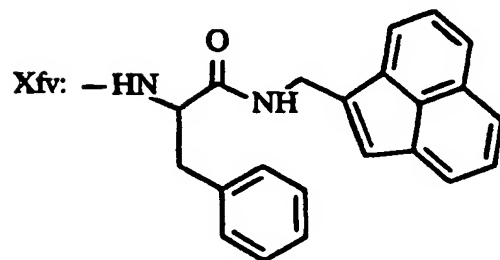
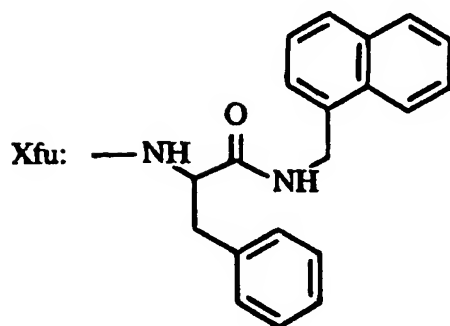
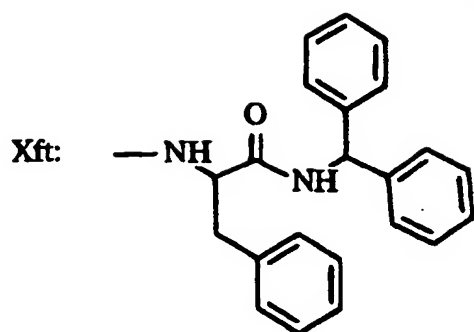
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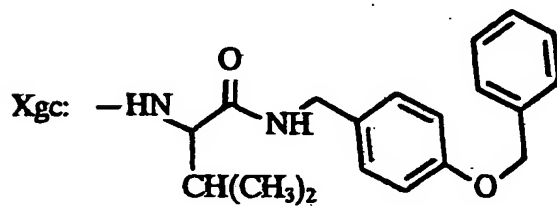
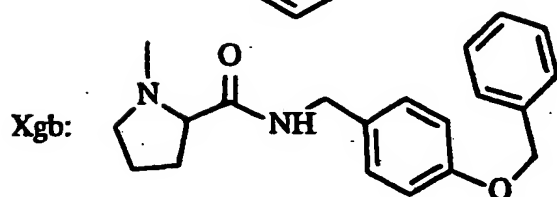
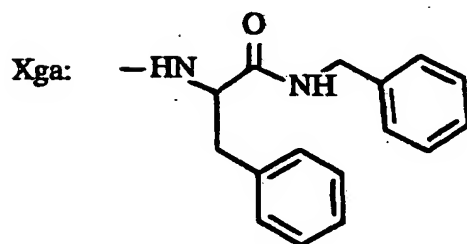
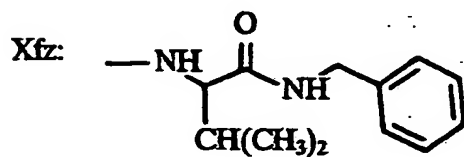
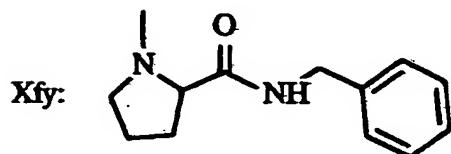
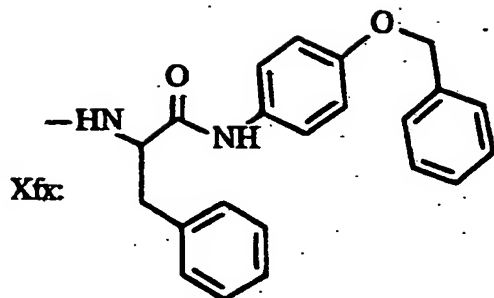






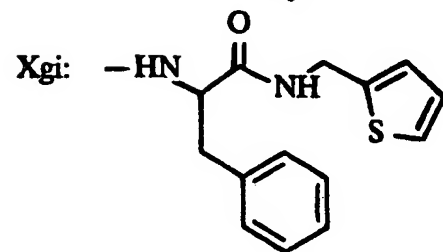
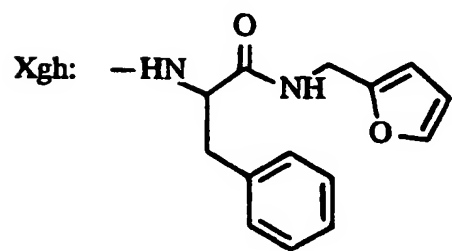
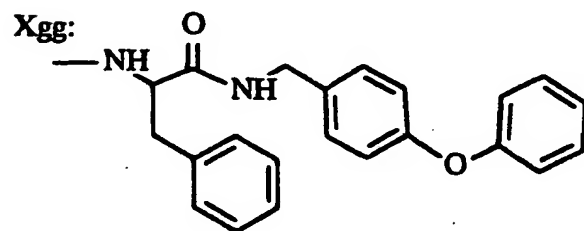
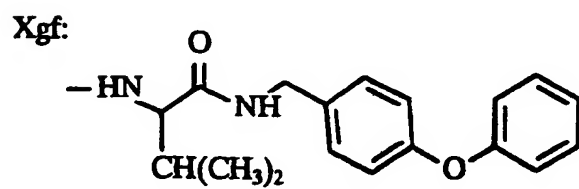
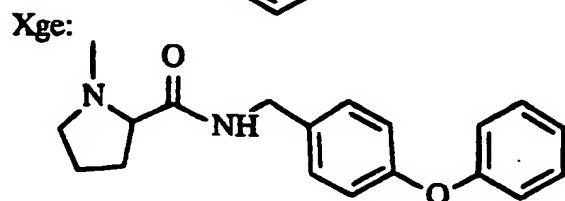
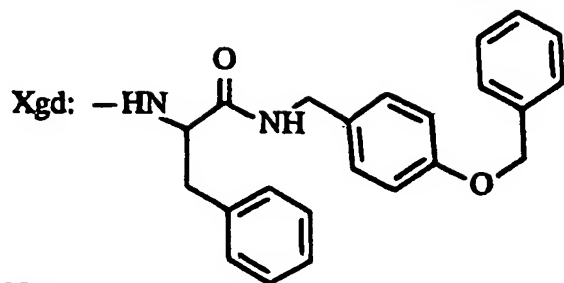


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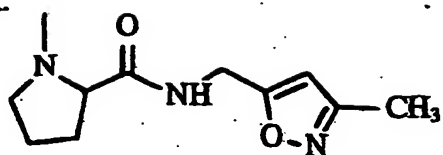


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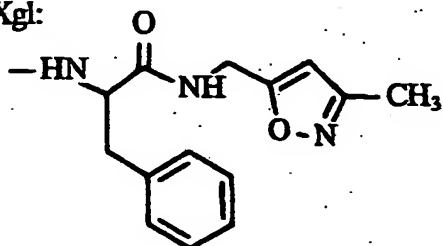


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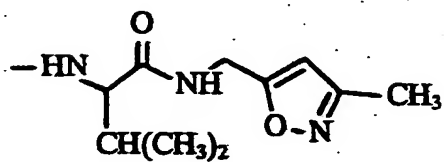
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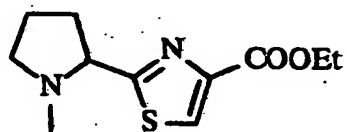
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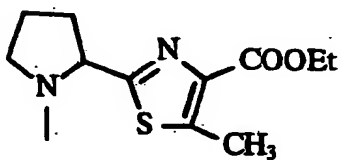
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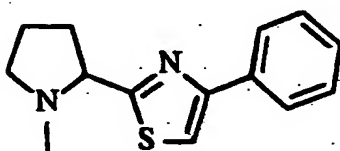
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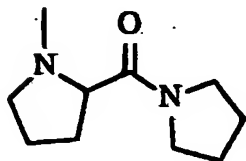
Xgo:



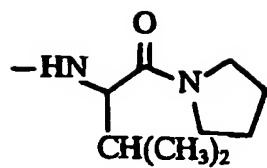
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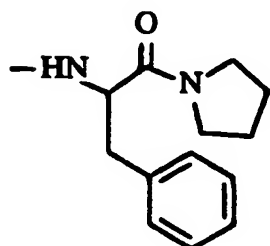
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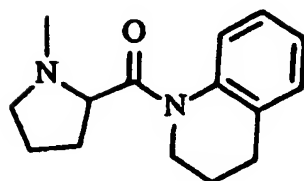
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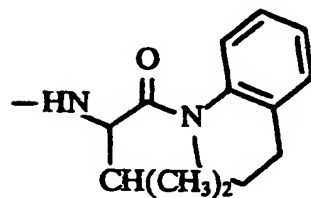
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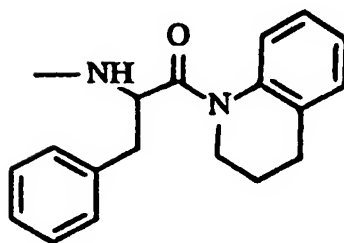
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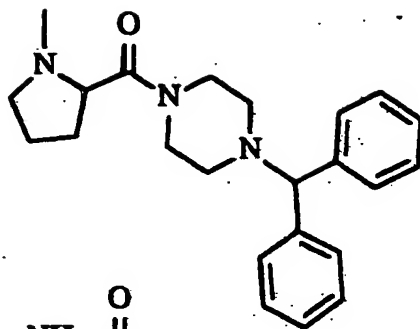


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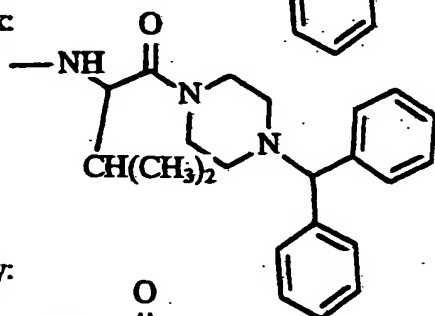


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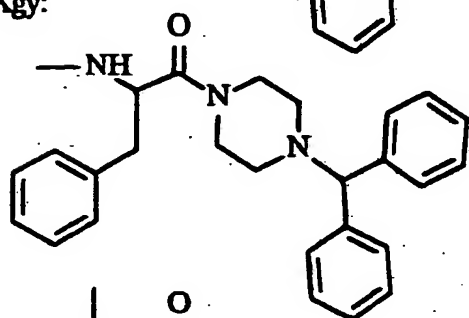
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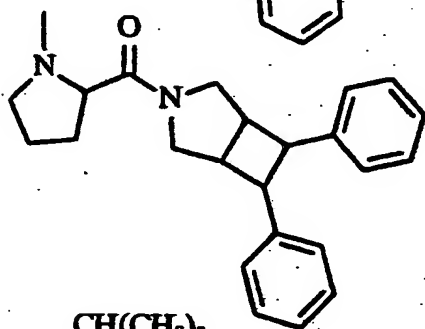
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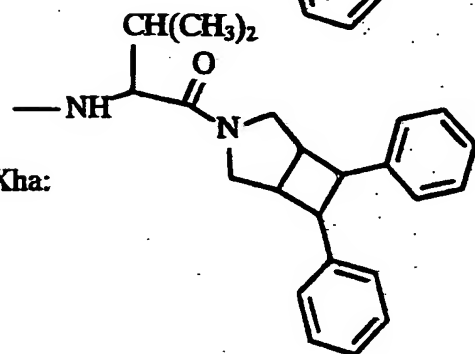
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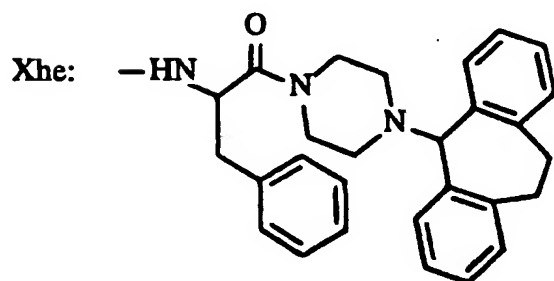
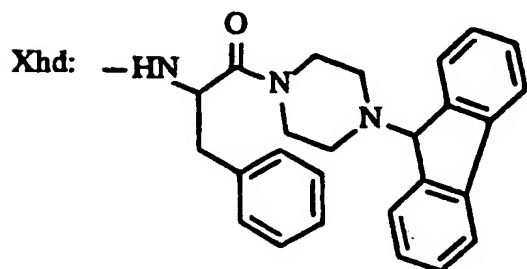
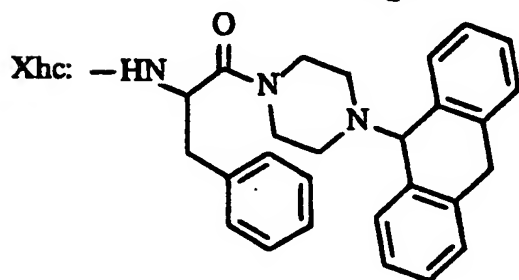
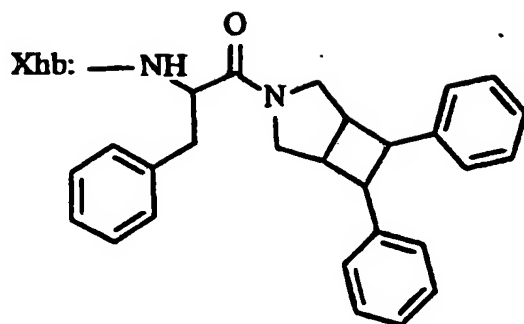
Xgz:



Xha:



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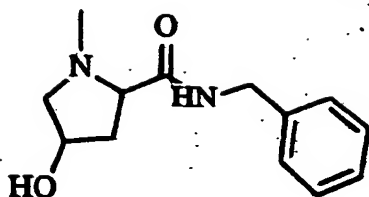
Xhf: N-Methyl-2-tert-butylglycine

Xhg: N-Methyl-3-tert-butylalanine

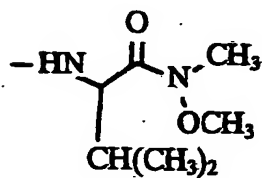
Xhh: N-Ethylvaline

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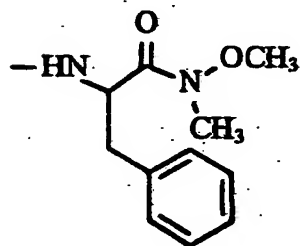
Xhi:



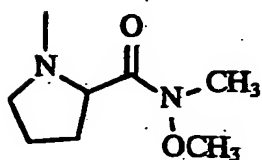
Xhk:



Xhl:



Xhm:



Xhn: N-Ureyl-valine

Xho: N,N-Dimethylphenylalanine

Xhp: N,N-Diethylphenylalanine

Xhq: N,N-Dipropylphenylalanine

Xhr: Hydroxyproline

Xhs: 3-Thienylalanine

Xht: N,N-Dimethyl-3-cyclohexyl-alanine

Xhu: N,N-Diethyl-3-cyclohexyl-alanine

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Xhv: N-Methyl-N-isopropyl-  
tert.-leucine

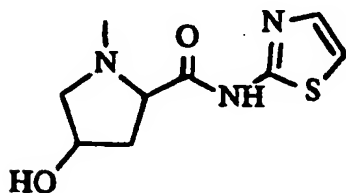
Xhw: N-Methyl-N-isopropyl-  
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Xhx: N-Methyl-N-isopropyl-  
isoleucine

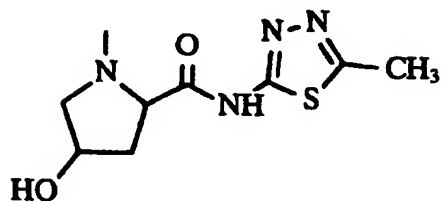
Xhy: N-Methyl-3-cyclohexyl-  
alanine

Xhz: N-Methyl-phenylalanine

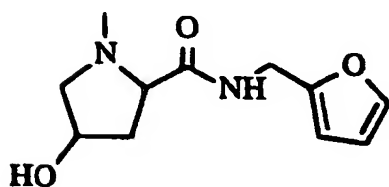
Xia:



Xib:

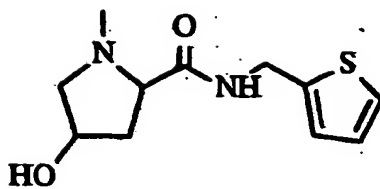


Xic:

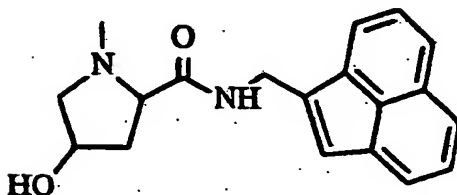


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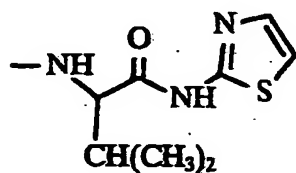
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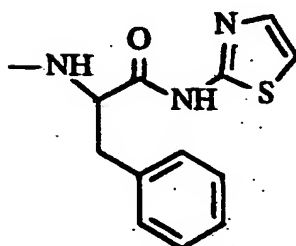
Xhi:



Xif:



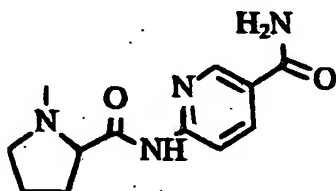
Xig:



Xih: 2-Cyclohexylglycine

Xii: N-Methyl-2-cyclohexylglycine

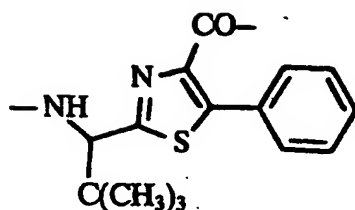
Xik:





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Xil:



- Xim: N-Methylaminosulfonyl-valine  
 Xin: N-tert.butylaminosulfonyl-valine  
 Xio: N-Morpholinosulfonyl-valine  
 Xip: N-Benzoyloxycarbonyl-valine  
 Xiq: N-tert.Butyloxycarbonyl-valine  
 Xir: Phenylalanine-methylester  
 Xis: Phenylalanine-ethylester  
 Xit: Phenylalanine-benzylester  
 Xiu: Phenylalanine-tert.butylester  
 Xiv: Valine-benzylester  
 Xiw: Valine-methylester  
 Xix: Valine-ethylester  
 Xiy: Valine-tert.butylester  
 Xiz: Proline-benzylester  
 Xka: Proline-methylester  
 Xkb: Proline-ethylester  
 Xkc: Proline-tert.butylester  
 Xkd: N-Lactyl-valine  
 Xke: N-Methylsulfonyl-valine  
 Xkf: N-Methyl-N-methylsulfonyl-valine  
 Xkg: N-Tosyl-valine  
 Xkh: N-Phthalyl-valine

The ending -NH<sub>2</sub> has the meaning that the C-terminal amino acid is in its amide form.

- 5 Compounds of this invention may be assayed for anti-cancer activity by conventional methods, including for example, the methods described below.

A. In vitro methodology

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Cytotoxicity may be measured using a standard methodology for adherent cell lines such as the microculture tetrazolium assay (MTT). Details of this assay have been published (Alley, MC et al, Cancer Research 48:589-601, 1988). Exponentially growing cultures of tumor cells such as the HT-29 colon carcinoma or LX-1 lung tumor are used to make microtiter plate cultures. Cells are seeded at 5000-20,000 cells per well in 96-well plates (in 150 µl of media), and grown overnight at 37°C. Test compounds are added, in 10-fold dilutions varying from 10<sup>-4</sup> M to 10<sup>-10</sup> M. Cells are then incubated for 48 hours. To determine the number of viable cells in each well, the MTT dye is added (50 µl of 3 mg/ml solution of 3-(4,5-dimethylthiazol-2-yl)-2,5-diphenyltetrazolium bromide in saline). This mixture is incubated at 37°C for 5 hours, and then 50 µl of 25 % SDS, pH2 is added to each well. After an overnight incubation, the absorbance of each well at 550 nm is read using an ELISA reader. The values for the mean +/- SD of data from replicated wells are calculated, using the formula % T/C (% viable cells treated/control).

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$$\frac{\text{OD of treated cells}}{\text{OD of control cells}} \times 100 = \% \text{ T/C}$$

- 35 The concentration of test compound which gives a T/C of 50 % growth inhibition was designated as the IC<sub>50</sub>.

B. In vivo methodology

- 40 Compounds of this invention may be further tested in any of the various pre-clinical assays for in vivo activity which are indicative of clinical utility. Such assays are conducted with nude mice into which tumor tissue, preferably of human origin, has been transplanted ("xenografted"), as is well known in this field. Test compounds are evaluated for their anti-tumor efficacy following administration to the xenograft-bearing mice.

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More specifically, human tumors which have been grown in athymic nude mice are transplanted into new recipient animals, using tumor fragments which are about 50 mg in size. The day of transplantation is designated as day 0. Six to ten days later, mice 5 are treated with the test compounds given as an intravenous or intraperitoneal injection, in groups of 5-10 mice at each dose. Compounds were given daily for 5 days, 10 days or 15 days, at doses from 10-100 mg/kg body weight. Tumor diameters and body weights were measured twice weekly. Tumor volumes are calculated 10 using the diameters measured with Vernier calipers, and the formula:

$$(\text{length} \times \text{width}^2)/2 = \text{mg of tumor weight}$$

15 Mean tumor weights are calculated for each treatment group, and T/C values determined for each group relative to the untreated control tumors.

The novel compounds of the present invention show good in vitro 20 activity in the above mentioned assay systems and antitumor activity in the above mentioned in vivo system.

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## SEQUENCE LISTING

## (1) GENERAL INFORMATION

## (i) APPLICANT:

- (A) BASF Aktiengesellschaft
- (B) STREET: Carl-Bosch-Strasse 38
- (C) CITY: Ludwigshafen
- (E) COUNTRY: Bundesrepublik Deutschland
- (F) ZIP: W-6700
- (G) TELEPHONE: 0621/6048526
- (H) TELEFAX: 0621/6043123
- (I) TELEX: 1762175170

(ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: Novel peptides, the preparation and use thereof

(iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 57

## (iv) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

- (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Diskette, 3,5 inch, 2 DD
- (B) COMPUTER: IBM AT-compatible, 80286 processor
- (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: MS-DOS version 5.0
- (D) SOFTWARE: WordPerfect version 5.1

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 1:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 1:

Xaa Val Val Xaa Val Pro Pro Val Phe  
1 5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 2:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 5 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 2:

Xaa Val Xaa Pro Xaa  
1 5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 3:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 3:

Xaa Val Xaa Pro Pro Val Phe  
1 5

111

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 4:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 4:

Xaa Val Xaa Pro Pro Val Xaa

1

5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 5:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 5:

Xaa Val Xaa Pro Pro Val His

1

5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 6:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 6:

Xaa Xaa Xaa Pro Pro Val Trp

1

5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 7:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 7:

Xaa Val Xaa Pro Pro Xaa Phe

1

5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 8:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 8:

Xaa Val Xaa Pro Pro Ile Phe

1

5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 9:

**(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:**

(A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 9:

Xaa Val Xaa Pro Xaa Val Phe  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 10:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids

(B). TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 10:

Xaa Val Xaa Xaa Pro Val Phe  
1 5

**(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 11:**

**(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:**

(A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 11:

Xaa Val Xaa Pro Pro Val Phe  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 12:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 12:

Xaa Xaa Pro Pro Val Phe  
1 5

**(2) INFORMATION FOR SEO ID NO: 13:**

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEO ID. NO: 13:

Xaa Ile Xaa Pro Pro Val Phe  
1 5



## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 19:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 19:

Xaa Val Xaa Pro Pro Val

1

5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 20:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 20:

Xaa Xaa Xaa Pro Pro Val

1

5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 21:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 21:

Xaa Val Xaa Xaa Pro Val

1

5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 22:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 22:

Xaa Val Xaa Pro Xaa Val

1

5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 23:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 4 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 23:

Xaa Val Xaa Xaa

1



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- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 24:
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 5 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 24:

Xaa Xaa Xaa Pro Pro  
1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 25:
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 4 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 25:

Xaa Xaa Pro Pro  
1

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 26:
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 4 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 26:

Xaa Val Xaa Pro  
1

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 27:
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 5 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 27:

Xaa Xaa Xaa Pro Xaa  
1 5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 28:
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 28:

Xaa Val Xaa Pro Pro Val Xaa  
1 5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 29:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 5 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 29:

Xaa Xaa Pro Pro Val  
1 5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 30:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 30:

Xaa Val Pro Pro Val Phe  
1 5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 31:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 4 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 31:

Xaa Val Pro Pro  
1

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 32:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 4 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 32:

Xaa Xaa Pro Xaa  
1

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 33:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 33:

Xaa Val Xaa Pro Xaa Phe  
1 5

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- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 34:  
    (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
        (A) LENGTH: 5 amino acids  
        (B) TYPE: amino acid  
        (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
    (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
    (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 34:

Xaa Xaa Pro Pro Xaa  
1                    5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 35:  
    (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
        (A) LENGTH: 5 amino acids  
        (B) TYPE: amino acid  
        (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
    (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
    (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 35:

Xaa Xaa Pro Xaa Phe  
1                    5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 36:  
    (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
        (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids  
        (B) TYPE: amino acid  
        (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
    (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
    (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 36:

Xaa Val Xaa Pro Pro Phe Phe  
1                    5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 37:  
    (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
        (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids  
        (B) TYPE: amino acid  
        (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
    (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
    (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 37:

Xaa Val Xaa Pro Pro Xaa Xaa  
1                    5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 38:  
    (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
        (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids  
        (B) TYPE: amino acid  
        (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
    (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
    (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 38:

Xaa Val Xaa Pro Pro Leu Phe  
1                    5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 39:  
    (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
        (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids  
        (B) TYPE: amino acid  
        (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
    (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
    (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 39:

Xaa Val Xaa Pro Pro Ile Phe  
1                    5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 40:  
    (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
        (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids  
        (B) TYPE: amino acid  
        (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
    (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
    (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 40:

Xaa Val Xaa Pro Pro Val Ala  
1                    5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 41:  
    (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
        (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids  
        (B) TYPE: amino acid  
        (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
    (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
    (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 41:

Xaa Xaa Xaa Pro Pro Val Phe  
1                    5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 42:  
    (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
        (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids  
        (B) TYPE: amino acid  
        (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
    (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
    (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 42:

Xaa Xaa Xaa Pro Pro Val  
1                    5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 43:  
  (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
    (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids  
    (B) TYPE: amino acid  
    (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
  (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
  (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 43:

Xaa Val Xaa Pro Pro Val Phe  
  1                          5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 44:  
  (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
    (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids  
    (B) TYPE: amino acid  
    (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
  (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
  (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 44:

Xaa Val Xaa Pro Pro Val  
  1                          5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 45:  
  (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
    (A) LENGTH: 5 amino acids  
    (B) TYPE: amino acid  
    (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
  (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
  (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 45:

Xaa Ile Xaa Pro Xaa  
  1                          5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 46:  
  (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
    (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids  
    (B) TYPE: amino acid  
    (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
  (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
  (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 46:

Xaa Val Xaa Pro Xaa Val  
  1                          5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 47:  
  (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
    (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids  
    (B) TYPE: amino acid  
    (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
  (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
  (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 47:

Xaa Val Xaa Pro Xaa Leu Phe  
1                  5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 48:  
  (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
    (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids  
    (B) TYPE: amino acid  
    (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
  (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
  (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 48:

Xaa Val Xaa Pro Xaa Xaa  
1                  5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 49:  
  (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
    (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids  
    (B) TYPE: amino acid  
    (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
  (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
  (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 49:

Xaa Leu Xaa Pro Pro Xaa  
1                  5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 50:  
  (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
    (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids  
    (B) TYPE: amino acid  
    (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
  (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
  (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 50:

Xaa Leu Xaa Pro Pro Xaa  
1                  5

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## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 51:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 51:

Xaa Lys Xaa Pro Pro Val Phe

1

5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 52:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 52:

Xaa Lys Xaa Pro Pro Val

1

5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 53:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 5 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 53:

Xaa Lys Xaa Pro Pro

1

5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 54:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 5 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 54:

Xaa Lys Xaa Pro Xaa

1

5

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- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 55:  
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
    (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids  
    (B) TYPE: amino acid  
    (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 55:

Xaa Xaa Xaa Pro Pro Val  
1                    5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 56:  
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
    (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids  
    (B) TYPE: amino acid  
    (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 56:

Xaa Xaa Xaa Pro Pro Val Phe  
1                    5

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 57:  
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
    (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids  
    (B) TYPE: amino acid  
    (D) TOPOLOGY: linear  
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 57:

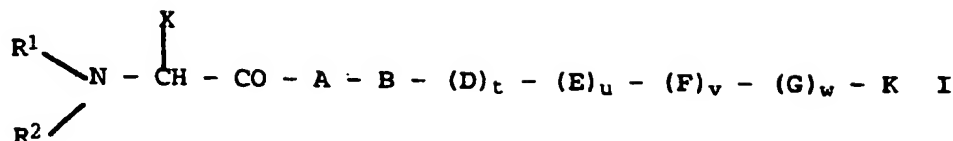
Xaa Val Xaa Pro Pro Val Lys  
1                    5 --.



**We claim:**

1. A peptide of the formula I

5



10

where

15 R<sup>1</sup> is alkoxy; alkyl; cycloalkyl; alkylsulfonyl;  
fluoroalkyl; trifluoroacetyl; amidino; ureyl;  
piperidinosulfonyl; morpholinosulfonyl; benzyl-  
oxycarbonyl; alkylloxycarbonyl; aminosulfonyl  
which may be substituted by alkyl; hydroxy;  
arylsulfonyl which may be substituted by one or  
20 more substituents independently selected from  
alkyl, -N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, nitro, halogen and CF<sub>3</sub>; benzyl  
which may be substituted by up to three substi-  
tuents independently selected from alkyl,  
alkoxy, nitro, halogen and CF<sub>3</sub>; or NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup> where R<sup>3</sup>  
and R<sup>4</sup> may each be either hydrogen or alkyl;

30 R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen; alkyl; fluoroalkyl; cycloalkyl; acyl; benzoyl or benzyl which may both be substituted by up to three substituents independently selected from nitro, halogen, CF<sub>3</sub>, alkyl and alkoxy

35 R<sup>1</sup>-N-R<sup>2</sup> together may be phthalimido, a 5- or 6-membered heterocycle which may be unsubstituted or substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from phenyl, benzyl, alkyl, N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, nitro, thienyl, CONH<sub>2</sub>, and COOEt

40 A is a valyl, isoleucyl, leucyl, allo-isoleucyl,  $\alpha$ -aminoisobutanoyl, 3-tert-butylalanyl, 2-tert-butylglycyl, 3-cyclohexylalanyl, 2,4-diaminobutanoyl, ornithyl, lysyl, 2-ethylglycyl, 2-cyclohexylglycyl, norleucyl, norvalyl or arginyl residue;

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B is a N-alkyl-valyl, -norvalyl, -leucyl; -isoleucyl, -2-tert-butylglycyl, -3-tert-butylalanyl, -3-cyclohexylalanyl, -phenylalanyl, or -2-cyclohexylglycyl residue;

5

D, E, F and G are independently selected from the group consisting of prolyl, homo-prolyl, hydroxyprolyl, thiazolidinyl-4-carbonyl, 1-aminopentyl-1-carbonyl, valyl, 2-tert-butylglycyl, isoleucyl, leucyl, 3-cyclohexylalanyl, phenylalanyl, N-methyl-phenylalanyl, tetrahydroisoquinolyl-2-carbonyl, 3-thiazolylalanyl, 3-thienylalanyl, histidyl, 1-aminoindyl-1-carbonyl, 2,4-diaminobutanoyl, arginyl, 3-pyridylalanyl, 3-tert-butylalanyl, 2-cyclohexylglycyl, lysyl, norvalyl, norleucyl and 3-naphthylalanyl residues

10

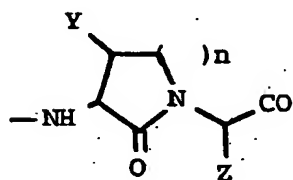
15

X is hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, -CH<sub>2</sub>-cyclohexyl or arylalkyl

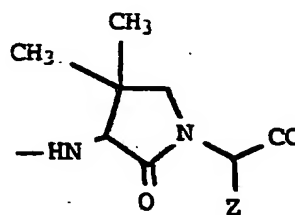
20

A and B together, F and G together, R<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup>N-CHX-CO and A together, E and F together, either alone or in pairs, may be

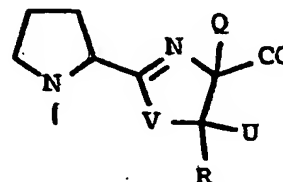
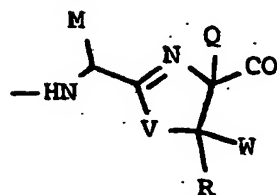
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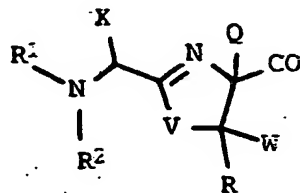
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where Y is hydrogen or lower alkyl; Z is hydrogen or lower alkyl; n is 1, 2, or 3; V is oxygen or sulfur; M is hydrogen, lower alkyl, arylalkyl, cyclohexyl, or  $-\text{CH}_2\text{-cyclohexyl}$ ; Q is hydrogen; R is hydrogen or lower alkyl; or R and Q may together form a bond; U is hydrogen, lower alkyl, phenyl, or cycloalkyl; and W is hydrogen, lower alkyl or phenyl;

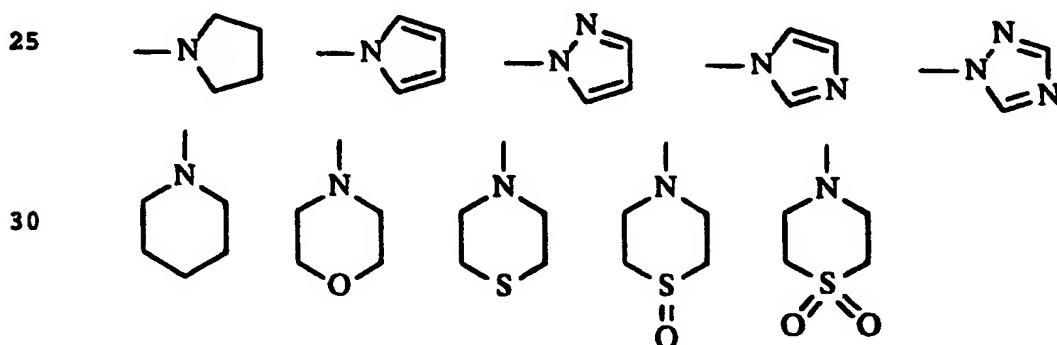
t, u, v, and w are independently 0 or 1; and

K is hydroxy, alkoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy or a substituted or unsubstituted amino moiety;

provided that where t, u, v and w are 0, K is not a hydroxy, alkoxy, benzyloxy or phenoxy moiety; and further provided that where t, u and v are 0, K is not a hydroxy or alkoxy moiety;

and the salts thereof with physiologically tolerated acids.

2. Compounds of formula I according to claim 1 wherein  $\text{R}^1\text{-N-R}^2$  is phthalimido or a 5- or 6-membered heterocycle of the formula



which may be unsubstituted or substituted with one or more substituents which may independently be selected from phenyl, benzyl, alkyl,  $\text{N}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ , nitro, thienyl, oxo,  $\text{CONH}_2$  and  $\text{COOEt}$ ;

3. Compounds of formula I according to claim 1 wherein K is an amino moiety of the formula  $\text{R}^5\text{-N-R}^6$  wherein

$\text{R}^5$  is hydrogen, or hydroxy, or  $\text{C}_{1-7}$ -alkoxy, or benzyloxy, or  $\text{C}_{1-7}$ -alkyl, or fluoroalkyl, or  $\text{C}_{3-7}$ -cycloalkyl, or benzyl which may be substituted by up to three substituents

which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, halogen or C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl

- 5      R<sup>6</sup> is H, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3-7</sub>-cycloalkyl, or fluoroalkyl, or phenyl (which may be substituted by up to three substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl which may form a cyclic system, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or
- 10      benzyl (which may be substituted by up to three substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl which may form a cyclic system, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or
- 15      naphthyl (which may be substituted by up to two substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, benzoxy, phenoxy, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or
- 20      benzhydryl (which may be substituted by up to two substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or
- 25      biphenyl (which may be substituted by up to two substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or
- 30      triphenylmethyl (which may be substituted by up to three substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or
- 35      benzhydrylethyl (which may be substituted by up to two substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or
- 40      benzhydrylmethyl (which may be substituted by up to two substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or
- 45      naphthylmethyl (which may be substituted by up to two substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or
- acenaphthyl (which may be substituted by up to two substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or
- acenaphthylmethyl (which may be substituted by up to two

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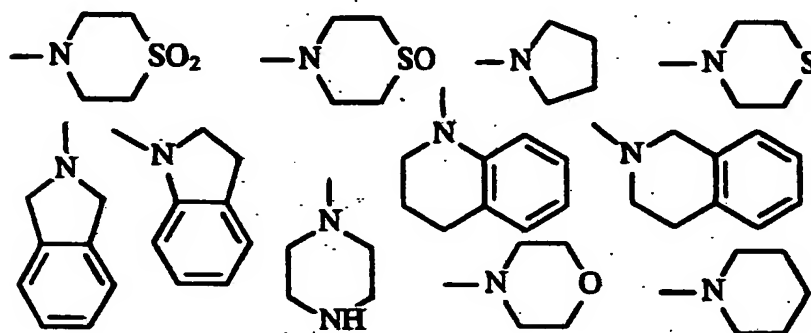
- substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or
- 5 pyridyl (which may be substituted by up to two substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or
- 10 picolyl (which may be substituted by up to two substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or
- 15 benzothiazolyl (which may be substituted by up to two substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or
- 20 benzisothiazolyl (which may be substituted by up to two substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or
- 25 benzopyrazolyl (which may be substituted by up to two substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or
- 30 benzoxazolyl (which may be substituted by up to two substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or
- 35 fluorenyl (which may be substituted by up to two substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or
- 40 aminofluorenyl (which may be substituted by up to two substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or
- pyrimidyl (which may be substituted by up to two substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, COOEt, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl which may form a cyclic system, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, or C<sub>1-7</sub>-alkyl-sulfonyl), or
- 45 5-membered heteroaryl (which may be substituted by up to three substituents which may independently be CF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, halogen, cyano, COOMe, COOEt, thiomethyl, thioethyl, thiophenyl, picolyl, acetyl, -CH<sub>2</sub>-COOEt, CONH<sub>2</sub>, CONHBzl, CON(Bzl)<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl which may form a cyclic system, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, phenyl (which may be substituted by up to four substituents which may indepen-

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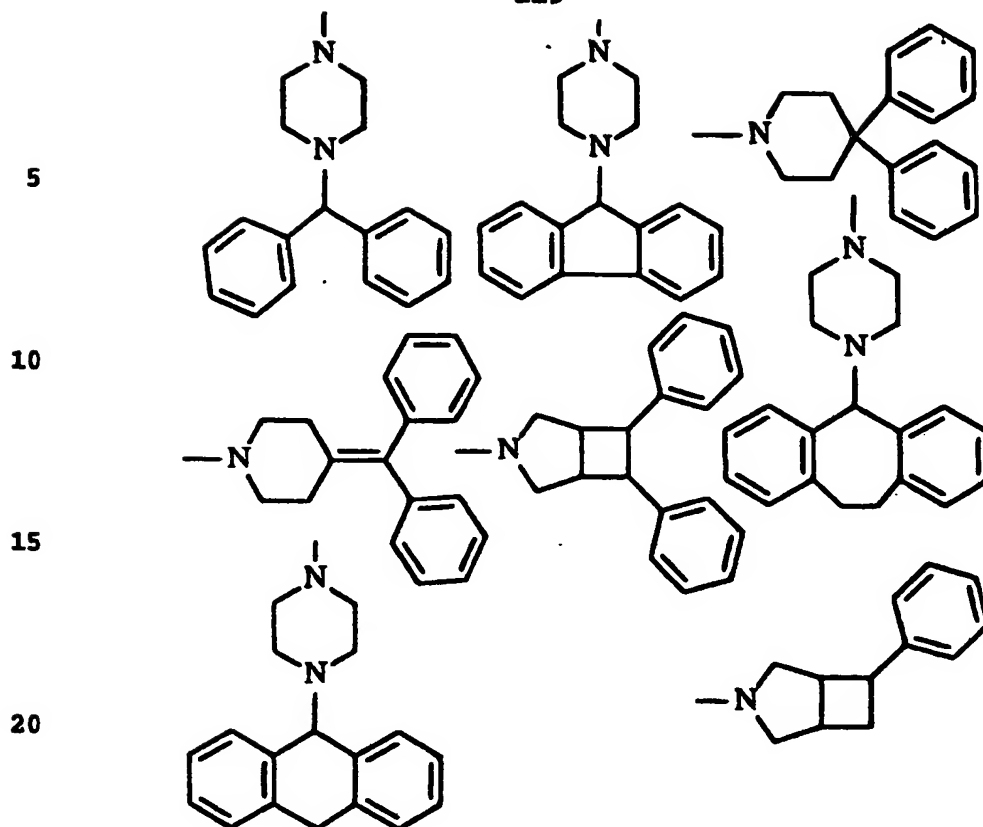
dently be nitro,  $\text{CF}_3$ , halogen, or  $\text{C}_{1-4}$ -alkyl), benzyl (which may be substituted by up to four substituents which may independently be nitro,  $\text{CF}_3$ , halogen,  $\text{C}_{1-4}$ -alkyl, naphthyl,  $\text{C}_{1-7}$ -alkyl-sulfonyl, phenylsulfonyl, or  $\text{C}_{1-4}$ -dialkylamino)], or

-CHR<sup>7</sup>-5-membered heteroaryl (which may be substituted by up to two substituents which may independently be  $\text{CF}_3$ , nitro, halogen,  $\text{CONHBzl}$ ,  $\text{CON(Bzl)}_2$ ,  $\text{COOMe}$ ,  $\text{COOEt}$ ,  $\text{COOCH(CH}_3)_2$ ,  $\text{CONH}_2$ ,  $\text{COOBzl}$ ,  $\text{C}_{1-4}$ -alkyl,  $\text{C}_{1-4}$ -alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, phenyl, benzyl, naphthyl, or  $\text{C}_{1-7}$ -alkyl-sulfonyl [ $\text{R}^7 = \text{H}$ , linear or branched  $\text{C}_{1-5}$ -alkyl, benzyl; or  $\text{R}^7$  and  $\text{R}^5$  together form a group  $-(\text{CH}_2)_3-$  or  $-(\text{CH}_2)_4-$ ]).

4. Compounds of formula I according to claim 1 wherein K is  $\text{R}^5-\text{N}-\text{R}^6$  which together may form structures selected from the group consisting of



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25 which may be unsubstituted or substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from the group consisting of  $\text{CF}_3$ , nitro, halogen, oxo, cyano, N,N-dimethylamino,  $\text{CONHBzl}$ ,  $\text{CON(Bzl)}_2$ ,  $\text{C}_{1-6}$ -alkyl,  $\text{C}_{3-4}$ -alkylen group forming an annelated ring system,  $\text{C}_{1-4}$ -alkoxy, phenoxy, benzoxy, naphthyl, pyrimidyl,  $\text{COOEt}$ ,  $\text{COOBzl}$ ,  $\text{C}_{3-6}$ -cycloalkyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl, thienyl, pyrrolyl,  $-\text{CH}_2-\text{CO}-\text{NCH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ,  $-\text{CH}_2-\text{CO}-\text{N}(\text{CH}_2)_4$ ,  $-\text{CH}_2-\text{CO}-\text{N}(\text{CH}_2)_4\text{O}$ , benzyl (which may be substituted by up to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of nitro, halogen,  $\text{CF}_3$ , thiomethyl or the corresponding sulfoxide or sulfone, thioethyl or the corresponding sulfoxide or sulfone,  $\text{C}_{1-4}$ -alkyl, and  $\text{C}_{1-4}$ -alkoxy), and phenyl (which may be substituted by up to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of nitro, halogen,  $\text{CF}_3$ , thiomethyl, thioethyl,  $\text{C}_{1-4}$ -alkyl, and  $\text{C}_{1-4}$ -alkoxy).

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5. Compounds of formula I according to claim 1 wherein t, u, v, and w are zero and K is not an hydroxy, benzoxy, phenoxy or alkoxy moiety.

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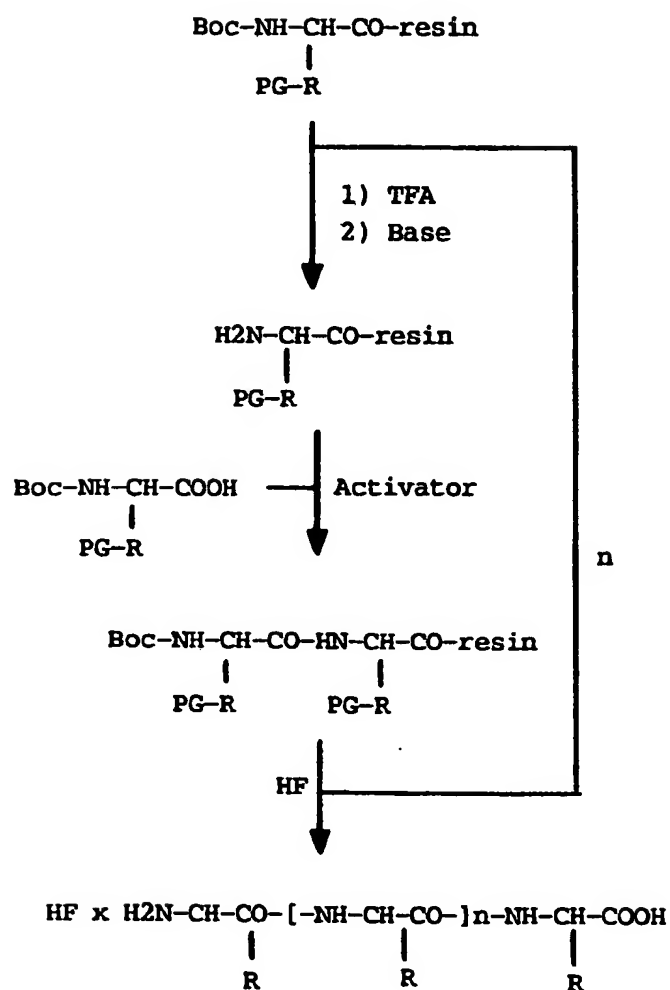
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6. Compounds of formula I according to claim 1 wherein t, u, and v are zero and K is not an hydroxy or alkoxy moiety.
7. Compounds of formula I according to claim 1 wherein t, u, v and w are 1 and K is a hydroxy, alkoxy, phenoxy or benzyloxy moiety.
8. Compounds of formula I according to claim 1 wherein t, u and v are 1, w is 0 and K is a hydroxy, alkoxy, phenoxy or benzyloxy moiety.
9. Compounds of formula I according to claim 1 wherein t and u are 1, v and w are 0 and K is a hydroxy, alkoxy, phenoxy or benzyloxy moiety.
10. Compounds of formula I or salts thereof for use in medicine in particular for treating oncological diseases.
11. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 1.
12. A method of treating a tumor in a mammal comprising administering to a mammal bearing such a tumor, a tumor-inhibiting amount of a compound of claim 1.
13. The method of preparing compounds of formula I according to claim 1 characterized in that they are prepared according to known methods of peptide chemistry.



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Fig. 1: The Boc protective group technique on a polymeric support



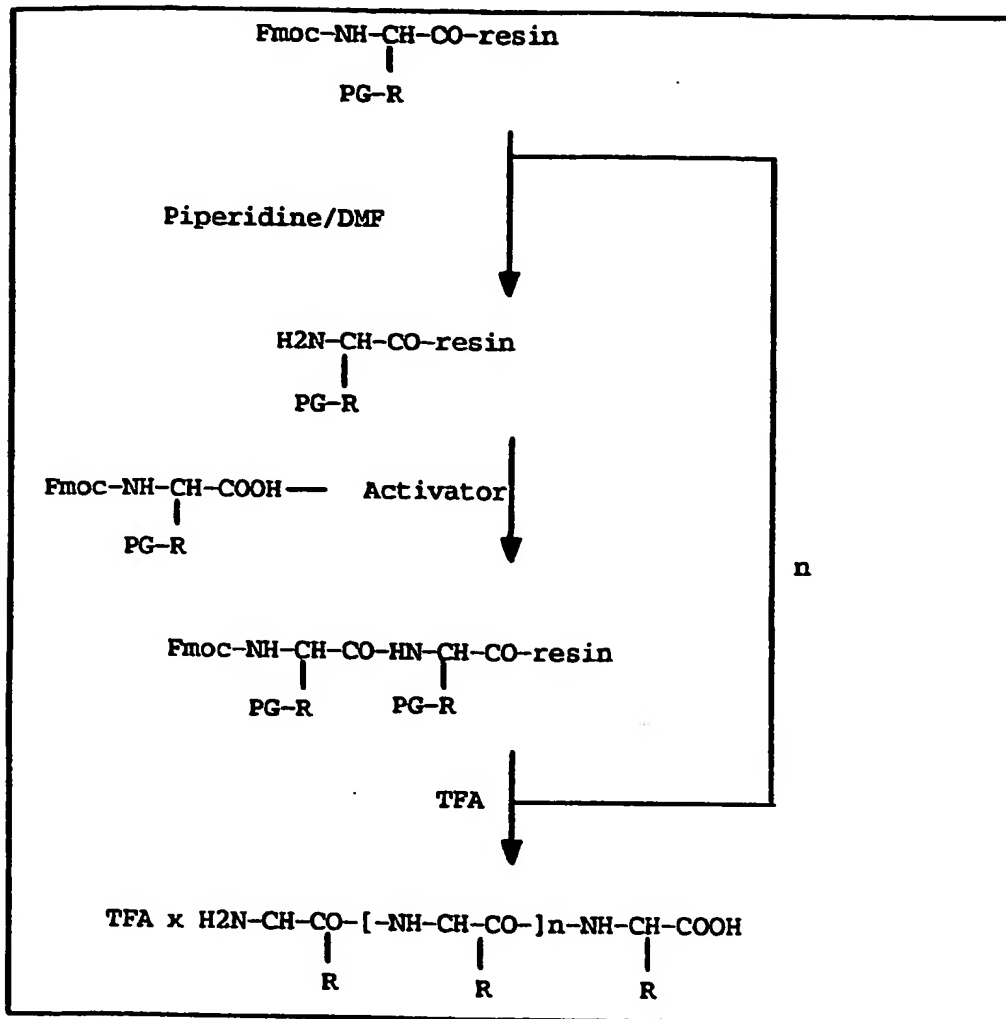
Boc = t-butyloxycarbonyl protective group

PG = side-chain protective group

R = amino-acid side chain

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Fig. 2: The Fmoc protective group technique on a polymeric support



Fmoc = 9-fluorenylmethyloxycarbonyl protective group  
 PG = side-chain protective group  
 R = amino-acid side chain

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

PCT/EP 93/01138

International Application No

<b>I. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER</b> (If several classification symbols apply, indicate all) <sup>6</sup>		
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both National Classification and IPC		
Int.Cl. 5 C07K5/10; C07K7/06; A61K37/02		
<b>II. FIELDS SEARCHED</b>		
Minimum Documentation Searched <sup>7</sup>		
Classification System	Classification Symbols	
Int.Cl. 5	C07K ; A61K	
Documentation Searched other than Minimum Documentation to the Extent that such Documents are Included in the Fields Searched <sup>8</sup>		
<b>III. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT<sup>9</sup></b>		
Category <sup>10</sup>	Citation of Document, <sup>11</sup> with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages <sup>12</sup>	Relevant to Claim No. <sup>13</sup>
A	EP,A,0 398 558 (ARIZONA BOARD OF REGENTS) 22 November 1990 ---	
A	J.AM.CHEM.SOC. vol. 113, 1991, pages 6692 - 6692 PETTIT, G.R. ET AL. 'Antineoplastic Agents. 220. Synthesis of Natural (-)-Dolastatin 15' ---	
A	BIOCHEMICAL PHARMACOLOGY vol. 40, no. 8, 1990, pages 1859 - 1864 BAI, R. ET AL. 'Structure-activity studies with chiral isomers and with segments of the antimitotic marine peptide dolastatin 10' -----	
<p><sup>10</sup> Special categories of cited documents: <sup>10</sup></p> <p>"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance</p> <p>"E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date</p> <p>"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)</p> <p>"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means</p> <p>"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed</p> <p>"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention</p> <p>"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step</p> <p>"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.</p> <p>"&amp;" document member of the same patent family</p>		
<b>IV. CERTIFICATION</b>		
Date of the Actual Completion of the International Search	Date of Mailing of this International Search Report	
26 JULY 1993	14 -09- 1993	
International Searching Authority	Signature of Authorized Officer	
EUROPEAN PATENT OFFICE	HERMANN R.	

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/EP 93/01138

## Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)

This international search report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:

1. ☐ Claims Nos.:  
because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
2. ☒ Claims Nos.:  
because they relate to parts of the international application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful international search can be carried out, specifically:  
See annex.
3. ☐ Claims Nos.:  
because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).

## Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:

1. ☐ As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers all searchable claims.
2. ☐ As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. ☐ As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. ☐ No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international search report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:

Remark on Protest

- ☐ The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.
- ☐ No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/210

The scope of the claims is speculative. A formula consisting virtually of variables which are moreover ill-defined ("heterocycle substituted with one or more substituents...") is hardly a clear and concise definition of patentable subject-matter, or a permissible generalisation which is fairly based on experimental evidence. The search has been limited to the synthesized compounds (examples 1,2, and table on page 75).

See Arts. 5,6 and 17 (2)(a)iiPCT.

EP 9301138  
SA 73653

**26/07/93.**

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
EP-A-0398558	22-11-90	US-A- 4879278	07-11-89
		CA-A- 2012480	16-11-90
		JP-A- 2311496	27-12-90

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